

Moulvi Dilwar Hossein Ahmed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gyebanda, Rungpore, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the Chittagong district.

The 5th November 1878.—Mr. P. Nolan is appointed to act, until further orders, in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors in the 24-Pergunnahs, on being relieved of his appointment as Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Darbhunga.

Baboo Rai Churn Ghose, Fourth Special Commissioner, under the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, is allowed leave for three weeks under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

The 6th November 1878.—Baboo Gopal Chunder Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Burdwan, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Cutwa division of that district.

Moulvi Syed Obedoolah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Aurungabad, Gya, is allowed leave for two months, with effect from the 20th September last, under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

The 7th November 1878.—Mr. A. W. Scanlan, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Rajmehal division of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, until relieved by Mr. S. S. Jones.

Mr. J. F. Bradbury, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Beerbhoom, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he availed himself of it.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code with effect from the 17th ultimo.

Lieutenant G. F. Wilson, R.E., is appointed to be Aide-de-Camp on the personal staff of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal during the absence, on duty, of Lieutenant the Hon'ble R. C. Drummond, or until further orders.

The 8th November 1878.—Baboo Huri Pudo Ghose, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of it.

The 11th November 1878.—The services of Baboo Sree Nath Chatterjee, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector of Hajeeopore, are placed at the disposal of the Commissioner of Patna for employment in the Darbhunga estate.

Baboo Ishur Chunder Paul is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, for employment on survey work in Midnapore.

Mr. A. H. Haggard, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, who returned from furlough on the 9th October last, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the afternoon of the 28th idem, to enable him to join his appointment at Serajgunge, in the Pubna district.

Mr. A. W. B. Power, who reported his return from furlough on the forenoon of the 30th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding twenty-one days from that date, to enable him to join his appointment as Deputy Commissioner, Lohardugga.

Baboo Umbica Churn Roy Chowdhry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagepore, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 in that district.

The 12th November 1878.—Baboo Luchminarain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, employed on special duty in the Tirhoot State Railway, is posted to the district of Darbhunga.

Major Frederick Collingridge, Commandant of the Behar Mounted Rifle Volunteer Corps, is allowed leave for twelve months, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 12th March last.

The services of Major T. B. Michell, Officiating Cantonment Magistrate of Dum-Dum, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, Home Department.

POLICE.—*The 6th November 1878.*—Mr. W. F. Smith is appointed to act, until further orders, in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, and is posted to Patna. This order will take effect from the date of his being relieved of his present appointment as Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Midnapore.

Mr. A. Blair, District Superintendent of Police, is posted to Cuttack.

Mr. F. Graves, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Cuttack, is transferred to Midnapore.

Mr. J. F. Needham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to Backergunge.

Baboo Deno Bundho Sen, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is transferred to Midnapore.

The 7th November 1878.—Mr. J. F. Needham, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, is appointed to act temporarily as District Superintendent of Police in that district, vice Mr. M. B. Rochfort.

The 11th November 1878.—Mr. C. H. C. Sevenoaks, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras, is posted to the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 12th November 1878.—Mr. H. S. Schurr, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras, is posted to Burdwan.

Mr. G. B. Havelock, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, was in charge of the District Police of Dinapore from the afternoon of the 27th June to the afternoon of the 28th July 1878.

REGISTRATION.—*The 12th November 1878.*—Baboo Ananda Chandra Das is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Chittagong during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Kristo Hurry Bose, or until further orders.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Maldah District School Committee:—

Dr. J. O. MacDonnell, Officiating Civil Surgeon, *vice* Dr. Webber.

Baboo Juggobundhoo Khan, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, *vice* Baboo Shoshee Bhoosun Dutt.

The 12th November 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Gya District School Committee:—

Mr. A. H. Giles, District Superintendent of Police.

„ C. A. Mills, District Engineer.

Surgeon W. F. Murray, Officiating Civil Surgeon.

Baboo Sant Prosad, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Mr. R. H. Greaves, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Member and Secretary.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Dinapore District School Committee:—

Dr. U. C. Mookerjee, Officiating Civil Medical Officer.

Baboo Joshoda Nundun Pramanick.

MEDICAL.—*The 5th November 1878.*—Mr. J. B. Baxter, Medical Officer at the Sandheads, is allowed leave for one month, under Sections 12—5, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Bhola Nath Pal, now doing duty at the Campbell Hospital, Sealdah, is appointed to act as Medical Officer at the Sandheads during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. B. Baxter, or until further orders.

The 6th November 1878.—The services of Assistant Surgeon Shoshee Bhoosun Singhee, doing duty at the Campbell Hospital, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

OPIMUM.—*The 11th November 1878.*—Mr. C. J. Graham acted as Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Hajepore from the afternoon of the 27th September to the afternoon of the 12th October 1878.

The 12th November 1878.—Mr. P. J. Luard, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, attached to the Benares Agency, is allowed leave for one month and fifteen days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as he availed himself of it.

ERRATUM.—*The 12th November 1878.*—In the orders of the 28th ultimo, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th idem, antedating the promotion of Mr. A. Forbes, for “to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, read to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade.”

The following Notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette*:—

No. 172.—*The 1st November 1878.*—Mr. R. T. Greer, c.s., Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner, now on special duty at Shillong, is retransferred to the district of Kumrup, and is posted to the head-quarters station of that district.

No. 30.—*The 24th October 1878.*—Under the provisions of Section 37 of Act X of 1872, the Chief Commissioner has been pleased to invest Mr. R. T. Greer, c.s., Supernumerary Assistant Commissioner, with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, with effect from the 10th July 1878.

No. 31.—*The 29th October 1878.*—**ADDENDUM.**—In the notification No. 26, dated the 22nd October 1878, investing Mr. S. T. Douglas, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Sylhet, with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, *after* the words “with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class,” read the words “with effect from the 10th July 1878.”

No. 32.—*The 30th October 1878.*—Mr. R. B. McCabe, Assistant Commissioner, Lakhimpur, is vested with the additional powers specified in Clause a (1), Section 27 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

No. 45.—*The 22nd October 1878.*—Mr. L. Hare, Assistant Commissioner, made over charge of his office at Oachar on the afternoon of the 18th October 1878, in order to join his appointment in Bengal.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 7th November 1878.—In modification of the notification publishing the names of successful candidates for enrolment as Revenue Agents, which appeared in Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd, 9th, and 16th of January 1878, at pages 4, 22, and 37 respectively, the following corrected name is published :—

Division.	District.	Number.	For	Read
Patna	Patna	56	Zahir Hosain ...	Shah Zahurul Hosain.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Kurnool Collector's Office, the 30th October 1878.

Notice is hereby given, under Section 5 of the Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on the 5th October 1878 hidden treasure, consisting of six gold pagodas and 14 gold modas (small pieces of old gold coin), valued at Rs. 45, was found in the old ruined village site of Pullagummi, situated at the distance of a furlong from the new village bearing the same name, by one Sunkulamma, of that village, in Ramallakota talug, Kurnool district. Any person having a claim to the treasure above specified, or any part thereof, is hereby required to appear either personally or by agent before the Collector of Kurnool on the 17th March 1879, and establish his claim thereto on the above date, failing which the treasure will be disposed of under the provisions of the said Act.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Coimbatore, the 2nd November 1878.

Notice is hereby given, that on or about the 24th August 1878 the following treasure was found in the back yard of the house belonging to one Govinda Boyen, of Sadapolliem, a hamlet of Chengapally, in the Erode talug of Coimbatore district. Any person claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, is required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore on the 20th March 1879.

				Value.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
7 East India Company's whole rupees of 1846	...	...	...	7	0	0
1 Rupee of 1876	...	...	...	1	0	0
4 quarter rupees	...	...	...	1	0	0
302 Veeraroyen Fannams	...	...	...	75	8	0
2 half ditto	...	...	...	0	8	0
2 old two-anna pieces	...	...	...	0	4	0
2 old one-anna pieces	...	...	...	0	2	0
Total				85	6	0

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the declaration dated the 23rd February 1877, published at page 416 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th March 1877, for the acquisition of land for the site of a Post Office in mouzah Akbarpore, pergunnah Puchrookly, sub-division Nowdah, in the Gya district, is cancelled.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878. —The following application made by the Commissioners of the Municipality of Darjeeling, under the Public Works Loan Act, 1871, for a loan of one lakh of rupees required for the purpose of improving and increasing the water-supply of the Municipality of Darjeeling, is hereby published for general information :—

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Application made by the undersigned Municipal Commissioners of Darjeeling for a loan under the Local Public Works Act of 1871.

1st.—The loan is required for the following purposes, viz. :—

The increase and improvement of the water-supply of Darjeeling, which is insufficient for the purposes of the station during four months of the year by tapping springs on the western slopes of the Sinchal range ; the estimated cost being Rs. 1,32,000.

2nd.—The amount of the loan applied for is one lakh of rupees (Rs. 1,00,000) the balance of estimated cost being met by a special grant from Government.

3rd.—The security offered for the above loan will be as follows :—

	Rs.
I.—Proceeds of house tax estimated to yield at 7½ per cent. ...	10,500
II.—Horse and pony tax	500
III.—Rent of locations	4,000
IV.—Bazar rents, &c.	15,000
V.—Native village rents	3,000
VI.—Pound fines	500
Total	33,500

4th.—The house and horse tax are levied under Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

The rents of location (with which those of the native villages are to be closed) were first assigned to the use of the Sanitarium in 1838. This was confirmed in 1854, again in orders No. 217 of the 14th January 1864, and finally in the Resolution of the Government of Bengal, dated 27th June 1873.

The bazar rents are derived from buildings erected by the Municipality out of its revenues and situated on land made over to it by Government.

The pound fines were made over to the Municipality under orders dated 14th October 1862, contained in letter No. 3625 from the Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Superintendent of Darjeeling.

5th.—It is proposed to take the whole sum at once, as the works should be completed before the 1st April 1879.

The Commissioners undertake to repay the loan in equal half-yearly instalments together with interest at 4½ per cent. in thirty years, viz. Rs. 3,053-8 on the 1st April and the 1st October in each year.

6th.—As the value of the property owned by the Commissioners annually increases, an estimate framed on a three-years' average would be considerably below its proper value, but the following table shows the actual proceeds of the various sources of income for 1877-78 :—

	Rs.
1. House tax, &c., @ 5 per cent. ...	6,104
2. Horse and pony tax	341
3. Rents, &c.	19,274
4. Location rents, &c.	2,758 (Half-year's col- lection only.)
5. Pound fines	480
6. Commutation money	2,250
7. Miscellaneous	3,452
8. Balance in hand	3,650
Total	38,309

while our expenditure during the same year was :—

	Rs.
Police	3,454
Conservancy	7,996
Establishment	957
Roads	5,702
Buildings	7,014
Charity and education	1,857
Miscellaneous	3,677
Extraordinary (including purchase of lands, re-payment of loan, &c.	7,468
Total	38,123

7th.—The bazar buildings, &c., now valued at Rs. 2,50,000.

8th.—The only prior charge upon any of these sources of income is Rs. 6,500 borrowed under the loan of 1876.

T. H. LEWIN, Major,
Chairman, Darjeeling Municipality.

DARJEELING, the 15th October 1878.

A. MACKENZIE.
HORACE COCKERELL.
W. S. WELLS.
A. W. PAUL.
G. TRUTTIER.
F. S. STANTON.
W. MACFARLANE.
T. BALMER.
R. PHILLIPS.

R. CARTER,
R. O. O'HRIEN,
CHARLES GRANT.
WILLIAM LLOYD.
ILLEGIBLE.
JOHN H. DOYLL.
L. B. S. BAKER.
H. PURVES.

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that under the provisions of Section 32, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exclude from the operation of that Act that portion of the Sonarpore Feeder Road which lies within the limits of the municipality of Rajpore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs. His Honor is further pleased to place the road under the charge of the Road Cess Committee of that district.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF FURTEEDPORE.

The 12th November 1878.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871, (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Furreredpore have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cess on lands under that Act for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1878 at the following rate, being the maximum rate, and the said rate is published accordingly:—

I. Six pice, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th November 1878.—In continuation of the notification dated the 24th September 1872, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th October 1872, the following rules regulating the moving of steam-launches in the port of Calcutta, having received the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under Section 7, Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act), are published for general information:—

RULES.

(1). "All steam-launches plying in the port of Calcutta shall have their steering gear so placed that the men steering the boats can have a clear look-out ahead."

(2). "No steam-launch shall proceed up or down the port inside the moorings at a greater rate of speed than 4 miles an hour."

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Act I (B.C.) of 1868, an Act to make further provision for the survey of steam vessels plying within the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, it is hereby notified for general information that the port of Chittagong, as defined in Government notification No. 517, dated 12th September 1856, and published at page 1476 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th September 1856, is declared to be a port of survey, the provisions of Act V (B.C.) of 1862 being made applicable to it.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 95 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, to fix twelve (12) annas as the yearly rate to be paid by all employers of labour in the Chittagong

and Chittagong Hill Tracts districts for each labourer serving in those districts in accordance with any contract to labour, provided that such labourer has been conveyed to the said districts at the expense of his employer.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of the school building in the village of Radhaballava, pergunnah Munthona, sillah Rungpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 50½ beeghas of standard measurement, and called by the name of the "Cooch Behar land," bounded on the east by the jote and premises of late Raj Chandra Rai; west by the public road; north by the public road and the Baraibari *Khathee*; and south by the public road, is required within the aforesaid village Radhaballava.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 4865A.

The 4th November 1878.—Mr. J. T. Babonau, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Gyebanda, Rungpore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 6th November 1878.—Captain H. Boileau, Cantonment Magistrate of Dinapore, is vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The 7th November 1878.—Baboo Kristo Dhone Chowdry, Moonsif of Manbazar, in the district of Manbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Baboo Debendro Chunder Mookerjee, Officiating Moonsif of Rughoonathpore, in the district of Manbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 11th November 1878.—Baboo Kali Prosonno Mookerjee, Officiating Additional Subordinate Judge, Sarun, having returned to duty on the afternoon of the 23rd ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted him under orders dated the 4th September last is cancelled.

Baboo Gobind Mohun Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sarun, is vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Baboo Sachita Nanda Mookerjee, Sub-Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Baboo Bepin Behari Sen, B.L., is appointed to act as Moonsif of Jajpore, in the district of Cuttack, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Judoo Nath Dass, or until further orders.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 30th October 1878.*—Baboo Parbutty Coomar Mitter, Moonsif of Khurukdiha, in Hazaribagh, in the province of Chota Nagpore, has been allowed nineteen days' leave under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 31st August 1878.

The 2nd November 1878.—Moulvi Toffail Ahmed, Moonsif of Howla, in the district of Chittagong, has been allowed leave of absence for seven days, under Rule 1, Section 31 of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that already granted to him on the 9th September 1878.

The 11th November 1878.—Baboo Govinda Chandra Ghose, Second Moonsif of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, has been allowed privilege leave for one month under Section 31, Rule 1 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st November 1878.

The privilege leave for one month granted on the 19th September 1878, and published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd October 1878, Part I, page 1038, to Baboo Kali Kumar Bosu, Moonsif of Beergunge, in the district of Dinagepore, is hereby extended by fifteen days of sick leave under medical certificate, the whole being treated as leave under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest all excise officers above the rank of peon, and all District Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, and Head Constables of Police in the Orissa Division with the powers described in Section 14 of the Opium Act I of 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the transfer of the head-quarters of the Sub-Registry Office of Devipora, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, from Hansuri to Usti. This change will take effect from the 15th November 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd November 1878.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the transfer of thana Sutahatta, in the district of Midnapore, from the registration sub-district of Maisadal to that of Tumlook. The change will take effect from the 15th November 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd October 1878.—The following revised rules, which have been framed for the guidance of Benches of Magistrates established in Calcutta under section 9 of the Presidency Magistrates' Act IV of 1877 and sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, are published for general information in lieu of those which appeared at page 661 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th May 1877.

1. The Bench shall try such cases as may be referred to it by either of the Stipendiary Magistrates, subject to the provisions of rule 8: provided further that no case triable by the High Court only shall be so referred.

2. Benches shall ordinarily sit for the first hearing of cases on the dates and at the time mentioned below. A special Bench may, however, be convened on any other day by either of the Stipendiary Magistrates.

(Here insert dates and time of sitting.)

3. A Bench shall ordinarily be composed of not less than three Magistrates when they are all Honorary Magistrates, or of two when one of them is a Stipendiary Magistrate and the other an Honorary Magistrate. The Honorary Magistrates will sit in the rotation arranged by the Commissioner of Police, but any Magistrate not named may sit, unless the Chief Magistrate otherwise directs.

The Stipendiary Magistrates shall be *ex-officio* members of benches.

When an Honorary Magistrate, named for a particular day, fails to attend owing to illness or from any other cause, the Chief Magistrate may, at his discretion, summon another member or direct that the Bench may proceed without the absent member; provided that no case set down for hearing before the Bench shall proceed unless a Stipendiary Magistrate, or, in his absence, two Honorary Magistrates be present.

4. The Chief Magistrate shall, if present, officiate as Chairman. In his absence the Junior Magistrate shall, if sitting, officiate as Chairman. In the absence of both the Stipendiary Magistrates, the Bench may elect its own Chairman.

5. The Chairman shall conduct the proceedings of the Court, and exercise all the functions in that behalf usually exercised by a Presidency Magistrate when sitting alone. He shall decide upon the admissibility of evidence, and maintain order in the Court; but it shall be open to any member of the Bench to put any question to the witnesses, either direct or through the Chairman as the latter may deem advisable, and to suggest any matter for the Chairman's consideration.

6. Each member of the Bench shall have a voice in the finding and sentence. In a Bench of three or other uneven number, the opinion of the majority shall prevail. When the numbers are even, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

7. The Chairman shall generally record the evidence and judgment in cases in which a record of evidence and a judgment are necessary; but such duty may, with his consent, be performed by any one of his colleagues.

8. The Bench may hold one or more adjourned sittings, if this be found necessary for the disposal of business, or of part-heard cases; but it shall be open to the Bench at the close of its regular sittings either to refer unheard cases back to the Magistrate under whose order of reference they received them, or to postpone them to some other day as may seem most convenient. Any part-heard case postponed to a further sitting of the Bench may be proceeded with if any member of the Bench has been present at the previous hearing in the case, but subject to the provisions of section 156 of the Presidency Magistrates' Act.

Any part-heard case may, however, be sent back to the Magistrate under whose order of reference it was received, should it appear unsuited for trial by a Bench. In such cases the Magistrate shall recommence the trial.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th October 1878.—In supersession of all previous notifications by which sections of the repealed Code of Civil Procedure (Act VIII of 1859) and of the amending Act XXIII of 1861 were made applicable to the Calcutta Court of Small Causes, the Lieutenant-Governor, under the provisions of Section 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure (X of 1877), extends to the Court the undermentioned sections of the said Code:—Sections 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 90, 137, 192 (with the exception of the last paragraph), 209, 223, 225, 383, 384, 385, 386, and 387.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 5th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a jail at Julpaiguri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, bounded on the north by the Titalya road from Julpaiguri; on the south by the Northern Bengal State Railway; on the east by the jotes belonging to Gyan Nath Koondoo and, Troylucko Nath Banerjee; and on the west by the Boda and Titalya road, giving an area, more or less, of 31 beeghas 12 cottabs and 2 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the village of Khuriah, in the district of Julpaiguri.

This declaration is made, under Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 9th November 1878.

No. 220.—*Posting.*—Mr. J. S. Heyman, Executive Engineer, First Grade, having returned from furlough to Europe, is posted to the Burdwan Division as a temporary measure, or until further orders.

No. 221.—*Notification.*—The services of Mr. C. A. Mills, Assistant Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, attached to the Patna Division, are placed at the disposal of the Road Cess Committee of the Gya district with effect from the 1st April 1878, under the conditions prescribed in the Public Works Code, Chapter I, IV, 5, I, and Civil Pension Code, Chapters VI, 29, 3, and VII, 35.

MILITARY.

The 12th November 1878.

No. 222.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for constructing quarters for the Non-Commissioned Officer of the Khedda Department, Dacca, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land situated in Nawabgunge, within the town of Dacca, measuring, more or less, one beegha one cottah one chittack, and bounded on the north by the Nawabgunge road; south by the Boorigunga river and chur; east by Lalbib's waste land; and west by the road leading to the elephant ghât, is required within the aforesaid town of Dacca.

This declaration is made, under Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Major-Genl., R.E.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATION.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th November 1878.

No. 283.—*Notifications.*—The following notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

"No. 457, dated 31st October 1878.—The following officers are retransferred from Madras Famine Relief Works to Bengal Irrigation Branch:—

Mr. G. H. Faulkner, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.

" J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.

" C. Kamil Cuny, Assistant Engineer, 3rd grade.

" J. A. Beale, junior, temporary Apprentice Engineer, whose appointment will cease on his return to Calcutta."

No. 284.—The following notification of the Government of Madras, Public Works Department, without number or date, is republished for information:—

"Mr. J. P. Scotland, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, privilege leave for one month and 25 days from the 15th June 1878, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in supersession of the leave notified in Public Works Department notification No. 43, published in Part I of the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the 6th August 1878."

No. 285.—*Leave*.—Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Executive Engineer, 1st grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, is granted subsidiary leave for three days, from 20th to 22nd October 1878, both days inclusive, under Section 24 (b), Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 12th November 1878.

No. 286.—*Notification*.—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

No. 473, dated 7th November 1878.—In continuation of Public Works Department notification No. 375, of 2nd September 1878, Colonel F. T. Haig, R.E., Chief Engineer, First Class (temporary rank), is confirmed in that rank with effect from 28th July 1878.

The 16th September 1878.

No. 254.—The following rules, having reference to the Banspattee khall from the lock at the Midnapore Canal down to the Hooghly, have been passed this day by the Lieutenant-Governor under the provisions of Sections 11 and 12 of the "Canals' Act of 1864" (No. V, B.L.C.):—

1. No vessel will be allowed to moor by ropes attached to both banks of the khall.
2. No vessel, any part of whose cargo, hull-rigging, or gear rises above the water to a height exceeding 7½ feet will be allowed to moor on the right or south bank of the khall.
3. All vessels on the left or north bank must moor by ropes head and stern tied to bamboos or mooring posts driven into the bank by the crew and parallel with the bank in one line.
4. No anchor must be dropped within the limits of the navigable channel to which these rules refer, except in case of emergency or to avoid an accident, and the anchor dropped for any such purpose must be removed as soon as the immediate necessity for it has passed.
5. All vessels moored to either bank must be kept as close as possible to the bank.
6. Every person, either personally or by his servant, infringing any of the above rules (1 to 5) shall be liable, under Section 11 of the Canal Act, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for any one infringement, or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 a day for any continued infringement.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

Joint Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irriga. Branch.

Dated 21st October 1878.

No. 274.—*Notification*.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 99 of Act III (B. C.) of 1876, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to pass the following rules for the Sone Canals in supersession of the rules passed in Notification No. 259, dated 1st August 1876:—

The 11th, 18th, and 26th September 1878, and 2nd and 16th October 1878.

A draft of the rules now passed was published as provided in the aforesaid section of the said Act in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the dates noted in the margin.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

RULES UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1876.

1. The Collector, before awarding compensation under section 16, or making a reference under section 17, of the Act, shall obtain the written opinion of the Superintending Canal Officer, which shall form part of the record of the proceedings.
2. Water shall not be granted where, in the opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer, loss from wastage is likely to occur.
3. Water shall not ordinarily be granted where the length of the village channel, from its head to its point of contact with the village boundary exceeds two (2) miles.
4. Water for irrigation shall not be supplied, except through a village channel so constructed and maintained, that, in the opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer—
 - (a)—the water will pass without wastage;
 - (b)—the existing necessary lines of communication, the flow of drainage water, and the passage of water for irrigation, will not be obstructed.
5. The Divisional Canal Officer may withhold or postpone the grant of water to any cultivator whose fields have not been prepared for irrigation by division into compartments not greater in area than one cottah or 1361·25 superficial feet, and by the addition of small water channels as is customary in irrigation from wells.

Rice fields are exempted from the operation of this rule.

6. The above rule shall only apply to those cases in which the non-observance of it has been discovered previous to the first watering of a crop; the water having been once given cannot be withheld for that crop, but a higher rate may be levied as provided in Rule 38.

7. Persons desirous (i) of constructing a village channel, or (ii) of taking water therefrom, or (iii) of taking water from any outlet provided by Government, shall prefer a written application to the Divisional Canal Officer, or to some officer duly authorised by him to receive such applications. In the first case (i), if the application be received by an officer subordinate to the Divisional Canal Officer, it shall be forwarded to him for orders.

8. An application under Rule 7 shall, if granted, and unless otherwise specially agreed upon, be subject to the following conditions:—

(a)—That the water supplied shall not be used for other purposes than irrigation, without the written consent of the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer.

(b)—That the applicants appoint a headman, known or ascertained, to be a substantial person possessed of property, to attend to their interests, to receive and carry out the orders of the Canal Officers, to distribute the water among the shareholders in the village channel according to their shares, and to collect and pay in to the Collector, or other duly authorized person, all water-rates leviable on the lands watered from the village channel. His appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Divisional Canal Officer and of the Collector, and he shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Penal Code.

(c)—That in any case where persons desirous of taking water fail to appoint a headman, or cannot agree among themselves as to the headman, the Divisional Canal Officer shall appoint a headman, whose appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Collector.

(d)—If the Collector and Divisional Canal Officer do not agree as to the appointment of a headman under Rules 8 (b) and 8 (c), the Collector shall refer the matter to the Commissioner of the Division, whose decision shall be final.

(e)—That the headman shall furnish security for the payment of all sums realized by him, the stamp and registration fees on security bonds being deducted from the percentage allowed under Rule 11.

(f)—That for each crop, previous to water being taken for any field, application shall be made in the prescribed form (Appendix A) to the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer or other officer authorized to receive such applications, and that no water shall be taken until after the receipt of a "permit" (Appendix B) from such officer.

(g)—That in any case where the Divisional Canal Officer, owing to the known recusancy of any village, or of any class of cultivators, anticipates that there is likely to be difficulty in the realization of the water-rates, he shall intimate the same to the Collector, in whose option it shall be to require payment of water-rates in advance.

(h)—That any other cultivators in the same village, able and willing to irrigate their lands from the village channel, may, subject to the approval of the Divisional Canal Officer, be admitted as shareholders in it, on paying their proportionate share of the first cost and maintenance thereof, to be determined by the amount of irrigable land held by them.

(i)—That all alterations in the number of shareholders, distribution of shares, or appointment of headmen, shall be reported to the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer for the sanction of the Divisional Canal Officer.

9. The Divisional Canal Officer is empowered to pay to the headman appointed under Rule 8 the fees detailed in the rule next following, subject to the condition of satisfactory performance of duty.

10. The allowance to the headman of a village channel for duties connected with that village channel, such as arranging that it shall be kept in proper repair, seeing that no lands obtain water without a regular "permit," distributing the water to the shareholders, seeing to the outlet being closed according to the orders of the Divisional Canal Officer, and generally assisting the officers of the Irrigation Department, shall be 4 per cent on the amount of canal-water rates assessed on the lands irrigated from the village channel under his charge. The Divisional Canal Officer may retrench the whole or any part of the fees under this rule in the event of the conditions not being complied with.

11. The allowance to the headman of a village channel for collecting the water-rates shall be 4 per cent. on the amount actually paid in by him. If the headman shall satisfy the Collector that arrears have not accrued through any negligence on his part, it shall be within the discretion of the Collector to pay him the allowance on the whole or on any part of such arrears.

12. Contracts between the Divisional Canal Officer on the part of Government and private individuals for the use of water as a motive power, or for any other purpose whatsoever not included in the published schedule of rates, shall, if for any period not exceeding one year, require the previous sanction of the Superintending Canal Officer.

If proposed for longer periods, such contracts shall be submitted for the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor in the Irrigation Department.

13. Tanks may be filled with canal water without charge, and without reference to the area irrigated in any village, whenever water can be made available without injury to the cultivation dependant on any canal, under the following conditions:—

- (a)—No tank shall be so filled unless the water is to be exclusively used for domestic purposes or for watering cattle or both.
- (b)—No tank shall be so filled from which irrigation is practised.
- (c)—No tank shall be so filled which, intercepting any line of drainage, is liable to overflow from accumulation of water derived from natural causes.
- (d)—No tank shall be so filled except on the written order of the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, issued on the written application of the parties concerned.
- (e)—No tank shall be so filled unless the village channel used to fill it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer to be in a sound condition when the application is made.
- (f)—The privilege herein accorded may, by written order of the Divisional Canal Officer, subject to revision by the Superintending Canal Officer, whose decision shall be final, be suspended for twelve months for breach of any of the above conditions.

14. The Divisional Canal Officer may, by written order under section 76 (a) (ii), stop the supply to any village channel when he is satisfied, after inspection by himself or by one of his subordinates, that the village channel is not maintained in proper repair. Immediate report of any such closure, with an explanation of the special ground for stoppage, shall be made to the Superintending Canal Officer.

15. The Divisional Canal Officer may, under section 76 (a) (iii), regulate the distribution of the available water in proportion to the average area irrigated from the several outlets, or in proportion to the quantities of water contracted for, and may close the outlets in rotation as shall be necessary.

Such periodical closures shall not extend beyond ten consecutive days, and shall be notified to the headmen of village channels. For longer closures the authority of the Superintending Canal Officer is required.

Nothing in the above rules shall be taken to affect the power of the Superintending or any Divisional Canal Officer to stop any supply of water in case of pressing emergency.

16. The water-gauges on distributaries, or other channels, shall be held to give authoritative data for all calculations of discharge required to verify claims for remission of water-rate on account of loss of water.

17. Claims to remission of water-rates, under section 76 (b), shall only be admitted on proof of actual loss caused by the stoppage of supply. On proof of such loss, the Divisional Canal Officer may remit the whole or any portion of the rates. All applications for remission of water-rates shall be made in writing by the parties concerned, either in person or through their headman, to the nearest Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, at least seven days prior to the cutting of the crop. On receipt of such application, the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer shall, after due local inquiry, forward the application with his remarks to the Divisional Canal Officer for decision.

18. Before awarding compensation under section 76 (c), the Collector shall obtain the written opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer, and such opinion shall form part of the record of the proceedings.

19. Under section 78 of the Act, the rates chargeable per acre on the different descriptions of crops are fixed for three years, viz. from 1st June 1876 to the 1st June 1879, and are as follow:—

WATER-RATES.
Some Canals.

Class	NATURE OF CROP.	FLOW IRRIGATION PER			LIFT IRRIGATION PER			Per
		Cottah.	Beigha.	Acre.	Cottah.	Beigha.	Acre.	
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	Sugarcane	0 9 6	3 3 0	5 0 0	0 1 3	3 1 4	2 3 4	Crop.
11	Rice, vegetables, water-melons, wheat, barley, cotton, tobacco, indigo, opium, garden and all crops not otherwise specified	0 1 3	1 9 0	2 3 0	0 0 10	1 0 8	1 10 5	ditto.

NOTE.

1 Cottah = 1,361.25 s. feet.
1 Beigha = 27.225 sq. " "
1 Acre = 40,000 " "

20. Up to the 1st June 1879 leases for three years may be granted at the following rates, provided that the area leased in any village shall not be less than the whole irrigable area in the case of khurreef cultivation, or half the irrigable area in that of rubbee cultivation. In the latter case the area must be as far as possible in one block. In certain cases it may, at the discretion of the Divisional Canal Officer, be comprised in two or at most three blocks—

Schedule of Rates.

	For acre.	For beigha.	Per cottah.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Rubbee, including bhadoi	2 4 0	1 6 6	0 1 2
Khurreef	1 8 0	0 15 0	0 0 9

21. Three-year leases will not be granted for sugarcane.
22. By irrigable area is to be understood, as a general rule, the extent of land for which water can be supplied at the rate of 80 acres in khurreef, and 180 acres in rubbee per cubic foot of available supply.
23. Leases for three years at the reduced rates may be given (1) on the application of all the cultivators of a village, on condition of their agreeing in such application to become jointly and severally responsible for the payment of all amounts due on account of water-rates; or (2) on the joint application of the cultivators and of some person hereinafter called the contractor, who may agree to collect and pay to Government, under section 82 of Act III (B.C.) of 1876, all sums which may be due under the application on account of water-rates. The application of villagers binding themselves jointly and severally will be in the form prescribed in Appendix C. The joint application of villagers and a water-rate contractor shall be in the form prescribed in Appendix D. Every application under this rule must be signed by each applicant in the presence of at least one respectable witness.
24. Contractors shall be entitled to collect water-dues at the rates given in the schedule attached to Rule 20 from the cultivators who have applied for the water supplied. Every due from a cultivator to a contractor on account of water-rates shall be deemed a sum due to Government under sections 82 and 83 of Act III of 1876.
25. A contractor (or in case there be more than one, each contractor severally and jointly) shall be responsible for all sums payable on the application (Appendix D), except such sums as may be remitted by competent authority under the rules in force, and shall be entitled to a deduction of 5 per cent. for cost of collection.
26. When the lease under Rules 20 to 25 is for the supply of water to khurreef crops, or to all irrigable rubbee crops in the village, a list in Form E should be submitted with the application, showing the number of each field in the map, the area of the field crop to be grown, and amount payable, and this should be signed by each cultivator. Water will be supplied in accordance with this list during the period of the lease. Similar lists must be submitted each year before water is supplied to rubbee lands when the area leased is less than the whole area of irrigable rubbee land in the village. In such cases the fields receiving water may vary from year to year, but the total area for which the water-rates shall be calculated shall never be less than the area specified in the three-years' lease. Should more land be irrigated than is specified in the three-years' lease, the same shall be chargeable with annual water-rates.
27. No water shall be taken previous to receipt of a permit (Appendix B) signed by the Divisional Canal Officer. When an agreement has been made for the collection of the rates by a contractor, the Divisional Canal Officer shall, under section 82, furnish such contractor with a written authority to collect the amounts due by the cultivators according to the list furnished under Rule 26, one copy of which is to be sent to the Collector.
28. Every contractor shall nominate a headman to be approved by the Divisional Canal Officer to perform the duties specified in Rule 10. Such headman shall receive five per cent. on the assessment, but the Divisional Canal Officer may retrench the whole or any part of these fees if the duties are not properly performed.
29. If only a portion of a field be irrigated, the water-rate shall be chargeable on the whole field, unless such portion shall have been clearly demarcated, previous to the admission of the water, by a ridge not less than half a foot high.
30. When a portion of a field has been irrigated with canal water and a portion with well or reservoir water, the whole field shall be liable for canal water-rate, unless a clearly distinguishable boundary exists between the two portions.
31. If well or reservoir water is conveyed in the same channel as canal water, the whole of the irrigation from that channel shall be liable to canal water-rate. The headman will be held personally responsible for the due observance of this rule and of Rules 29 and 30.
32. Irrigation from natural or artificial escape channels, when the supply is permanent, shall be governed by the same rules as irrigation from other parts of the canal.
33. Irrigation from such channels, when the supply is intermittent, may be allowed at such reduced rates as shall from time to time be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor.
34. Persons irrigating lands from a canal without a written permit for water for such lands, or taking water at times prohibited by proper authority, shall be chargeable with double water-rates on the area irrigated.
35. The charge leviable for water suffered to run to waste on uncultivated lands shall be calculated at the highest rate specified in the schedule, viz., five rupees per acre on the area flooded; provided that in every such case the Divisional Canal Officer may impose a lower rate if he thinks fit. The headman to be held responsible for the collection of the amount of charges so imposed.
36. If mixed crops be grown in the same field, the water-rate shall be calculated on the highest rated crop.
37. When the original crop sown in a field, irrigated by the canal water, fails and is ploughed up, and a fresh crop is sown in the same season, the water-rates shall be levied on the second crop.
38. When a field is irrigated which has not been prepared by division into compartments and by the addition of small water channels as prescribed in Rule 6, an additional charge may be imposed equal to half the amount of water-rate leviable on the field. In each case the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer must certify that the field was not properly prepared for irrigation according to the terms of the rule.

39. The statements of the amounts demandable for water-rates levied under the rules in force shall be prepared under the supervision and signature of the Divisional Canal Officer in such form as shall from time to time be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor.

40. All water-rates shall become due on the dates noted on the "permits," as herein below stated, and shall be paid within one month of such dates :—

Water-rate on sugarcane and spring crops, wheat, barley, peas, poppy, &c.,—15th April.

Water-rate on summer crops, cheena, &c.,—15th August.

Water-rate on bhadoi crops, early rice, Indian corn, murwa, &c.,—30th November.

Water-rate on annual and winter crops, aghani rice, jowar, &c.,—31st January.

41. In the case of lands held in bhaoli, the water-rate shall be recoverable from both the cultivator and the person or persons in receipt of the bhaoli rents, in the same proportion as the produce is divisible amongst them.

42. Collection of all water-rate shall be made by the Collector in accordance with the statement of demands furnished to him by the Divisional Canal Officer.

43. Objections to the demand addressed to the Collector shall, if remission be claimed on the score of short supply or of any matter affecting the Irrigation Department, be referred for orders to the Divisional Canal Officer. The collection of the demand shall not be suspended on account of any such objection.

44. Claims for remission referred by the Collector and admitted by the Divisional Canal Officer shall be reported by him for the sanction of the Superintending Canal Officer.

45. A remission statement signed by the Superintending Canal Officer shall be sufficient authority for a refund by the Collector.

46. If the Divisional Canal Officer reject the claim, an appeal may be made to the Superintending Canal Officer, provided that it is preferred within forty days from the issue of the order of the Divisional Canal Officer.

47. In special cases not otherwise provided for by these rules, and in cases in which water-rates are not recoverable owing to the absconding or bankruptcy of the defaulter, the Collector will obtain the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division to the remission of such sums as he may deem irrecoverable. The details of such remission shall be communicated at the close of each official year to the Divisional Canal Officer.

48. If a cultivator is dissatisfied with the entries made against him in the khatianni, whether as to the fact of the land having been charged "flow" instead of "lift," or as to the measurements and entries of class of crop, he must lodge a complaint, either personally or through the headman of his water-course, with the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer at least seven days prior to the cutting of the crop.

49. No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, pass, or cause any animal or vehicle to pass, on or across any of the works, banks, or channels of a canal or drainage work after he has been desired to desist therefrom, excepting by means of such bridges, fords, and ferries, and their approaches, as are provided by the Divisional Canal Officer.

50. No Canal Officer, unless specially exempted by the Lieutenant-Governor from the operation of this rule, shall have any interest in the distribution of water from any of the canals, or purchase or bid for any Government property sold thereon, either in his own name or in the name of another, or jointly, or in shares with others.

51. The ameen appointed to measure up the area irrigated in any village shall, before leaving it, make over the khuras to a mohurir, who will then compile the khatianni. A copy of the khatianni will be taken by the putwaree, who must as a rule make it himself; but if he cannot from any cause do so, the mohurir must make it, and the putwaree is to be held responsible that he gets a copy.

52. The copy of the khatianni thus made shall be hung up in some conspicuous place in the village, and slips in the prescribed form (Appendix F), showing the amount he will have to pay, area irrigated, &c., shall be prepared by the putwaree and given to each ryot.

53. The allowance to the putwaree for the above work shall be 2 per cent. on the collections, and shall be paid to him by the Collector on his being satisfied that the work has been properly done. No allowance will be made to putwarees in leases granted under Rule 25.

54. The measurements of each crop irrigated shall be made as soon as practicable, and every care should be taken to have the khatianni hung up in the village at least fifteen days before the crop is cut, so that the ryot may make his complaints, if he have any, in good time.

55. In case of any subsequent alteration of the khatianni owing to correction of clerical errors, &c., such alteration shall be at once communicated to the putwaree to enable him to correct the village copy and slips accordingly.

56. The zilladar shall submit his check measurements in a form (Appendix G) which shall be sent in for the inspection of the Divisional Canal Officer. The Sub-Divisional Canal Officer shall also check the ameens' measurements as often as he possibly can. If it be found that any ameen systematically makes wrong measurements, he shall be punished by dismissal, and shall be declared incapable of obtaining further employment under Government.

F. T. HAIG, Col., B. E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

APPENDIX A.

APPLICATION FOR WATER.

No.

Mousah (1)

Pergunnah (2)

Distributary (3)

Village channel (4)

Name of headman (5)

Name of applicant (6)

I, the undersigned, hereby apply for water from the above-named village channel for the fields and crops below detailed, and I engage to pay, through the headman, to the Divisional Canal Officer, or other person duly authorized to receive them, the water-rates according to the published schedules, and I further agree to abide by all the rules issued under the Canal Act.

No. of field
in Revenue
Map.

Acreage of field.

Crop to be grown.

APPLICATION FOR WATER.

No.

Mousah (1)

Pergunnah (2)

Distributary (3)

Village channel (4)

Name of headman (5)

Name of applicant (6)

I, the undersigned, hereby apply for water from the above-mentioned village channel for the fields and crops below detailed, and I engage to pay, through the headman, to the Divisional Canal Officer, or other person duly authorized to receive them, the water-rates according to the published schedules, and I further agree to abide by all the rules issued under the Canal Act.

No. of field
in Revenue
Map.

Acreage of field.

Crop to be grown.

Signature or mark of applicant.

Signature of headman.

Date

NOTE.—This counterfoil to remain with the headman of the village channel.

Signature or mark of applicant.

Signature of headman.

Date

NOTE.—This application to be sent to Sub-Divisional Canal Officer or Zilladar according to the orders issued in the particular case by Divisional Canal Officer.

APPENDIX B.

No.	Permit	of village	to take water from
	Distributary		
	Village channel		
	for the under-mentioned fields and crops.		

No.	Permit	of village	to take water from
	Distributary		
	Village channel		
	for the under-mentioned fields and crops.		

Date _____

Signature of Canal Officer.

NOTE.—To be retained by the headman of the village channel.

[illegible]

Date _____

Signature of Civil Officer.

NOTE.—To be handed by headman of village charged to the const.

APPENDIX C.

Vernacular

Form of applications by villagers for a three years' lease.

Mouzah

Pergunnah

Distributary

Names of applicants

We the undersigned inhabitants of Mouzah Pergunnah hereby apply for water from the above-named distributary to be supplied yearly for three years to the areas given below, being the whole of the irrigable area of khureef in the mouzah and () of the irrigable area of rubbee; and we further apply that the water may be given for khureef to the fields and cultivators shown in the accompanying list, and for rubbee according to lists to be submitted each year previous to water being supplied; and we further jointly and severally agree to pay rates as fixed in the schedule below, and undertake to pay each year the full amount calculated on this area applied for at such rates subject to the provisions of Rules 17, 45 and 47.

Village.	Kind of Class	Area.			Rate.		Amount.		Signature of cultivator.
		B.	C.	D.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
	Rubbee				1	6	5		
	Khureef				0	15	0		

APPENDIX D.

Vernacular or

English and Vernacular

Joint application of villagers and a contractor under section 82, Act V of 1876, for a three years' lease.

Mouzah

Pergunnah

Distributary

Names of villagers

Name of contractor

We the undersigned cultivators of Mouzah Pergunnah hereby apply for water from the above-named distributary to be supplied yearly for three years to the area named below, being the whole of the irrigable khureef land and () the irrigable rubbee land of the above village; and we further apply that water may be given for khureef to the fields and cultivators shown in the accompanying list, and for rubbee according to list to be submitted each year previous to water being supplied; and we further agree to pay rates as fixed in the schedule below subject to the provisions of Rules 17, 45 and 47.

I (contractor's name) agree to collect and pay to Government all sums payable on this application, and request, under section 82, authority to collect these rates according to the certificate to be annually supplied to me by the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer under section 85 of Act III, and I further agree to abide by all rules passed under the Canal Act.

Village.	Kind of class.	Area.			Rate.		Amount.	
		B.	C.	D.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Rubbee					1	6	5	
Khureef					0	15	0	

APPENDIX E.

List of fields and cultivators showing the manner in which water leased under the rule is to be distributed.

We the undersigned cultivators of Mouzah

Pergunnah

request that the water supplied under our applications of

be given to the

fields and cultivators named below during the year ().

No. of field.	Area of field.	Crop.	Amount.	Name.	Signature.

APPENDIX F.

Persha or Slip Form.

Remarks regarding the individual to whom the persha has been given.	Water-rate	Crop	AREA AND KIND OF IRRIGATION.		NUMBER OF FIELD		Date of issue persha.
			Flow	Lift	Number in the Survey map	Number of the Khatrium.	

APPENDIX G.

Zilladar's check measurement Form.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Name of Pergunnah.	Name of Village.	Name of cultivator and his father.	Field Survey No.	Name of amson who measured.	MEASUREMENT ACCORDING TO AMBEN.				CHECK MEASUREMENT				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	REMARKS
					Crop	Flow	Lift	Water-rate.	Crop	Flow	Lift	Water-rate			

RAILWAY.

Darjeeling, the 6th November 1878.

No. 28.—*Notification.*—Baboo Ram Cotty Mookerjee, Manager, Calcutta and South-Eastern and Nalhati State Railways, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 30th October 1878, from the privilege leave granted him in notification No. 56, of the 9th September 1878.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,**Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,**P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.*

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the 24-Pergunnahs, notice is hereby given, under the provisions of Section 4, Act X of 1870, that a survey party is about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Sonarpore via Mugrah Hat to Diamond Harbour.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,**Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,**P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.*

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 28th October 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for public purposes, viz., for the additional works at Barrh Railway Station, in the villages of Bazidpore, Burhadichuck, Gobindpore, Burnampore, pergunnah Azimabad, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for above purposes four plots of land are required as follows:—

Plot No. 1.—Measuring standard $\frac{2}{4} \frac{0}{13} \frac{1}{0} 13A$ bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land belonging to Mussamut Bibee Buratun and others; east by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land belonging to Mussamut Bibee Buratun and others; and west by Luchmun Sahoo and others' land in mouzah Burhadichuck.

Plot No. 2.—Measuring standard $\frac{3}{6} \frac{18}{9} \frac{0}{10} 22A$ bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land of Luchmun Sahoo and others of Burhadichuck; east by Mussamut Bibee Buratun and others' land in mouzah Bazidpore; and west by Luchmun Sahoo and Lalla Hulooman Singh and others' land in mouzah Gobindpore and Burnampore.

Plot No. 3.—Measuring standard $\frac{0}{0} \frac{0}{8} \frac{10}{16} 24A$ bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; on the south by Lalla Hulooman Singh's land in mouzah Gobindpore; west by Lalla Hulooman Singh and Luchmun Sahoo's land in mouzah Gobindpore and Burnampore; and east by Luchmun Sahoo and others' land in mouzah Burhadichuck.

Plot No. 4.—Measuring standard $\frac{0}{0} \frac{0}{1} \frac{4}{11} 11A$ bounded on the north by Lalla Hulooman Singh and others' land of Gobindpore; south by Government public road; east by Hulooman Singh and others' land in mouzah Burhadichuck; and west by the Railway Company's land.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. *Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 29th October 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the districts of Moorshedabad, Nuddea, and Jessore, notice is hereby given under the provisions of Section 4, Act X of 1870, that survey parties are about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Bugwangola *via* Keengunge, Moorshedabad, Berhampore, Kishnagur, Santipore, Ranaghat, Bongong and Jessore to Koolua, and from Bongong *via* Goberdanga, Baraset, and Dum-Dum to Calcutta.

F. S. STANTON, *Lt.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. *Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd October 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for East Indian Railway Barrack purposes, in the village of Rampore Haut, pergunnah Kowarprotab, zillah Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 4 beeghas 10 cottahs and 4 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by village road leading to Chaldoan tank; on the south by Native Bazar; on the east by Adara tank, Kangal Goalaw's house, and Bance Baboo's premises; and on the west by level crossing railway road and Engineer's Office compound, &c., is required within the aforesaid village of Rampore Haut.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. *Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,*
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 9472, dated *Alipore, the 6th November 1878*.—Surgeon D. W. D. Comins made over charge of the Shahabad Jail to Mr. J. W. Edgar, *esq.*, in the forenoon of the 28th October 1878.

No. 9457, dated *the 6th November 1878*.—Surgeon J. C. Fullerton made over charge of the Bhagulpore Jails to Surgeon W. E. Battersby in the forenoon of the 23rd October 1878.

A. S. LETHBRIDGE,
Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

Sheriff's Office, the 30th October 1878.

Notice is hereby given that the Ninth Criminal Sessions of the year 1878, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and, Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the Twenty-fifth day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be then and there to prosecute.

W. J. CURTOYS, *Sheriff.*

শ্রীক জাফিস, সম ১৮৭৮ সাল ৩০ অক্টোবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে শ্রীক বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়াম টাউনের অধীম শহর কলিকাতার ও অমায়ী দ্বানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জমা আগামি সম ১৮৭৮ সালের ২৫শে নবেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পয্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৭৮ সালের নবম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদির বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত দ্বানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

ডবলিউ, জে, কারটয়েস,
শ্রীক।

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

Under Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Narail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Monday, the 18th November 1878. | Tuesday, the 19th November 1878.

Wednesday, the 20th November 1878.

NARAIL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 7th November 1878.

JOHN WESTON, *Judge.*

Under Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshiganj will sit again in the latter Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Thursday, the 21st November 1878. | Friday, the 22nd November 1878.

Saturday, the 23rd November 1878.

AMRITA LALL CHATTERJEE, *Judge, Small Cause Court.*

MUNSHIGANJ SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 8th November 1878.

TREASURY NOTICE.

BABOO ISSUR CHUNDER MITTER, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Midnapore treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. H. PELLEW, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMM. 'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, HOWRAH, the 9th November 1878.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

It is hereby notified that at the next half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Monday, the 18th of November 1878, four local examination committees will be convened in this division—viz. (1) at No. 8, Theatre Road, Calcutta, for officers stationed at the Presidency or employed in the 24-Pergunnahs, (1) at Kishnaghur, for officers employed in the district of Nuddea, (1) at Jessore Sudder Station, for officers employed in that district, and (1) at Berhampore, for officers employed in the Moorshedabad district.

R. L. MANGLES, *Commissioner.*

It is hereby notified that at the next half-yearly examination of Junior Civilians, Deputy Magistrates, &c., commencing on Monday, the 18th November 1878, two local Committees will be appointed in this division, viz. one at Midnapore for the examinees employed in the district of Midnapore, and another at Burdwan for those in the districts of Burdwan, Bankoora, and Beerbhoom. The officers employed in Hooghly and Howrah, who have to appear at the examination, will be examined by the local Committee at the Presidency, and must appear in the Office of the Commissioner of the Presidency Division, No. 8, Theatre Road, Calcutta.

F. H. PELLEW, *Officiating Commissioner.*

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1850B.

Notice is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 2nd December 1878, at 11 a.m., and will comprise 4,500 chests, viz.—

	Chests
Behar Opium	2,500
Benares ..	2,000
Total	4,500

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 23rd November 1877, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 7th and 17th December 1878 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-Room will be received after 4 p.m. of Saturday, the 7th December 1878, and no Bank of Bengal receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 p.m. of Tuesday, the 17th December 1878.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th October 1878.

NOTICE.

Importers of bullion are informed that in accordance with Government notification No. 1024, dated 14th June 1878, assay certificates on the Department of Issue for silver and on the General Treasury for gold for the outturn value of their bullion will, from the 1st November 1878, be issued from the Office of the Master of the Mint, and not from that of the Assay Master.

Preliminary receipts for bullion will in future not be given.

J. F. TENNANT, *Col., R.E.,*

Master of the Mint.

CALCUTTA MINT, the 29th October 1878.

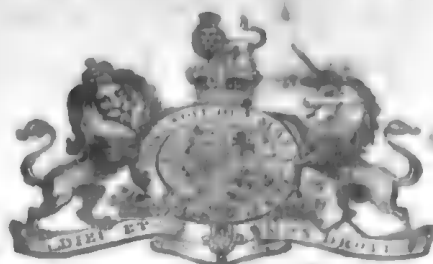
Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on the 31st October 1878.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga ...	5,21,434	22,284	4,29,376	9,73,094
Bombay Kurkutch ...	1,17,254	.....	11,724	1,28,978
Arabian and Persian Gulfs, Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock ...	70,204	.....	1,88,324	2,08,528
Ceylon Kurkutch ...	40,486	.....	...	40,486
Egyptian ditto ...	49,290	.....	.....	49,290
French ditto ...	.....	.....	3,746	3,746
Total ...	7,98,618	22,284	5,78,170	13,99,072

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. D. MACLEAN, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 7th November 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1878.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 5027A.

GENERAL.—The 13th November 1878.—Mr. T. W. Gribble, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of one week's furlough.

Mr. L. R. Forbes, Assistant Commissioner of Palamow, is appointed, under Section 35 of Act VIII of 1878, to perform the functions of Deputy Commissioner under that Act within the limits of the Palamow sub-division, in the district of Lohardugga.

Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, c.s.i., Officiating Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, is allowed furlough for six months, under Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for thirty days under Section 24(a) of the Code.

The 14th November 1878.—Baboo Hurry Mohun Chandra, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinapore, is allowed leave for one month and a half under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date he availed himself of it.

Mr. J. Ware Edgar, c.s.i., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Shahabad, is allowed leave for ten days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 12th ultimo.

Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is allowed leave for one month under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date he is relieved from duty.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Howrah, is posted temporarily to Hooghly.

The 15th November 1878.—Mr. H. L. Dampier, c.s., having returned from furlough on the forenoon of the 6th instant, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 8th idem, to enable him to join his appointment as Member of the Board of Revenue.

The 16th November 1878.—Mr. W. M. Souttar, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to be Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, and Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta.

The services of Major R. D. Osborn, Bengal Staff Corps, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department.

The 18th November 1878.—The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has granted extensions of leave to the following officers for the periods noted against their names :—

Mr. W. R. Millar, c.s., three months on medical certificate.

" T. Smith, c.s., one month and twenty-seven days' furlough.

" R. S. T. McEwen, Judge, Calcutta Small Cause Court, four weeks on medical certificate.

Mr. C. A. Kelly, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Jessore, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Additional District and Sessions Judge of Chittagong.

Mr. C. D. C. Winter, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, is posted to the district of Beerbhoom.

The 19th November 1878.—Mr. A. J. Primrose, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Hajeeopore division of the Mozufferpore district, is appointed to have charge of the Bagdogra division of the Rungpore district.

Mr. A. C. Tute, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, who was, under orders dated the 30th ultimo, posted to the Sudder Station of the Mozufferpore district, is appointed to have charge of the Hajeeopore division of that district.

Mr. J. G. Ritchie, Assistant Commissioner, Darjeeling, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector, and is posted to the Sudder Station of Patna.

Mr. F. A. Slack, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Bagdogra division of the district of Rungpore, is transferred to the Darjeeling district for employment at Kalimpoong.

Baboo Promoda Nath Mookerjee was temporarily employed as a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, in the district of Jessore, from the 4th June to the 16th September last, vice Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee, deputed to the License Tax Department.

Mr. T. F. Bignold, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Bankoora, is allowed special leave for two months, under Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

POLICE.—*The 18th November 1878.*—Mr. B. H. G. Irvine, District Superintendent of Police, has been granted by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of three months' leave on sick certificate.

The 18th November 1878.—Mr. C. E. Gouldsbury, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Rajshahye, is re-appointed to act in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, with effect from the 22nd October 1878.

REGISTRATION.—*The 7th November 1878.*—Baboo Shyamadhub Roy, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hooghly, is also appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of that district during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Poorna Chunder Chatterjee, or until further orders, with effect from the 31st August last.

This cancels the orders of the 18th August 1878, appointing Mr. R. Cornish to act as Sub-Registrar of Hooghly.

The 14th November 1878.—Baboo Bogola Prosonno Mozoomdar, Special Sub-Registrar, Noakholly, is allowed leave for one month and a half, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Baboo Chandika Prosonno Mozoomdar is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Noakholly, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Bogola Prosonno Mozoomdar, or until further orders.

EDUCATION.—*The 15th November 1878.*—Moulvi Abdul Jubber, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be a member of, and Secretary to, the District School Committee of Patna, vice Mr. L. C. Abbott.

OPPIUM.—*The 14th November 1878.*—Mr. P. Ross, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, attached to the Benares Agency, is allowed leave for nine months, under Section 9, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 18th September last.

FORESTS.—*The 8th November 1878.*—Mr. R. N. Anstruther, Assistant Conservator of Forests, is posted to the Teesta Division.

MEDICAL.—*The 5th November 1878.*—Major W. W. Hume, District Superintendent of Police, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bogra, vice Mr. H. Dawson.

The 18th November 1878.—Surgeon W. E. Batteraby, Superintendent of the Central Jail at Bhagulpore, was also in medical charge of the Civil Station of Bhagulpore from the afternoon of the 25th to the afternoon of the 26th October 1878.

Surgeon C. J. H. Warden, Officiating Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent, Behar, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Civil Surgeon of Bhagulpore, with effect from the afternoon of the 26th October 1878.

Assistant Surgeon Baney Madhub Dass, in charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Bettiah, is allowed leave for forty-three days under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Rojonee Lall Sett, in charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Motiharee, is appointed to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Bettiah, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Baney Madhub Dass, or until further orders.

Assistant Surgeon Debendro Nath Roy, a supernumerary at the Campbell Hospital, Sealdah, is appointed to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Motiharee, during the absence, on deputation, of Assistant Surgeon Rojonee Lall Sett, or until further orders.

The 15th November 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Greesh Chunder Dutt, attached to the Charitable Dispensary at Beaulah, in Rajshahye, is allowed leave for one month under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Bama Churn Chatterjee, doing duty at the Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed to have medical charge of the Beaulah Charitable Dispensary, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Greesh Chunder Dutt, or until further orders.

Surgeon J. F. Mullen was in medical charge of the Civil Station of Bhagulpore from 28th August to 6th September 1878.

The services of Assistant Surgeon Bhola Nath Pal were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Public Works Department (Irrigation Branch) of this Government from the 24th to the 27th October 1878.

Assistant Surgeon Brojo Nath Shaha, in medical charge of the Civil Station of Rangamatee, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Assistant Surgeon Tarini Churn Dutt is appointed to have medical charge of the Civil Station of Rangamatee, Chittagong Hill Tracts, during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Brojo Nath Shaha, or until further orders.

The 16th November 1878.—Dr. K. B. Stuart, Surgeon to the Mint and Customs Preventive Service, having returned from leave on the afternoon of the 10th instant, is allowed subsidiary leave for eight days from that date to enable him to join his appointment.

The 17th November 1878.—The services of passed Hospital Apprentice J. R. Wallace are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, with effect from the 1st July 1878.

ROAD CESS.—The 13th November 1878.—The Assistant Engineer deputed to survey the coast canal in Pooree is appointed to be an *ex officio* member of the Road Cess Committee of that district.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—The following revised rules for the working of the Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) are approved by the Lieutenant-Governor and published for general information under Section 19 of the said Act in modification of those published at page 891 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st August 1878:—

The notification under Section 5 (a) shall be published at the Collector's cutcherry, sub-divisional cutcherry, moonsiff's cutcherry, and police-station within the jurisdiction of which the treasure was found, and at some conspicuous spot in the village in which it was found.

2. On receipt of any application under Section 4, or on receipt of information from any person other than the finder that treasure had been found, the Collector shall report the fact to the Commissioner, stating—

- (1) Name of finder;
- (2) Nature of treasure;
- (3) Approximate value;
- (4) Date of finding;
- (5) Whether it is recommended that Government should acquire the treasure under Section 16 (when the treasure consists of coin).

A copy of this report shall be sent to the Asiatic Society at Calcutta for information, it having been decided that unless there is some strong reason to the contrary, whenever two or more coins of the same kind are found, the Society may be allowed the option of purchasing one of them. The Society will also select any coins likely to be useful to the Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay, and will correspond with that Society on the subject.

8. In the case of information, being given by a person other than the finder, the Collector shall issue a notice on the person informed against, to show cause why he should

not be prosecuted for not giving the required notice; and in the event of no cause being shewn, the Collector shall take such further action as may seem expedient.

4. On receipt of the Collector's report the Commissioner will, if he thinks the property ought to be acquired by Government, report the case for the orders of the Board of Revenue.

5. All notices under Section (5) should be served at the cost of Government.

6. All fines levied under this Act shall be credited to Land Revenue "Miscellaneous," and any treasure which vests in Government under Section 20 or 21 shall, unless it be such as it is thought advisable for Government to retain, be sold by public auction to the highest bidder under the orders of the Commissioner, and the proceeds be credited to the above head.

7. All Commissioners and Collectors should append a paragraph to their land revenue annual reports, stating whether any applications have been presented during the year under report under Section 4, or any proceedings taken before the Magistrate under Section 20 or 21.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 8th November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 24.)

Bay of Bengal, Coast of Burma.

EXHIBITION OF BLUE LIGHTS AND MAROONS AT KRISHNA SHOAL LIGHT-VESSEL.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 1st November 1878, the light-vessel stationed off the Krishna Shoal in the Gulf of Martaban, will exhibit every night, between sunset and sunrise, a *blue* light every half hour and a *maroon* at the intermediate quarter hours.

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 2nd November 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulf of Martaban, No. 823; Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, No. 706; Indian Ocean, No. 7486; and Indian Marine Survey Chart, Martaban Gulf, No. 134; also, Admiralty List of Lights, East Indies, &c., No. 96, page 16; Marine Survey of India Light List, No. 87; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 498.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

Erratum.—In notice No. 23, dated 15th October 1878, 4th line from bottom, for Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830, read Cocanada to Bassein river, No. 829.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th November 1878.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by Section 2, Act VI (B.C.) of 1878, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Dacca, at a meeting, to declare that from the 1st of January 1879, the Commissioners of the said Municipality will maintain an establishment for the cleansing of all public and private latrines within the municipality.

D. BARBOUR,
Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th November 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 234 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the North Barrackpore Municipality, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, to order that the provisions of Sections 278 to 284 (both inclusive) of the said Act shall be in force in the said Municipality.

D. BARBOUR,
Offy. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th November 1878.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by Section 299 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Howrah, at a meeting, to extend to that Municipality the provisions of Part IX, Chapter II of the said Act V (B.C.) of 1876.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(First Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th November 1878.—List of candidates for enrolment as Revenue Agents who passed at the Examination held in August 1878:—

Division.	District.	Names of the Candidates.	Division.	District.	Names of Candidates.
Burdwan ...	Burdwan ...	1. Debendra Chandra Mookerjee 2. Hangooswar Palit. 3. Sarbanand Roy. 4. Sritam Banerjee. 5. Sritam Chunderbuttery. 6. Umee Chandra Banerjee.	Gya ...	Gya ...	1. Durga Prasad. 2. Kamla Pat. 3. Madho Prasad. 4. Mahadeo Saran. 5. Mir Muhammad Husain. 6. Nath Prasad. 7. Nawab Lal. 8. Ram Karan Lal. 9. R-wat Lal. 10. Rohan Prasad. 11. Sayed Latifuddin Ahmad. 12. " Bahman Husain. 13. " Zahuruddin Ahmad. 14. Shaikh Hidayat Bashir. 15. " Mahdum Raza. 16. " Muhammad Ibrahim. 17. " Muhammad Imadul Aziz. 18. " Muhammad Nur. 19. " Nurul Hosain. 20. " Qurban Ali. 21. " Revasat Husain. 22. " Shafayet Husain. 23. " Shujat Husain. 24. " Wahiduddin. 25. Shiu Prasad. 26. " Shankar Lal. 27. " Sahai. 28. Tota Ram.
	Midnapore ...	1. Baikant Nath Roy.		Shahabad ...	1. Muhammad Abdul Latif. 2. Shaikh Ali Raza. 3. " Muhammad Shamsat Towhid. 4. " Muhammad Nasir Alum.
	Hooghly ...	1. Dwarka Nath Singh. 2. Tritochan Dutt.		Mounseerpore.	1. Anant Sahai. 2. Beni Prasad. 3. Burhamdeo Narain. 4. Mahabir Prasad. 5. Ramewar Deal. 6. Ram Kishen Lal.
Presidency Division.	Nuddea ...	1. Debnath Mandal. 2. Dharani Dhar Banerjee. 3. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 4. Nares Chandra Ghose.	Patna—contd.	Darbhanga...	1. Abdul Latif. 2. Ali Husain. 3. Anant Prasad. 4. Chatur Bhuj. 5. Dhuri Lal. 6. Mohiuddin. 7. Nebahuddin. 8. Nennu Das. 9. Raj Coomar Singh. 10. Sham Chandra Saran. 11. Silwant Sahai. 12. Wahab Husain.
Rajshahye and Cooch Behar.	Dinagepore ...	1. Isan Chandra Tarafdar. 2. Pratap Chandra Guha Khasthavi. 3. Sarada Charan Sen.		Saran ...	1. Onideo Prasad. 2. Harihar Nath. 3. Jasoda Nund. 4. Ram Sarup Lal.
	Rangpore ...	1. Abhay Charan Ghose. 2. Dinanath Mallik. 3. Girja Nath Sen. 4. Gopal Chandra Das. 5. Kailas Chandra Majumdar.	Monghyr ...	1. Deyanet Husain. 2. Jhakori Lal. 3. Lala Passu Lal.	
Bogra ...	1. Mahim Chandra Das	Dacca ...	Bhagalpore...	1. Amiruddin. 2. Khurug Dhari Lal. 3. Nawab Singh.	
Farr edpore ...	1. Barada Kant Ghose. 2. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 3. Prabhad Chandra Roy. 4. Rajani Kant Dutt. 5. Ramani Kant Banerjee. 6. Ram Chandra Ghose. 7. Srinath Hore. 8. Srinath Sen. 9. Uma Nath Guha.		Purneah ...	1. Chundi Sahai. 2. Ghulam Mohiuddin. 3. Khurshid Alum. 4. Musahib Ali. 5. Ragam Ali. 6. Shakti Lal.	
Backergunge.	1. Amlica Charan Banerjee. 2. Nabin Chandra Guha.	Maldah ...	Maldah ...	1. Bir Chandra Gupta. 2. Raj Kumar Dutt.	
Mymensingh.	1. Girish Chandra Ganguli. 2. Naba Kumar Barman. 3. Sarat Chandra De.		Chota Nag-pore.	Lohardugga ...	1. Matha Tala Prasad.
Patna ... Patna ...	1. Abdul Kurim. 2. Abdur Razaq. 3. Asiant Hakim. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gajadhar Prasad I. 7. Gajadhar Prasad II. 8. Gura Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Ghamandi Lal. 11. Harihar Prasad. 12. Hasi Prasad. 13. Kati Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohin. 16. Malik Ali Raza. 17. Nabo Baksh. 18. Nasiruddin. 19. Raghibans Sahai. 20. Rahat Husain. 21. Wajbulah Sahai. 22. Ram Kishen Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " Muhammad Esah. 26. " Sultan Husain. 27. Shaikh Abdool Aziz. 28. " Abdul Husain. 29. " Abdul Wahab. 30. " Abdul Wahab. 31. " Fariduddin. 32. " Muhammad Muhib-bul Huq. 33. " Muhammad Monirul Huq. 34. " Sayeduddin. 35. Sham Narain Singh. 36. Thakur Sahai. 37. Tota Ram.				

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF HOOGHLY.

The 18th November 1878.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Hooghly have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1878 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops:—

Dwelling-houses estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500 ...		1	0	0
" 500, " 1,000 ...		8	0	0
" 1,000, " 2,000 ...		4	8	0
" 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 8 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof				

of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF MOORSHEDABAD.

The 18th November 1878.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B. C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Moorshedabad have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year commencing from the 1st October 1878 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly:—

I. Six pies, or two pice, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops:—

Dwelling-houses estimated to be of the present value of—

		Yearly Cess.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500 ...		1	0	0
" 500 " 1,000 ...		3	0	0
" 1,000 " 2,000 ...		4	8	0
" Rs. 2,000 and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or part thereof				

of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Coimbatore, the 2nd November 1878.

Notice is hereby given, that on or about the 24th August 1878 the following treasure was found in the back yard of the house belonging to one Govinda Boyen, of Sadapolhem, a hamlet of Chengapally, in the Erode taluq of Coimbatore district. Any person claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, is required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore on the 20th March 1879.

		Value.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
7 East India Company's whole rupees of 1846	...	7	0	0
1 Rupee of 1876	...	1	0	0
4 quarter rupees	...	1	0	0
302 Veeraroyen Fannams	...	75	8	0
2 half ditto	...	0	8	0
2 old two-anna pieces	...	0	4	0
2 old one-anna pieces	...	0	2	0
Total	...	85	6	0

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Kurnool Collector's Office, the 30th October 1878.

Notice is hereby given, under Section 5 of the Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on the 5th October 1878 hidden treasure, consisting of six gold pagodas and 14 gold modas (small pieces of old gold coin), valued at Rs. 45, was found in the old ruined village site of Pullagummi, situated at the distance of a furlong from the new village bearing the same name, by one Sunkulamma of that village, in Ramallakota taluq, Kurnool district. Any person having a claim to the treasure above specified, or any part thereof, is hereby required to appear either personally or by agent before the Collector of Kurnool on the 17th March 1879, and establish his claim thereto on the above date, failing which the treasure will be disposed of under the provisions of the said Act

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the declaration dated the 23rd February 1877, published at page 416 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th March 1877, for the acquisition of land for the site of a Post Office in mouzah Akbarpore, pergunnah Puchrookly, sub-division Nowdah, in the Gya district, is cancelled.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th November 1878.—In continuation of the notification dated the 24th September 1872, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th October 1872, the following rules regulating the moving of steam-launches in the port of Calcutta, having received the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under Section 7, Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act), are published for general information:—

RULES.

(1). "All steam-launches plying in the port of Calcutta shall have their steering gear so placed that the men steering the boats can have a clear look-out ahead."

(2). "No steam-launch shall proceed up or down the port inside the moorings at a greater rate of speed than 4 miles an hour."

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Act I (B.C.) of 1868, an Act to make further provision for the survey of steam vessels plying within the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, it is hereby notified for general information that the port of Chittagong, as defined in Government notification No. 517, dated 12th September 1856, and published at page 1476 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th September 1856, is declared to be a port of survey, the provisions of Act V (B.C.) of 1862 being made applicable to it.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 1st November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, under Section 93 of Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, to fix twelve (12) annas as the yearly rate to be paid by all employers of labour in the Chittagong and Chittagong Hill Tracts districts for each labourer serving in those districts in accordance with any contract to labour, provided that such labourer has been conveyed to the said districts at the expense of his employer.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of the school building in the village of Radhaballava, pergunnah

Munthona, zillah Rungpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 50½ beeghas of standard measurement, and called by the name of the "Oooch Behar land," bounded on the east by the jote and premises of late Raj Ohandra Rai; west by the public road; north by the public road and the Baraibari Khothee; and south by the public road, is required within the aforesaid village Radhaballava.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 19th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Calcutta Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for widening the footpath of Bentinck Street in the town of Calcutta, in the 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, pieces of land No. 1, Bentinck Street, measuring, more or less, 8 chittacks and 15 feet, are required. The boundaries of the lands are as follow:—Bounded on the north by the Lall Bazar Street; on the south by a blind lane; on the east by Bentinck Street; and on the west by No. 1, Bentinck Street, belonging to Baboos Nittye Churn and Choyetunno Churn Mullick.

A plan of the lands is deposited in the office of the Municipal Commissioners for the inspection of the public.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5028A.

The 13th November 1878.—Baboo Koylash Chunder Mookerjee, Moonsif of Beanleah, in Rajshahye, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Noakholly and Second Subordinate Judge of Chittagong, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta, or until further orders.

Baboo Jogendro Nath Deb, L.L., is appointed to act as a Moonsif at Chittagong, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Judoo Nath Ghose, or until further orders, with effect from such date as he may have joined his appointment.

The 14th November 1878.—Baboo Mohendro Lal Ghose, L.L., is appointed to act as Moonsif of Kudba and Additional Moonsif of Arrareah, in Purneah, till relieved by Moulvi Abool Hosein, or until further orders, with effect from such date as he may have joined his appointment.

Baboo Jogendro Nath Roy, Third Moonsif of Diamond Harbour, in the 24-Pergunnahs, is vested, under Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Courts' Act VI of 1871, with the powers of a Small Cause Court Judge, for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts up to the value of Rs. 50.

Baboo Soorja Kant Chowdry, Second Moonsif of Satkhira, in the 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Hemtabad, in Dinagepore.

Baboo Jogendro Chunder Mullick, B.L., Moonsif of Hemtabad, in Dinagepore, is transferred to Bhanga, in Furreedpore.

Baboo Romanath Sil, Moonsif of Bhanga, in Furreedpore, is transferred to Satkhira, in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. C. J. S. Faulder, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Rampore Haut, Moorsheadabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The 15th November 1878.—Baboo Brojo Mohun Dutt, Officiating Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Kishnaghur, Ranaghat, and Meherpore, having returned to duty on the 25th September last, the unexpired portion of the leave granted him under orders dated the 28th June 1878 is cancelled.

Baboo Tara Prosunno Ghose, Second Moonsif of Netrokona, is appointed to be a Moonsif of Attia, with effect from the date on which he received charge.

Baboo Gokool Chand, Moonsif of Arrareah, in Purneah, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Moonsif of Kudba in that district, and also as Additional Moonsif at the Sudder Station at Purneah.

Baboo Tez Chunder Mookerjee, M.A., B.L., Additional Moonsif of Arrareah and at the Sudder Station at Purneah, is appointed to be an Additional Moonsif at Kishengurge and Arrareah, in that district.

Baboo Tarun Chunder Sirkar, Offg. Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Nuddes, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The 16th November 1878.—Mr. W. M. Souttar is appointed, under the provisions of Section 4, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

The 18th November 1878.—Baboo Atool Behari Ghose, Second Moonsif of Badarganj, in Rungpore, having rejoined his appointment on the 26th September last, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under the orders dated 3rd August last is cancelled.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 12th November 1878.*—Baboo Ramjadub Tallapattro, Second Moonsif of Mooradnuggur, in the district of Tipperah, has been allowed leave of absence, without pay, for fourteen days, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd of November 1878.

Baboo Gokul Chand, Moonsif of Arrareah, in the district of Purneah, has been allowed leave of absence for two months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that already granted to him on the 12th September 1878.

The 14th November 1878.—Baboo Judoonath Ghose, Moonsif of Chittagong, has been allowed leave of absence for two months under Rule I, Section 31 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th November 1878, or from any subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of it.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878—In addition to the Inspector-General of Jails in the Lower Provinces, who is by law an ex-officio visitor of all the lunatic asylums within his circle of inspection, the Lieutenant-Governor has, in supersession of previous notifications, appointed the following gentlemen to be visitors of the Lunatic Asylum at Bhowanipore, under section II of Act XXXVI of 1858:—

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,	} <i>ex officio.</i>
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,	
Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs,	
Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,	
Civil Surgeon of the 24-Pergunnahs,	
Superintendent, Alipore Jail,	
First Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital,	
Mr. J. B. Roberts.	
„ J. B. Knight, C.I.E.	
Baboo Jodoo Lall Mullick.	

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Courts' Act (VI of 1871), the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal vests Baboo Loke Nath Nundi, Second Moonsif of Bogra, with the powers of Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts within the limit of Rs. 50.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1878.—The man described in the roll below having been sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment for criminal breach of trust while employed as a clerk in the Howrah Registry Office, is hereby declared disqualified for future employment under Government in any capacity:—

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Residence.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Colour.	Particular marks.
Girish Chandra Matilal	Ish Chandra Matilal	Village Behala, thana Indragunge, district 24-Pergunnahs.	Brahmin.	35 years.	5 feet 7 inches, and of stout figure.	Dark.	Marks of amputation on the face. Legs discoloured from opium smoking.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th November 1878.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Moulvi Abdus Subhan, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police-stations of Parsa and Patnitollah, in the district of Dinagore, with head-quarters at Ghatnagar.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest all excise officers above the rank of peon, and all District Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, and Head Constables of Police in the Orissa Division with the powers described in Section 14 of the Opium Act I of 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the transfer of the head-quarters of the Sub-Registry Office of Devipore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, from Hansuri to Usti. This change will take effect from the 15th November 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd November 1878.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act III of 1877, the Lieutenant-Governor sanctions the transfer of thana Sutabatta, in the district of Midnapore, from the registration sub-district of Maisadal to that of Tumlook. The change will take effect from the 15th November 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd November 1878.—The following revised rules, which have been framed for the guidance of Benches of Magistrates established in Calcutta under section 9 of the Presidency Magistrates' Act IV of 1877 and sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, are published for general information in lieu of those which appeared at page 661 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th May 1877.

1. The Bench shall try such cases as may be referred to it by either of the Stipendiary Magistrates, subject to the provisions of rule 8: provided further that no case triable by the High Court only shall be so referred.

2. Benches shall ordinarily sit for the first hearing of cases on the dates and at the time mentioned below. A special Bench may, however, be convened on any other day by either of the Stipendiary Magistrates.

(Here insert dates and time of sitting.)

3. A Bench shall ordinarily be composed of not less than three Magistrates when they are all Honorary Magistrates, or of two when one of them is a Stipendiary Magistrate and the other an Honorary Magistrate. The Honorary Magistrates will sit in the rotation arranged by the Commissioner of Police, but any Magistrate not named may sit, unless the Chief Magistrate otherwise directs.

The Stipendiary Magistrates shall be *ex-officio* members of benches.

When an Honorary Magistrate, named for a particular day, fails to attend owing to illness or from any other cause, the Chief Magistrate may, at his discretion, summon

another member or direct that the Bench may proceed without the absent member; provided that no case set down for hearing before the Bench shall proceed unless a Stipendiary Magistrate, or, in his absence, two Honorary Magistrates be present.

4. The Chief Magistrate shall, if present, officiate as Chairman. In his absence the Junior Magistrate shall, if sitting, officiate as Chairman. In the absence of both the Stipendiary Magistrates, the Bench may elect its own Chairman.

5. The Chairman shall conduct the proceedings of the Court, and exercise all the functions in that behalf usually exercised by a Presidency Magistrate when sitting alone. He shall decide upon the admissibility of evidence, and maintain order in the Court; but it shall be open to any member of the Bench to put any question to the witnesses, either direct or through the Chairman as the latter may deem advisable, and to suggest any matter for the Chairman's consideration.

6. Each member of the Bench shall have a voice in the finding and sentence. In a Bench of three or other uneven number, the opinion of the majority shall prevail. When the numbers are even, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

7. The Chairman shall generally record the evidence and judgment in cases in which a record of evidence and a judgment are necessary; but such duty may, with his consent, be performed by any one of his colleagues.

8. The Bench may hold one or more adjourned sittings, if this be found necessary for the disposal of business, or of part-heard cases; but it shall be open to the Bench at the close of its regular sittings either to refer unheard cases back to the Magistrate under whose order of reference they received them, or to postpone them to some other day as may seem most convenient. Any part-heard case postponed to a further sitting of the Bench may be proceeded with if any member of the Bench has been present at the previous hearing in the case, but subject to the provisions of section 156 of the Presidency Magistrates' Act.

Any part-heard case may, however, be sent back to the Magistrate under whose order of reference it was received, should it appear unsuited for trial by a Bench. In such cases the Magistrate shall recommence the trial.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

DECLARATION.

The 5th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a jail at Julpaiguri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, bounded on the north by the Titalya road from Julpaiguri; on the south by the Northern Bengal State Railway; on the east by the jotes belonging to Tiyan Nath Koondoo and Troylucko Nath Banerjee; and on the west by the Boda and Titalya road, giving an area, more or less, of 31 beeghas 12 cottahs and 2 chittacks of standard measurement, is required within the village of Khuriah, in the district of Julpaiguri.

This declaration is made, under Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 18th November 1878.

No. 223.—*Posting.*—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, having returned from furlough to Europe, is posted to the Presidency Division as a temporary measure, or until further orders.

The 18th November 1878.

No. 224.—*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Poornu Chunder Sircar, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Burdwan Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twelve days, under Civil Leave Code, Supplement F, Section 12, with effect from the 20th August 1878.

No. 225.—*Notification.*—Mr. J. S. Heyman, Executive Engineer, First Grade, assumed charge of the Burdwan Division on the 11th November 1878, before noon.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Major-Genl., R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th November 1878.

No. 287.—*Notifications.*—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Baboo Bholanath Pal, Assistant Surgeon, reported his arrival at Dehree on the morning of the 21st October, and commenced taking over medical charge of that station from Surgeon W. Owen on the 23rd idem.

No. 288.—With reference to the orders of the General Medical Department, published on page 1141 of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated 23rd October 1878, Dr. W. Forsyth took over charge of the medical duties of the station of Dehree from Baboo Bholanath Pal, Assistant Surgeon, on the forenoon of 27th October 1878.

Dated 18th November 1878.

No. 289.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Mr. J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, and Mr. J. A. Beale, junior, temporary Apprentice Engineer, reported their return from Madras Famine Relief Works at Cuttack on the 18th November 1878.

In accordance with the orders of the Government of India, which were republished in the notification quoted above, the appointment of Mr. J. A. Beale, junior, as a temporary Apprentice Engineer, ceased from the above date.

No. 290.—*Posting.*—Mr. J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is reposted to the Orissa Circle.

No. 291.—*Notification.*—Mr. R. A. Oldham, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is transferred, in the interests of the public service, from the Arrah to the Eastern Sone Division for special duty, with effect from the 1st November 1878.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

*Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrign. Branch.*

Dated 21st October 1878.

No. 274.—*Notification.*—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 99 of Act III (B. C.) of 1876, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to pass the following rules for the Sone Canals in supersession of the rules passed in Notification No. 259, dated 1st August 1876:—

The 11th, 16th, and 26th September 1878, and 2nd and 16th October 1878.

A draft of the rules now passed was published as provided in the aforesaid section of the said Act in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the dates noted in the margin.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

*Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.*

RULES UNDER ACT III (B.C.) OF 1876.

1. The Collector, before awarding compensation under section 16, or making a reference under section 17, of the Act, shall obtain the written opinion of the Superintending Canal Officer, which shall form part of the record of the proceedings.

2. Water shall not be granted where, in the opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer, loss from wastage is likely to occur.

3. Water shall not ordinarily be granted where the length of the village channel, from its head to its point of contact with the village boundary exceeds two (2) miles.

4. Water for irrigation shall not be supplied, except through a village channel so constructed and maintained, that, in the opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer—

(a)—the water will pass without wastage;

(b)—the existing necessary lines of communication, the flow of drainage water, and the passage of water for irrigation, will not be obstructed.

5. The Divisional Canal Officer may withhold or postpone the grant of water to any cultivator whose fields have not been prepared for irrigation by division into compartments not greater in area than one cottah or 1361.25 superficial feet, and by the addition of small water channels as it customary in irrigation from wells.

Rice fields are exempted from the operation of this rule.

6. The above rule shall only apply to those cases in which the non-observance of it has been discovered previous to the first watering of a crop; the water having been once given cannot be withheld for that crop, but a higher rate may be levied as provided in Rule 38.

7. Persons desirous (i) of constructing a village channel, or (ii) of taking water therefrom, or (iii) of taking water from any outlet provided by Government, shall prefer a written application to the Divisional Canal Officer, or to some officer duly authorised by him to receive such applications. In the first case (i), if the application be received by an officer subordinate to the Divisional Canal Officer, it shall be forwarded to him for orders.

8. An application under Rule 7 shall, if granted, and unless otherwise specially agreed upon, be subject to the following conditions:—

- (a)—That the water supplied shall not be used for other purposes than irrigation, without the written consent of the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer.
- (b)—That the applicants appoint a headman, known or ascertained, to be a substantial person possessed of property, to attend to their interests, to receive and carry out the orders of the Canal Officers, to distribute the water among the shareholders in the village channel according to their shares, and to collect and pay in to the Collector, or other duly authorized person, all water-rates leviable on the lands watered from the village channel. His appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Divisional Canal Officer and of the Collector, and he shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Penal Code.
- (c)—That in any case where persons desirous of taking water fail to appoint a headman, or cannot agree among themselves as to the headman, the Divisional Canal Officer shall appoint a headman, whose appointment shall be subject to the approval of the Collector.
- (d)—If the Collector and Divisional Canal Officer do not agree as to the appointment of a headman under Rules 8 (b) and 8 (c), the Collector shall refer the matter to the Commissioner of the Division, whose decision shall be final.
- (e)—That the headman shall furnish security for the payment of all sums realized by him, the stamp and registration fees on security bonds being deducted from the percentage allowed under Rule 11.
- (f)—That for each crop, previous to water being taken for any field, application shall be made in the prescribed form (Appendix A) to the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer or other officer authorized to receive such applications, and that no water shall be taken until after the receipt of a "permit" (Appendix B) from such officer.
- (g)—That in any case where the Divisional Canal Officer, owing to the known recalcancy of any village, or of any class of cultivators, anticipates that there is likely to be difficulty in the realization of the water-rates, he shall intimate the same to the Collector, in whose option it shall be to require payment of water-rates in advance.
- (h)—That any other cultivators in the same village, able and willing to irrigate their lands from the village channel, may, subject to the approval of the Divisional Canal Officer, be admitted as shareholders in it, on paying their proportionate share of the first cost and maintenance thereof, to be determined by the amount of irrigable land held by them.
- (i)—That all alterations in the number of shareholders, distribution of shares, or appointment of headmen, shall be reported to the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer for the sanction of the Divisional Canal Officer.

9. The Divisional Canal Officer is empowered to pay to the headman appointed under Rule 8 the fees detailed in the rule next following, subject to the condition of satisfactory performance of duty.

10. The allowance to the headman of a village channel for duties connected with that village channel, such as arranging that it shall be kept in proper repair, seeing that no lands obtain water without a regular "permit," distributing the water to the shareholders, seeing to the outlet being closed according to the orders of the Divisional Canal Officer, and generally assisting the officers of the Irrigation Department, shall be 4 per cent on the amount of canal-water rates assessed on the lands irrigated from the village channel under his charge. The Divisional Canal Officer may retrench the whole or any part of the fees under this rule in the event of the conditions not being complied with.

11. The allowance to the headman of a village channel for collecting the water-rates shall be 4 per cent. on the amount actually paid in by him. If the headman shall satisfy the Collector that arrears have not accrued through any negligence on his part, it shall be within the discretion of the Collector to pay him the allowance on the whole or on any part of such arrears.

12. Contracts between the Divisional Canal Officer on the part of Government and private individuals for the use of water as a motive power, or for any other purpose whatsoever not included in the published schedule of rates, shall, if for any period not exceeding one year, require the previous sanction of the Superintending Canal Officer.

If proposed for longer periods, such contracts shall be submitted for the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor in the Irrigation Department.

13. Tanks may be filled with canal water without charge, and without reference to the area irrigated in any village, whenever water can be made available without injury to the cultivation dependant on any canal, under the following conditions :—

- (a)—No tank shall be so filled unless the water is to be exclusively used for domestic purposes or for watering cattle or both.
- (b)—No tank shall be so filled from which irrigation is practised.
- (c)—No tank shall be so filled which, intercepting any line of drainage, is liable to overflow from accumulation of water derived from natural causes.
- (d)—No tank shall be so filled except on the written order of the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, issued on the written application of the parties concerned.
- (e)—No tank shall be so filled unless the village channel used to fill it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer to be in a sound condition when the application is made.
- (f)—The privilege herein accorded may, by written order of the Divisional Canal Officer, subject to revision by the Superintending Canal Officer, whose decision shall be final, be suspended for twelve months for breach of any of the above conditions.

14. The Divisional Canal Officer may, by written order under section 76 (a) (ii), stop the supply to any village channel when he is satisfied, after inspection by himself or by one of his subordinates, that the village channel is not maintained in proper repair. Immediate report of any such closure, with an explanation of the special ground for stoppage, shall be made to the Superintending Canal Officer.

15. The Divisional Canal Officer may, under section 76 (a) (iii), regulate the distribution of the available water in proportion to the average area irrigated from the several outlets, or in proportion to the quantities of water contracted for, and may close the outlets in rotation as shall be necessary.

Such periodical closures shall not extend beyond ten consecutive days, and shall be notified to the headmen of village channels. For longer closures the authority of the Superintending Canal Officer is required.

Nothing in the above rules shall be taken to affect the power of the Superintending or any Divisional Canal Officer to stop any supply of water in case of pressing emergency.

16. The water-gauges on distributaries, or other channels, shall be held to give authoritative data for all calculations of discharge required to verify claims for remission of water-rate on account of loss of water.

17. Claims to remission of water-rates, under section 76 (b), shall only be admitted on proof of actual loss caused by the stoppage of supply. On proof of such loss, the Divisional Canal Officer may remit the whole or any portion of the rates. All applications for remission of water-rates shall be made in writing by the parties concerned, either in person or through their headman, to the nearest Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, at least seven days prior to the cutting of the crop. On receipt of such application, the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer shall, after due local inquiry, forward the application with his remarks to the Divisional Canal Officer for decision.

18. Before awarding compensation under section 76 (c), the Collector shall obtain the written opinion of the Divisional Canal Officer, and such opinion shall form part of the record of the proceedings.

19. Under section 78 of the Act, the rates chargeable per acre on the different descriptions of crops are fixed for three years, viz. from 1st June 1876 to the 1st June 1879, and are as follow :—

WATER-RATES.
Some Canals.

Class.	NATURE OF CROP.	FLOW IRRIGATION PER			LIFT IRRIGATION PER			Per
		Cottah.	Begha.	Acre.	Cottah.	Begha.	Acre.	
I	Sugarcane	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
II	Rice, vegetable, water-nuts, wheat, barley, cotton, tobacco, indigo, opium, garden and all crops not otherwise specified	0 2 6	3 2 0	5 0 0	0 1 8	3 1 4	3 3 4	Crop.
		0 1 8	1 8 0	2 8 0	0 0 10	1 0 8	1 10 8	ditto.

NOTE.
 1 Cottah = 1,361'35 s. feet.
 1 Begha = 57,285'00 "
 1 Acre = 43,560'00 "

20. Up to the 1st June 1879 leases for three years may be granted at the following rates, provided that the area leased in any village shall not be less than the whole irrigable area in the case of khurreef cultivation, or half the irrigable area in that of rubbee cultivation. In the latter case the area must be as far as possible in one block. In certain cases it may, at the discretion of the Divisional Canal Officer, be comprised in two or at most three blocks—

Schedule of Rates.

	Per acre.	Per begha.	Per cottah.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Rubbee, including bhadof	2 4 0	1 6 6	0 1 2
Khurreef	1 8 0	0 15 0	0 0 9

21. Three-year leases will not be granted for sugarcane.

22. By irrigable area is to be understood, as a general rule, the extent of land for which water can be supplied at the rate of 80 acres in khurreef, and 180 acres in rubbee per cubic foot of available supply.

23. Leases for three years at the reduced rates may be given (1) on the application of all the cultivators of a village, on condition of their agreeing in such application to become jointly and severally responsible for the payment of all amounts due on account of water-rates; or (2) on the joint application of the cultivators and of some person hereinafter called the contractor, who may agree to collect and pay to Government, under section 82 of Act III (B.C.) of 1876, all sums which may be due under the application on account of water-rates. The application of villagers binding themselves jointly and severally will be in the form prescribed in Appendix C. The joint application of villagers and a water-rate contractor shall be in the form prescribed in Appendix D. Every application under this rule must be signed by each applicant in the presence of at least one respectable witness.

24. Contractors shall be entitled to collect water-dues at the rates given in the schedule attached to Rule 20 from the cultivators who have applied for the water supplied. Every due from a cultivator to a contractor on account of water-rates shall be deemed a sum due to Government under sections 82 and 85 of Act III of 1876.

25. A contractor (or in case there be more than one, each contractor severally and jointly) shall be responsible for all sums payable on the application (Appendix D), except such sums as may be remitted by competent authority under the rules in force, and shall be entitled to a deduction of 5 per cent. for cost of collection.

26. When the lease under Rules 20 to 25 is for the supply of water to khurreef crops, or to all irrigable rubbee crops in the village, a list in Form E should be submitted with the application, showing the number of each field in the map, the area of the field crop to be grown, and amount payable, and this should be signed by each cultivator. Water will be supplied in accordance with this list during the period of the lease. Similar lists must be submitted each year before water is supplied to rubbee lands when the area leased is less than the whole area of irrigable rubbee land in the village. In such cases the fields receiving water may vary from year to year, but the total area for which the water-rates shall be calculated shall never be less than the area specified in the three-years' lease. Should more land be irrigated than is specified in the three-years' lease, the same shall be chargeable with annual water-rates.

27. No water shall be taken previous to receipt of a permit (Appendix B) signed by the Divisional Canal Officer. When an agreement has been made for the collection of the rates by a contractor, the Divisional Canal Officer shall, under section 82, furnish such contractor with a written authority to collect the amounts due by the cultivators according to the list furnished under Rule 26, one copy of which is to be sent to the Collector.

28. Every contractor shall nominate a headman to be approved by the Divisional Canal Officer to perform the duties specified in Rule 10. Such headman shall receive five per cent. on the assessment, but the Divisional Canal Officer may retrench the whole or any part of these fees if the duties are not properly performed.

29. If only a portion of a field be irrigated, the water-rate shall be chargeable on the whole field, unless such portion shall have been clearly demarcated, previous to the admission of the water, by a ridge not less than half a foot high.

30. When a portion of a field has been irrigated with canal water and a portion with well or reservoir water, the whole field shall be liable for canal water-rate, unless a clearly distinguishable boundary exists between the two portions.

31. If well or reservoir water is conveyed in the same channel as canal water, the whole of the irrigation from that channel shall be liable to canal water-rate. The headman will be held personally responsible for the due observance of this rule and of Rules 29 and 30.

32. Irrigation from natural or artificial escape channels, when the supply is permanent, shall be governed by the same rules as irrigation from other parts of the canal.

33. Irrigation from such channels, when the supply is intermittent, may be allowed at such reduced rates as shall from time to time be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor.

34. Persons irrigating lands from a canal without a written permit for water for such lands, or taking water at times prohibited by proper authority, shall be chargeable with double water-rates on the area irrigated.

35. The charge leviable for water suffered to run to waste on uncultivated lands shall be calculated at the highest rate specified in the schedule, viz. five rupees per acre on the area flooded; provided that in every such case the Divisional Canal Officer may impose a lower rate if he thinks fit. The headman to be held responsible for the collection of the amount of charges so imposed.

36. If mixed crops be grown in the same field, the water-rate shall be calculated on the highest rated crop.

37. When the original crop sown in a field, irrigated by the canal water, fails and is ploughed up, and a fresh crop is sown in the same season, the water-rates shall be levied on the second crop.

38. When a field is irrigated which has not been prepared by division into compartments and by the addition of small water channels as prescribed in Rule 6, an additional charge may be imposed equal to half the amount of water-rate leviable on the field. In each case the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer must certify that the field was not properly prepared for irrigation according to the terms of the rule.

39. The statements of the amounts demandable for water-rates levied under the rules in force shall be prepared under the supervision and signature of the Divisional Canal Officer in such form as shall from time to time be sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor.

40. All water-rates shall become due on the dates noted on the "permits," as herein below stated, and shall be paid within one month of such dates:—

Water-rate on sugarcane and spring crops, wheat, barley, peas, poppy, &c.,—15th April.

Water-rate on summer crops, cheena, &c.,—15th August.

Water-rate on bhadoi crops, early rice, Indian corn, murwa, &c.,—30th November.

Water-rate on annual and winter crops, aghani rice, jaur, &c.,—31st January.

41. In the case of lands held in bhaoli, the water-rate shall be recoverable from both the cultivator and the person or persons in receipt of the bhaoli rents, in the same proportion as the produce is divisible amongst them.

42. Collection of all water-rate shall be made by the Collector in accordance with the statement of demands furnished to him by the Divisional Canal Officer.

43. Objections to the demand addressed to the Collector shall, if remission be claimed on the score of short supply or of any matter affecting the Irrigation Department, be referred for orders to the Divisional Canal Officer. The collection of the demand shall not be suspended on account of any such objection.

44. Claims for remission referred by the Collector and admitted by the Divisional Canal Officer shall be reported by him for the sanction of the Superintending Canal Officer.

45. A remission statement signed by the Superintending Canal Officer shall be sufficient authority for a refund by the Collector.

46. If the Divisional Canal Officer reject the claim, an appeal may be made to the Superintending Canal Officer, provided that it is preferred within forty days from the issue of the order of the Divisional Canal Officer.

47. In special cases not otherwise provided for by these rules, and in cases in which water-rates are not recoverable owing to the absconding or bankruptcy of the defaulter, the Collector will obtain the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division to the remission of such sums as he may deem irrecoverable. The details of such remission shall be communicated at the close of each official year to the Divisional Canal Officer.

48. If a cultivator is dissatisfied with the entries made against him in the khatiauni, whether as to the fact of the land having been charged "flow" instead of "lift," or as to the measurements and entries of class of crop, he must lodge a complaint, either personally or through the headman of his water-course, with the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer at least seven days prior to the cutting of the crop.

49. No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Divisional or Sub-Divisional Canal Officer, pass, or cause any animal or vehicle to pass, on or across any of the works, banks, or channels of a canal or drainage work after he has been desired to desist therefrom, excepting by means of such bridges, fords, and ferries, and their approaches, as are provided by the Divisional Canal Officer.

50. No Canal Officer, unless specially exempted by the Lieutenant-Governor from the operation of this rule, shall have any interest in the distribution of water from any of the canals, or purchase or bid for any Government property sold thereon, either in his own name or in the name of another, or jointly, or in shares with others.

51. The ameen appointed to measure up the area irrigated in any village shall, before leaving it, make over the khuras to a mohurir, who will then compile the khatiauni. A copy of the khatiauni will be taken by the putwaree, who must as a rule make it himself; but if he cannot from any cause do so, the mohurir must make it, and the putwaree is to be held responsible that he gets a copy.

52. The copy of the khatiauni thus made shall be hung up in some conspicuous place in the village, and slips in the prescribed form (Appendix F), showing the amount he will have to pay, area irrigated, &c., shall be prepared by the putwaree and given to each ryot.

53. The allowance to the putwaree for the above work shall be 2 per cent. on the collections, and shall be paid to him by the Collector on his being satisfied that the work has been properly done. No allowance will be made to putwarees in leases granted under Rule 25.

54. The measurements of each crop irrigated shall be made as soon as practicable, and every care should be taken to have the khatiauni hung up in the village at least fifteen days before the crop is cut, so that the ryot may make his complaints, if he have any, in good time.

55. In case of any subsequent alteration of the khatiauni owing to correction of clerical errors, &c., such alteration shall be at once communicated to the putwaree to enable him to correct the village copy and slips accordingly.

56. The zilladar shall submit his check measurements in a form (Appendix G) which shall be sent in for the inspection of the Divisional Canal Officer. The Sub-Divisional Canal Officer shall also check the ameen's measurements as often as he possibly can. If it be found that any ameen systematically makes wrong measurements, he shall be punished by dismissal, and shall be declared incapable of obtaining further employment under Government.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R. E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

APPENDIX C.

Vernacular

Form of applications by villagers for a three years' lease.

Mouzah

Pergunnah

Distributary

Names of applicants

We the undersigned inhabitants of Mouzah _____ Pergunnah _____ hereby apply for water from the above-named distributary to be supplied yearly for three years to the areas given below, being the whole of the irrigable area of khureef in the mouzah and () of the irrigable area of rubbee; and we further apply that the water may be given for khureef to the fields and cultivators shown in the accompanying list, and for rubbee according to lists to be submitted each year previous to water being supplied; and we further jointly and severally agree to pay rates as fixed in the schedule below, and undertake to pay each year the full amount calculated on this area applied for at such rates subject to the provisions of Rules 17, 45 and 47.

Village.	Kind of Class	Area.	Rate.	Amount.	Signature of cultivator
		B. C. D.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Rubbee	1 6 6		
Khureef	0 15 0		

APPENDIX D.

Vernacular or

English and Vernacular

Joint application of villagers and a contractor under section 82, Act V of 1876, for a three years' lease.

Mouzah

Pergunnah

Distributary

Names of villagers

Name of contractor

We the undersigned cultivators of Mouzah _____ Pergunnah _____ hereby apply for water from the above-named distributary to be supplied yearly for three years to the area named below, being the whole of the irrigable khureef land and () the irrigable rubbee land of the above village; and we further apply that water may be given for khureef to the fields and cultivators shown in the accompanying list, and for rubbee according to list to be submitted each year previous to water being supplied; and we further agree to pay rates as fixed in the schedule below subject to the provisions of Rules 17, 45 and 47.

I (contractor's name) agree to collect and pay to Government all sums payable on this application, and request, under section 82, authority to collect these rates according to the certificate to be annually supplied to me by the Sub-Divisional Canal Officer under section 85 of Act III, and I further agree to abide by all rules passed under the Canal Act.

Village.	Kind of class.	Area.	Rate.	Amount.	
		B. C. D.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Rubbee	1 6 6		
Khureef	0 15 0		

APPENDIX E.

List of fields and cultivators showing the manner in which water leased under the rule is to be distributed.

We the undersigned cultivators of Mouzah

Pergunnah

request that the water supplied under our applications of _____ be given to the fields and cultivators named below during the year ().

No. of field.	Area of field.	Crop.	Amount.	Name.	Signature.

APPENDIX F.

Percha or Slip Form.

Remarks regarding the individual to whom the percha has been given.	Water-rate.	Crop	AREA AND KIND OF IRRIGATION		NUMBER OF FIELD		Date of issue percha.
			Flow.	Lift.	Number in the Survey map	Number of the Khatmal.	

APPENDIX G.

Zilladar's check measurement Form.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Name of Pergunnah.	Name of Village.	Name of cultivator and his father.	Field Survey No.	Name of ameen who measured.	MEASUREMENT ACCORDING TO AMEEN				CHECK MEASUREMENT.				Rs. A. P.		REMARKS.
					Crop.	Flow.	Lift.	Water-rate.	Crop.	Flow.	Lift.	Water-rate.			

RAILWAY.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for public purposes, viz. for making a cemetery for the East Indian Railway in the mouzah Mokameh, pergunnah Gyaspore, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 18 cottahs 14½ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by public road; south by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and garden of Ramsodie Sing; east by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and Gouowry Sing; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

*Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
Public Works Dept., Railway Branch.*

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required, for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a line of railway from the new station at Durbhunga to the old station at Durbhunga, and for providing for.

sites for station bungalows, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 3,870 feet in length, varying in breadth from 70 feet to 1,015 feet, in the villages or mohulla of New Kharid, Dewann Jakken, and Gorahuli (Chowr), appertaining to mehal Haveli Durbhunga, pergunnah Haveli Durbhunga, zillah Durbhunga, and measuring 20 acres and 25 poles, equal to 25 beeghas (by local measure) is required, the general direction of the line being from south to north.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose viz. for bungalow purpose of the East Indian Railway Company, in the village of Ghor, at Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 rod 6 poles or 17 cottahs 6 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by East Indian Railway Company's land; on the south by Purmanund Paul's house; on the east by Shaik Atabulhak and Abjulul Hak's land; and on the west by Purmanund Paul's shops and road, is required within the aforesaid village of Ghor, at Pandooah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the 24-Pergunnahs, notice is hereby given, under the provisions of Section 4, Act X of 1870, that a survey party is about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Sonarpore vid Mughab Hat to Diamond Harbour.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 28th October 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for public purposes, viz., for the additional works at Barrh Railway Station, in the villages of Basidpore, Burhandichuck, Gobindpore, Burnarampore, pergunnah Azimabad, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for above purposes four plots of land are required as follows:—

Plot No. 1.—Measuring standard

B.	C.	D.
3	9	1
4	13	0 15A

 bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land belonging to Mussamut Bibee Buratun and others; east by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land belonging to Mussamut Bibee Buratun and others; and west by Luchmun Sahoo and others' land in mouzah Burhadichuck.

Plot No. 2.—Measuring standard

B.	C.	D.
3	15	0
5	9	10 22A

 bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; south by adjoining land of Luchmun Sahoo and others of Burhadichuck; east by Mussamut Bibee Burratun and others' land in mouzah Basidpore; and west by Luchmun Sahoo and Lalla Hulooman Singh and others' land in mouzah Gobindpore and Burnarampore.

Plot No. 3.—Measuring standard

B.	C.	D.
0	0	10 1/2
0	8	15 24A

 bounded on the north by Railway Company's land; on the south by Lalla Hulooman Singh's land in mouzah Gobindpore; west by Lalla Hulooman Singh and Luchmun Sahoo's land in mouzah Gobindpore and Burnarampore; and east by Luchmun Sahoo and others' land in mouzah Burhadichuck.

Plot No. 4.—Measuring standard

B.	C.	D.
0	0	4 1/2
0	1	11 11A

 bounded on the north by Lalla Hulooman Singh and others' land of Gobindpore; south by Government public road; east by Hulooman Singh and others' land in mouzah Burhandichuck; and west by the Railway Company's land.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 29th October 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the districts of Moorshedabad, Nuddea, and Jessore, notice is hereby given, under the provisions of Section 4, Act X of 1870, that survey parties are about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Bugwangola *via* Feeagunge, Moorshedabad, Berhampore, Kishnagar, Santipore, Ranaghat, Bongong and Jessore to Koolna, and from Bongong *via* Goberdanga, Baraset, and Dum-Dum to Calcutta.

F. S. STANTON, *Lt.-Col., R.E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 9741, dated the 14th November 1878.—Mr. W. C. Muller made over charge of the Julpigoree Jail to Surgeon-Major H. W. Spry in the forenoon of the 31st October 1878.

No. 9765.—Surgeon A. E. R. Stephens made over charge of the Durbhunga Jail to Mr. H. Lee, c.s., in the afternoon of the 21st October 1878.

S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Order issued by Authority of the High Court of Judicature at
 Fort William in Bengal

CIVIL.

No. 33, dated the 1st November 1878.

It having been ruled by the Government of Bengal that the grant of vacation leave to Uncovenanted Judicial Officers should be left entirely to the High Court, and that it need not be gazetted, District Judges are requested in future to submit applications for such leave to the court direct and not through the Accountant-General. The instructions contained in Circular Order No. 25, dated 17th August 1864, however, continue in force, and an immediate report must be made in case any officer overstays the leave granted him.

2. Applications for privilege leave, which, under Section 81-1, Chapter VII, of the Civil Leave Code, is admissible to Uncovenanted Judicial Officers only in case of urgent necessity, should continue, as hitherto, to be submitted to the court through the Accountant-General, and the officers making the applications should be required to note in them what vacation leave, if any, they may have had within the three years previous.

3. District Judges will now observe that vacation leave cannot be granted otherwise than under these instructions.

No. 34, dated the 7th November 1878.

With reference to the notification appended to circular order No. 32, of the 20th September last, Judicial Officers are informed that it was not intended to impose a fee in respect of affidavits sworn by order of Court for the proof of service of process, and that no charge should therefore be made against persons who accompany process persons for the purpose of identifying parties.

CRIMINAL.

No. 11, dated the 1st November 1878.

In modification of Circular Order No. 5, dated 5th July 1865, the Court are pleased to direct that, in future, persons convicted of offences which are not punishable with whipping, or with imprisonment for a term of three years or upwards, shall not be entered in the "Register of criminals convicted of heinous offences," although the charge may have been one falling under Chapter XII or XVII of the Indian Penal Code.

Sheriff's Office, the 30th October 1878.

Notice is hereby given that the Ninth Criminal Sessions of the year 1878, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the Twenty-fifth day of November next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be then and there to prosecute.

W. J. CUSTOYS, Sheriff.

শরিফ অফিস, সম ১৮৭৮ সাল ৩০ অক্টোবর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম ফোর্সের অধীন শহর কলিকাতায় ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তা জন্য আগামি সম ১৮৭৮ সালের ২৫শে নবেম্বর সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং সে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতায় হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সম ১৮৭৮ সালের নবম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন করেন্সির বিরুদ্ধে কোজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া বোঝাবা করে ইতি।

ডবলিউ, জে, কার্টয়েল,

শরিফ।

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

Under Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes of Dacca and Munshiganj will sit in the Mugshiganj Small Cause Court on the 25th November 1878, Thursday, 29th November 1878, Friday, and 30th November 1878, Saturday, and in the Dacca Small Cause Court on the 7th December 1878, Saturday, and 9th December 1878, Monday.

AMRITA LAL CHATTERJEE, Judge.

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 14th November 1878.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO KRISTO CHUNDER ROY, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Dacca Treasury, vice Baboo Tarini Kumar Ghose, and authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. B. PRACOCK, Commissioner of Dacca.

MOULVI ZAKIR HOSSAIN, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Chittagong treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. BEAMES, Offg. Commissioner.

COMMR.'s OFFICE, CHITTAGONG, the 13th November 1878.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1350B.

Notice is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 2nd December 1878, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,500 chests, viz.—

			Chests.
Behar Opium	...	...	2,500
Benares "	...	...	2,000
Total	...	...	4,500

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 23rd November 1877, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 7th and 17th December 1878 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-Room will be received after 4 p.m. of Saturday, the 7th December 1878, and no Bank of Bengal receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 p.m. of Tuesday, the 17th December 1878.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th October 1878.

NOTICE.

IMPORTERS of bullion are informed that in accordance with Government notification No. 1024, dated 14th June 1878, assay certificates on the Department of Issue for silver and on the General Treasury for gold for the outturn value of their bullion will, from the 1st November 1878, be issued from the Office of the Master of the Mint, and not from that of the Assay Master.

Preliminary receipts for bullion will in future not be given.

J. F. TENNANT, *Col., R.E.,*

Master of the Mint.

CALCUTTA MINT, the 29th October 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1878.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS

No. 5121A.

GENERAL.—*The 6th November 1878.*—The following promotions are made in the Subordinate Executive Service:—

Baboo Rakhal Dass Halder, First Special Commissioner, Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, is promoted to the Third Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Mr. E. B. Godfrey, deceased.

Baboo Joggessur Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, is confirmed in the Fourth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Rakhal Dass Halder.

Mr. G. C. M. Smith, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty under the Irrigation Branch of this Government, is promoted to the Fourth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Gour Dass Bysack.

Baboo Hursahoy Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on survey duty in Patna and Gya, is promoted temporarily to the Fourth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Joggessur Mookerjee.

Baboo Peary Mohun Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Qurbhunga, is confirmed in the Fifth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Joggessur Mookerjee.

Mr. C. P. Manson, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jamtara, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is promoted temporarily to the Fifth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Hursahoy Sing.

Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is confirmed in the Sixth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, *vice* Baboo Peary Mohun Banerjee.

Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee will continue to be employed as General Manager of the Nashipore, Nebalia, and Sydabad estates, under the Court of Wards, in Moorshedabad.

Baboo Okhoy Coomar Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Balasore, is promoted temporarily to the Sixth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Mr. C. F. Manson.

Baboo Judoo Nath Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bagirhat, Jessore, is promoted temporarily to the Sixth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Baboo Umakant Dass.

Baboo Rajonee Coomar Dutt, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is confirmed in the Seventh Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee.

The 18th November 1878.—Baboo Troylucko Nath Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moonsheegunge, Dacca, is confirmed in the Sixth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Moulvie Hossein Ali, retired.

Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is promoted temporarily to the Sixth Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Baboo Troylucko Nath Sen.

Baboo Soorjo Coomar Sen, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Backergunge, is confirmed in the Seventh Grade of Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, vice Baboo Troylucko Nath Sen.

The 19th November 1878.—Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Darjeeling, is transferred to Bankoora.

Mr. J. A. Craven, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to Darjeeling from the date he is relieved of his present duties as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.

Baboo Kedar Nath Dutt, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bankoora, is appointed to act until further orders as Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of the Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.

The 20th November 1878.—The services of Mr. G. J. S. Hodgkinson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Sarun, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Mr. J. F. Bradbury, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

Mr. Edward Norman Baker, who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Patna division, and is posted to the Sudder Station of the Patna district.

The 22nd November 1878.—Mr. T. W. Gribble, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, having returned from furlough, is posted to the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 23rd November 1878.—Mr. W. B. Martin, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who reported his return from furlough on the forenoon of the 20th instant, is allowed subsidiary leave for one week from that date to enable him to join his appointment at Doomke, in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Baboo Kartic Chunder Roy Chowdry, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Poooree, is transferred to Balasore, and is posted to the Bhuddruck division of that district.

Moulvie Abdool Jubber, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Patna, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.O.) of 1871.

The 25th November 1878.—The following promotions, made on the 26th September, and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd October last, will have effect from the 9th July 1878, the date on which the Hon'ble H. T. Prinsep was confirmed as a Judge of the High Court:—

Mr. W. Cornell to the First Grade of District and Sessions Judges, vice the Hon'ble H. T. Prinsep.

Mr. P. D. Dickens to the Second Grade of District and Sessions Judges, vice Mr. W. Cornell.

Mr. C. A. Kelly, Officiating District and Sessions Judge, Jessore, on leave, is appointed to act as District and Sessions Judge of Bankoora, and Additional District and Sessions Judge of Burdwan, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. T. F. Bignold, or until further orders. This cancels the orders of the 18th instant, appointing Mr. Kelly to act as Additional District and Sessions Judge of Chittagong.

Mr. A. W. Cochran, Officiating Additional District and Sessions Judge, Chittagong, is also appointed to be Additional District and Sessions Judge of Backergunge.

Mr. Hugh FitzJohn Tyrrel Maguire, who has recently been appointed to be a Member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division, and is posted to Beerthoom.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, is allowed leave for two months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under the orders of the 7th instant.

Baboo Gooroo Churn Dass, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Moorshedabad, is allowed leave for seven days, under section 5, supplement F. to the Civil Leave Code.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. E. S. Moseley, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who has returned from furlough, is posted to Pubna.

Baboo Kedar Nath Ghose, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in temporary charge of the Fenny river division, Noakholly, is transferred to Jessore, on being relieved of his present temporary charge.

Mr. J. F. K. Hewitt, who reported his return from furlough on the 19th October last, is allowed subsidiary leave for 8 days from that date, to enable him to join his appointment as Officiating Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has granted extensions of leave to the following Officers for the periods noted against their names:—

Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw, c.s., 15 days' furlough.

„ E. B. Baker, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, 10 days' furlough.

Mr. H. M. Kisch, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, on leave, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, with effect from the 2nd instant.

Mr. L. Hare, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dinagepore, is appointed to act, until further orders, as a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, with effect from the date on which he joined that district.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS.—*The 13th November 1878.*—The following officers are appointed to be *ex officio* Members of the Committee for the management of the Zoological Gardens at Alipore:—

The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

The Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal.

POLICE.—*The 22nd November 1878.*—Captain A. R. Wilkinson, Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, is allowed subsidiary leave for six days to enable him to rejoin his appointment on return from furlough.

The 23rd November 1878.—Mr. J. F. Needham, who reported his return from furlough on the 24th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the afternoon of the 4th instant, to enable him to join his appointment as Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Backergunge.

The 25th November 1878.—Mr. D. J. Poole, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Pubna, is allowed furlough for two years, under section 7, supplement F. to the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for a fortnight under section 10, supplement F. to the Code, with effect from the 1st December next.

Mr. B. P. Guise, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who has returned from furlough, is posted temporarily to Darjeeling.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. J. P. Sneyd, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on leave, is posted to the district of Jessore. This cancels the orders of the 2nd instant, posting Mr. Sneyd to the district of Backergunge.

The orders of the 2nd instant, transferring Baboo Probhat Chunder Chatterjee, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, to Midnapore, are cancelled.

Mr. M. F. Beamish, Assistant Magistrate of Police, on leave, is posted to Serajunge, in the district of Pubna.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 23rd November 1878.*—The Reverend M. Lamert is appointed to be Chaplain of Hazareebagh with effect from the 1st instant.

REGISTRATION.—*The 23rd November 1878.*—Baboo Mahabharat Shaha is appointed to be Rural Sub-Registrar of Moureswar, in the district of Beerbhoom, *vice* Munshi Gholam Rasool, resigned.

EDUCATION.—*The 22nd November 1878.*—The services of Mr. James Willson, M.A., Professor in the Patna College, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. C. W. Bolton, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector Chittagong, is appointed to be Secretary to the District School Committee of Chittagong.

OPIMUM.—*The 20th November 1878.*—Surgeon-Major T. W. Sheppard, Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent, Benares, who reported his return from furlough, is appointed to be Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent, Behar.

The 23rd November 1878.—Surgeon-Major T. W. Sheppard, Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Behar, is allowed subsidiary leave for 16 days to enable him to rejoin his appointment on return from furlough.

MEDICAL.—*The 22nd November 1878.*—Surgeon J. J. Wood officiated as Civil Surgeon of Hazareebagh in addition to his duties as Superintendent of Vaccination, Ranchee Circle, from the 1st to the 22nd July 1878.

The 23rd November 1878.—The services of Assistant Surgeon Abdoor Russack, a Resident Assistant Surgeon, Mayo Hospital, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

Assistant Surgeon Rajkinto Ghosal, temporarily attached to the Arrah Dispensary, was in medical charge of the Jail and Civil Station of Shahabad from the 28th ultimo to the 14th instant.

The 25th November 1878.—Surgeon J. F. Mullen is appointed temporarily to act as second Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital, during the absence, on deputation, of Surgeon C. H. Joubert.

The 26th November 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Netai Chunder Haldar, a supernumerary doing duty in the Mayo Hospital, is appointed to be House Surgeon to the Second Surgeon's Wards, Medical College Hospital, Calcutta, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Bepin Krishna Coomar.

PORT TRUST.—*The 22nd November 1878.*—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, *c.s.i.*, of his appointment as a Commissioner for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. W. M. Souttar, Commissioner of Police and Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta, is appointed to be a Commissioner for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta under Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

Captain W. L. Searle, Officiating Superintendent of Marine, Eastern Division, is appointed to be a Commissioner for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta under Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 11th November 1878.*—The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election of Mr. G. E. Porter by the Municipal Commissioners of Patna to be their Vice-Chairman for the year ending 31st March 1879, *vice* Mr. L. C. Abbott, transferred.

The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be Commissioners of the Nasirabad Municipality, in the district of Mymensingh :—

- Baboo Hari Kishore Rai, Zemindar and Pleader.
- " Gangadas Guha, Pleader.
- " Surja Kanto Acharjya Chowdry, Rai Bahadoor, Zemindar.
- " Kali Sunker Guha, Pleader.
- " Kali Narayan Sanyal.

Mr. G. H. French, District Superintendent, Police, is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Nasirabad Municipality, *vice* Mr. H. M. Reilly, transferred.

The 14th November 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners of the Takee Municipality in the District of the 24-Pergunnahs :—

- Baboo Kedar Nath Rai Chowdry, Teacher.
- " Sarut Chunder Dass, Trader.
- " Rajendro Nath Chowdry, Zemindar.
- " Boishub Charan Bose, ditto.
- " Kherud Chundra Ghose, ditto.
- " Poorno Chunder Rai Chowdry, ditto.
- " Hem Nath Rai Chowdry, ditto.
- " Deno Nath Ghosh, Kabiraj.

The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the re-election by the Commissioners of the Takee Municipality of Baboo Gyanendra Kumar Roy Chowdry to be their Vice-Chairman for the year 1878-79.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners of the Bankoora Municipality :—

- Baboo Chintamony Dutt, Talookdar and Merchant.
- " Boikunto Nath Koondoo, ditto ditto.
- " Muddon Mohun Nundy, ditto ditto.
- " Keshub Chunder Ghosh, Talookdar.
- " Sharoda Prosad Pattuk, ditto.
- " Mohesh Chunder Banerjee, *b.l.*, Pleader.
- " Umbica Churn Mookerjee, ditto.
- " Ram Chunder Dichit.

The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be Commissioners of the Bankoora Municipality :—

- Baboo Pran Kishen Chatterjee.
- " Juggut Chunder Roy.

The following notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 186.—*The 14th November 1878.*—The undermentioned officer has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India extension of leave as advised in list dated 11th October 1878 :—

Extension of leave.

Name.	Service.	Appointment.	Period and nature of extension.
G. J. Cowley ...	Unconnected	District Superintendent of Police, Assam	60 days' furlough.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 25th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the better regulation of communication with False Point, and for the improvement of False Point Harbour, in the estate of Her Highness the Maharani of Burdwan, commonly known as the Coojung Estate, in killah Coojung, District of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, the subjoined plots of land measuring, more or less, 7,986 acres, as defined below, are required within the aforesaid estate of Coojung, killah Coojung, District of Cuttack :—

1st Plot bounded on the—

	Acre.
North—By a line drawn east and west between the Jumboo and Sunti Creek at a point one mile due north of Templetree	1,140
South—By River Jumboo	
East—By Sunti Creek	
West—By Rivers Chota Brahminee and Jumboo	

2nd Plot—

North—By a line drawn east and west between the Sunti Creek and the sea, from a point one mile due north of Templetree	1,820
West—By Sunti Creek	
South—By River Jumboo and sea	
East—By the sea	

3rd Plot bounded on the—

North—By River Jumboo	1,080
West—By a line drawn, north and south between Jumboo and Ram Chunder Gullia, from the mouth of crossing Creek opposite Round Point	
South—By Ram Chunder Gullia	
East—By River Jumboo, together with a strip one hundred yards wide on west side of Ram Chunder Gullia for its whole length between Jumboo and Bakud Creek	

4th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land on the east side of the Ram Chunder Gullia, 100 yards in width, the whole length of the Creek from Jumboo to Bakud. Also a strip of land 100 yards in width along the west bank of the Bakud Creek from Ram Chunder Gullia to north beacon	540
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5th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land 100 yards wide extending along the west bank of the Bakud Creek, from the Ram Chunder Gullia to the River Maha- nuddy	86
--	----

6th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land 100 yards wide along the east bank of the Bakud Creek throughout its whole length, from the River Mahanuddy south beacon	130
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7th Plot—

Comprised in all the area known as Plowden's Island as far south as a line drawn east and west from the north beacon of Bakud Creek, and bounded on the north, west, and east by the harbour of False Point	490
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8th Plot—

Comprising all the area known as Dowdeswells Island, together with a plot of land round False Point Light-house, and bounded on the north and east by the sea, on the west by False Point harbour, and on the south by a line drawn, east and west, from a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house. The plot of land round False Point Light- house in connection with Dowdeswell's Island is bounded on the north by a line drawn east and west from north creek to the sea, through a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house; on the west by north creek; on the south by Light-house creek; and on the east by the sea	2,650
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Total ... 7,986

This declaration is made, under provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Port St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following revised notification, in substitution of the one published at pages 1202 and 1226, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th and 20th November 1878, respectively :—

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Coimbatore, the 18th November 1878

It is hereby notified, under Section 5 of "The Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI) of 1878," that, on or about the 24th August 1878, the following treasure was found in the backyard of the house belonging to one Govinda Boyen, of Sadapolliem, a hamlet of Chedgappally, in the Erode taluq of the Coimbatore district.

All persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, are required to appear personally, or by agent, before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office on the 20th March 1879, in order to the matter being inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

		Value.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
7 East India Company's whole rupees of 1846	...	7	0	0
1 Rupee of 1876	...	1	0	0
4 quarter rupees	...	1	0	0
302 Veeraroyen Fanams...	...	75	8	0
2 half ditto	...	0	8	0
2 old two anna pieces	...	0	4	0
2 old one-anna pieces	...	0	2	0
Total	...	85	6	0

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th November 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 814, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of the Suburbs of Calcutta at a meeting, to sanction the addition of the following words to the existing bye-law No. 19 of the said Municipality :—

"or to order the owner or occupier of such building to remove such spout, or to effect the necessary alteration within eight days of service of notice."

The entire bye-law will then stand as follows :—

19. No person shall put, or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to take down and alter any such spout now in existence, and to recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners, or to order the owner or occupier of such building to remove such spout or to effect the necessary alteration within eight days of service of notice.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—The following revised rules for the working of the Treasure Trove Act (VI) of 1878 are approved by the Lieutenant-Governor and published for general information under Section 19 of the said Act in modification of those published at page 891 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st August 1878 :—

The notification under Section 5 (a) shall be published at the Collector's cutcherry, sub-divisional cutcherry, moonsiff's cutcherry, and police-station within the jurisdiction of which the treasure was found, and at some conspicuous spot in the village in which it was found.

2. On receipt of any application under Section 4, or on receipt of information from any person other than the finder that treasure had been found, the Collector shall report the act to the Commissioner, stating—

- (1) Name of finder;
- (2) Nature of treasure;
- (3) Approximate value;
- (4) Date of finding;

- (5) Whether it is recommended that Government should acquire the treasure under Section 16 (when the treasure consists of coin).

A copy of this report shall be sent to the Asiatic Society at Calcutta for information, it having been decided that unless there is some strong reason to the contrary, whenever two

or more coins of the same kind are found, the Society may be allowed the option of purchasing one of them. The Society will also select any coins likely to be useful to the Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay, and will correspond with that Society on the subject.

8. In the case of information being given by a person other than the finder, the Collector shall issue a notice on the person informed against, to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for not giving the required notice; and in the event of no cause being shown, the Collector shall take such further action as may seem expedient.

4. On receipt of the Collector's report the Commissioner will, if he thinks the property ought to be acquired by Government, report the case for the orders of the Board of Revenue.

5. All notices under Section (5) should be served at the cost of Government.

6. All fines levied under this Act shall be credited to Land Revenue "Miscellaneous," and any treasure which vests in Government under Section 20 or 21 shall, unless it be such as it is thought advisable for Government to retain, be sold by public auction to the highest bidder under the orders of the Commissioner, and the proceeds be credited to the above head.

7. All Commissioners and Collectors should append a paragraph to their land revenue annual reports, stating whether any applications have been presented during the year under report under Section 4, or any proceedings taken before the Magistrate under Section 20 or 21.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Second Publication

The 8th November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 24.)

Bay of Bengal, Coast of Burma.

EXHIBITION OF BLUE LIGHTS AND MAROONS AT KRISHNA SHOAL LIGHT-VESSEL

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 1st November 1878, the light-vessel stationed off the Krishna Shoal in the Gulf of Martaban, will exhibit every night, between sunset and sunrise, a blue light every half hour and a maroon at the intermediate quarter hours.

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 2nd November 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulf of Martaban, No. 828; Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, No. 706; Indian Ocean, No. 7486; and Indian Marine Survey Chart, Martaban Gulf, No. 134; also, Admiralty List of Lights, East Indies, &c., No. 96, page 16; Marine Survey of India Light List, No. 87; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 498.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

Erratum.—In notice No. 23, dated 15th October 1878, 4th line from bottom, for Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830, read Cocanada to Bassein river, No. 829.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the declaration dated the 23rd February 1877, published at page 416 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 28th March 1877, for the acquisition of land for the site of a Post Office in mouzah Akbarpore, pergunnah Panch-rookly, sub-division Nowdah, in the Gya district, is cancelled.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]
NOTIFICATION.

The 9th November 1878.—List of candidates for enrolment as Revenue Agents who passed at the Examination held in August 1878:—

Division.	District.	Names of the Candidates.	Division.	District.	Names of Candidates.
Burdwan	Burdwan	1. Debendra Chandra Mookerjee. 2. Hangaowar Palit. 3. Serbanand Roy. 4. Srimam Banerjia. 5. Srimam Chuckerbutty. 6. Umee Chandra Banerjia.	Gya		1. Durga Prasad. 2. Kamla Pat. 3. Madho Prasad. 4. Mahadeo Saran. 5. Mir Muhammad Husain. 6. Nath Prasad. 7. Nawab Lal. 8. Ram Karan Lal. 9. Rowat Lal. 10. Rohan Prasad. 11. Sayed Latifuddin Ahmad. 12. " " Rahman Husain. 13. " " Zahiruddin Ahmad. 14. Shaikh Hidayat Rashid. 15. " " Makhdom Haza. 16. " " Muhammad Ibrahim. 17. " " Muhammad Imadul Aziz. 18. " " Muhammad Nur. 19. " " Nurul Hossain. 20. " " Qurban Ali. 21. " " Royant Husain. 22. " " Shafayet Husain. 23. " " Shajef Husain. 24. " " Waziduddin. 25. Shiu Prasad. 26. " " Shankar Lal. 27. " " Sahai. 28. Tota Ram.
	Midnapore	1. Baikant Nath Roy.			1. Muhammad Abdul Latif. 2. Shaikh Ali Haza. 3. " " Muhammad Shament Towhid. 4. " " Muhammad Nasir Alam.
	Hooghly	1. Dwarka Nath Singh. 2. Trilochan Dutt.			1. Anant Sahai. 2. Hem Prasad. 3. Burhades Narain. 4. Sahabir Prasad. 5. Hameewar Daul. 6. Ram Kuber Lal.
Presidency Division.	Nudda	1. Debnath Maudal. 2. Dhanraj Dhar Banerjia. 3. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 4. Nares Chandra Ghose.	Shahabad		1. Abdul Latif. 2. Ali Husain. 3. Anant Prasad. 4. Chatur Bhuj. 5. Dhori Lal. 6. Mohiuddin. 7. Nehaluddin. 8. Nenuu Das. 9. Raj Coomur Singh. 10. Sham Chandra Narain. 11. Sitwant Sahai. 12. Wabeb Husain.
	Dinagepore	1. Jean Chandra Tarafdar. 2. Pratap Chandra Guha Khanna. 3. Sarada Charan Sen.			1. Gurdeo Prasad. 2. Haribar Nath. 3. Jasoda Nund. 4. Ram Sarup Lal.
	Rangpore	1. Abhay Charan Ghose. 2. Dhananath Mallik. 3. Girya Nath Sen. 4. Gopal Chandra Das. 5. Kailas Chandra Majumdar.	Mozufferpore		1. Deyant Husain. 2. Jbakori Lal. 3. Lala Paru Lal.
Rajshahye and Cooch Behar.	Bogra	1. Mahim Chandra Das			1. Amiruddin. 2. Kaurur Dhari Lal. 3. Nawab Singh.
	Furreedpore	1. Barada Kant Ghose. 2. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 3. Prahlad Chander Roy. 4. Rajani Kant Dutt. 5. Romani Kant Banerjia. 6. Ram Chandra Ghose. 7. Srinath Hore. 8. Srinath Sen. 9. Uma Nath Guha.			1. Chundi Sahai. 2. Ghulam Mohiuddin. 3. Khurshaid Alam. 4. Musahib Ali. 5. Rastam Ali. 6. Shaki Lal.
	Backergunge	1. Ambica Charan Banerjia. 2. Nabin Chandra Guha.	Purneah		1. Bir Chandro Gupta. 2. Raj Kumar Dutt.
Dacca	Mymenagh	1. Girish Chandra Ganguli. 2. Naba Kumar Barman. 3. Sarat Chandra De.			1. Bir Chandro Gupta. 2. Raj Kumar Dutt.
		1. Abdul Kurim. 2. Abdul Razaq. 3. Anand Hakim. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gajadhar Prasad I. 7. Gajadhar Prasad II. 8. Gura Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Guamandi Lal. 11. Harhar Prasad. 12. Hari Prasad. 13. Kahi Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohan. 16. Malik Ali Haza. 17. Nahi Bakhsh. 18. Nasrudin. 19. Raghubans Sahai. 20. Rahat Husain. 21. Rajbullabh Sahai. 22. Ram Kuber Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " " Muhammad Esah. 26. " " Sultan Husain. 27. Shaikh Abdul Aziz. 28. " " Abdul Husain. 29. " " Abdul Wahab. 30. " " Abdul Wahid. 31. " " Fariduddin. 32. " " Muhammad Mohib. 33. " " Abdul Huz. 34. " " Muhammad Monirul Huz. 35. " " Sayeduddin. 36. Sham Narain Singh. 37. Thakur Sahai. 38. Tota Ram.			1. Matha Tola Prasad.
	Patna	1. Abdul Kurim. 2. Abdul Razaq. 3. Anand Hakim. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gajadhar Prasad I. 7. Gajadhar Prasad II. 8. Gura Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Guamandi Lal. 11. Harhar Prasad. 12. Hari Prasad. 13. Kahi Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohan. 16. Malik Ali Haza. 17. Nahi Bakhsh. 18. Nasrudin. 19. Raghubans Sahai. 20. Rahat Husain. 21. Rajbullabh Sahai. 22. Ram Kuber Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " " Muhammad Esah. 26. " " Sultan Husain. 27. Shaikh Abdul Aziz. 28. " " Abdul Husain. 29. " " Abdul Wahab. 30. " " Abdul Wahid. 31. " " Fariduddin. 32. " " Muhammad Mohib. 33. " " Abdul Huz. 34. " " Muhammad Monirul Huz. 35. " " Sayeduddin. 36. Sham Narain Singh. 37. Thakur Sahai. 38. Tota Ram.	Chota Nag-pore.		
Patna	Patna	1. Abdul Kurim. 2. Abdul Razaq. 3. Anand Hakim. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gajadhar Prasad I. 7. Gajadhar Prasad II. 8. Gura Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Guamandi Lal. 11. Harhar Prasad. 12. Hari Prasad. 13. Kahi Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohan. 16. Malik Ali Haza. 17. Nahi Bakhsh. 18. Nasrudin. 19. Raghubans Sahai. 20. Rahat Husain. 21. Rajbullabh Sahai. 22. Ram Kuber Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " " Muhammad Esah. 26. " " Sultan Husain. 27. Shaikh Abdul Aziz. 28. " " Abdul Husain. 29. " " Abdul Wahab. 30. " " Abdul Wahid. 31. " " Fariduddin. 32. " " Muhammad Mohib. 33. " " Abdul Huz. 34. " " Muhammad Monirul Huz. 35. " " Sayeduddin. 36. Sham Narain Singh. 37. Thakur Sahai. 38. Tota Ram.			
		1. Abdul Kurim. 2. Abdul Razaq. 3. Anand Hakim. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gajadhar Prasad I. 7. Gajadhar Prasad II. 8. Gura Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Guamandi Lal. 11. Harhar Prasad. 12. Hari Prasad. 13. Kahi Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohan. 16. Malik Ali Haza. 17. Nahi Bakhsh. 18. Nasrudin. 19. Raghubans Sahai. 20. Rahat Husain. 21. Rajbullabh Sahai. 22. Ram Kuber Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " " Muhammad Esah. 26. " " Sultan Husain. 27. Shaikh Abdul Aziz. 28. " " Abdul Husain. 29. " " Abdul Wahab. 30. " " Abdul Wahid. 31. " " Fariduddin. 32. " " Muhammad Mohib. 33. " " Abdul Huz. 34. " " Muhammad Monirul Huz. 35. " " Sayeduddin. 36. Sham Narain Singh. 37. Thakur Sahai. 38. Tota Ram.			

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]
NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—In accordance with the provisions of Section 2, Act I (B.C.) of 1868, an Act to make further provision for the survey of steam vessels plying within the provinces subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, it is hereby notified for general information that the port of Chittagong, as defined in Government notification No. 517, dated

12th September 1856, and published at page 1476 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 17th September 1856, is declared to be a port of survey, the provisions of Act V (B.C.) of 1862 being made applicable to it.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Kurnool Collector's Office, the 30th October 1878.

Notice is hereby given, under Section 5 of the Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on the 5th October 1878 hidden treasure, consisting of six gold pagodas and 14 gold modas (small pieces of old gold coin), valued at Rs. 45, was found in the old ruined village site of Pullagummi, situated at the distance of a furlong from the new village bearing the same name, by one Sunkulamma, of that village, in Ramallakota taluq, Kurnool district. Any person having a claim to the treasure above specified, or any part thereof, is hereby required to appear either personally or by agent before the Collector of Kurnool on the 17th March 1879, and establish his claim thereto on the above date, failing which the treasure will be disposed of under the provisions of the said Act.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th November 1878.—In continuation of the notification dated the 24th September 1872, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 30th October 1872, the following rules regulating the moving of steam-launches in the port of Calcutta, having received the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal under Section 7, Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports' Act), are published for general information:—

RULES.

- (1). "All steam-launches plying in the port of Calcutta shall have their steering gear so placed that the men steering the boats can have a clear look-out ahead."
- (2). "No steam-launch shall proceed up or down the port inside the moorings at a greater rate of speed than 4 miles an hour."

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 25th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Cuttack Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for a Mahomedan burial-ground at Khannuggur in the town of Cuttack, in the district of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring 4 acres, more or less, is required at Khannuggur in the town of Cuttack. The land is bounded on the north by lands of mouzaha Bisanabar and Sampore; on the south by river Katjoree; on the east by the old pilgrim road, and on the west by waste land of mouzaha Bisanabar and Sampore.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 11th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the site of the school building in the village of Radhaballava, pergunnah Munthoua, zillah Rungpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 50½ beghas of standard measurement, and called by the name of the "Ooch Behar land," bounded on the east by the jote and premises of late Raj Chandra Rai; west by the public road; north by the public road and the Barahari *Akhotee*; and south by the public road, is required within the aforesaid village Radhaballava.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5122A.

The 20th November 1878.—Mr. Edward Norman Baker, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector at Patna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 23rd November 1878.—Baboo Shuresh Chunder Dass, Sub-Deputy Collector, Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 25th November 1878.—Mr. Hugh Fitz-John Tyrrel Maguire, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector at Beerbhoom, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. A. J. Primrose, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bagdogra, Rungpore, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 3, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor's control.

Baboo Trigunna Prosunno Bose, Additional Moonsif of Cutwa, in the District of Burdwan, having resumed his duties on the afternoon of the 28th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 16th July last, is cancelled.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Moonshee Abdus Salam, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police station of Dawlatpore, in the district of Nuddes, in the place of Moulvi Abool Hasnot, resigned.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd November 1878.—Under the authority vested in him by section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends the provisions of the said Act to the Thanae of Pubna, Muthurah, Chatmohur, Doolia, and Shahzadpore, in the Pubna district.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878.—In addition to the Inspector-General of Jails in the Lower Provinces, who is by law an ex-officio visitor of all the lunatic asylums within his circle of inspection, the Lieutenant-Governor has, in supersession of previous notifications, appointed the following gentlemen to be visitors of the Lunatic Asylum at Bhowanipore, under section II of Act XXXVI of 1868:—

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,
Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Civil Surgeon of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Superintendent, Alipore Jail,
First Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital,
Mr. J. B. Roberts.
„ J. B. Knight, C.I.E.
Baboo Jodoo Laul Mullick.

} ex-officio.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Courts' Act (VI of 1871), the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal vests Baboo Loke Nath Nandi, Second Moonsif of Bogra, with the powers of Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts within the limit of Rs. 50.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Second Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1878.—The man described in the roll below having been sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment for criminal breach of trust while employed as a clerk in the Howrah Registry Office, is hereby declared disqualified for future employment under Government in any capacity :—

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Residence.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Complexion.	Particular marks.
Girish Chandra Matilal	Jann Chandra Matilal	Village Behala, thana Talraung, district 26-Pargunnahs.	Brahmin.	35 years.	5 feet 7 inches, and of stout figure.	Dark.	Marks of small-pox on the face. Legs discoloured from opium smoking.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Second Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th November 1878.—Under Section 8, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Moulvi Abdus Subhan, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police-stations of Parsa and Patnitollah, in the district of Dinagepore, with head-quarters at Ghatnagar.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Third Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest all excise officers above the rank of peon, and all District Superintendents, Assistant Superintendents, Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, and Head Constables of Police in the Orissa Division with the powers described in Section 14 of the Opium Act I of 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 19th November 1878.

No. 226.—*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Dino Nath Sen, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Dinagepore Division, is allowed leave on medical certificate for eleven months, under Civil Leave Code, Supplement F, section 3, with effect from the 31st August 1878.

No. 227.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for information :—

No. 841 of the 6th September 1878.—The following extract from list No. 32, dated the 9th August 1878, received from the India Office, is republished for general information :—

Permitted to return to duty.

Colonel J. D. Swayne, Staff Corps.

No. 1062 of the 8th November 1878.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India with the necessary subsidiary leave.

Major J. P. Steel, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, temporary First Grade, Public Works Department, private affairs, for two years, under Rule IX of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 1087 of the 9th November 1878.—The following extract from list No. 42, dated the 18th October 1878, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Granted extensions of leave.

Major G. S. Hills, Royal Engineers, three months' medical certificate.

No. 228.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 370 of the 3rd September 1878.—The following Apprentice Overseers are appointed to the Upper Subordinate Establishment in the grades specified, and posted as follows :—

To Bengal Provincial Establishment.
Corporal A. Edmonds, First Grade.

No. 446 of the 23rd October 1878.—The undermentioned passed students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State as Assistant Engineers, Second Grade, are posted as follows :—

To Bengal Provincial.
Mr. A. Horne. | Mr. W. A. Darling.

No. 468 of the 4th November 1878.—The following is republished for information and guidance in the Public Works Department :—

Financial Department Notification No. 3483 of the 18th October 1878.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that when a public officer in civil employ is required by competent authority to leave his head-quarters as a witness on behalf of Government in a court-martial, or in a suit in a Civil Court, he shall receive the travelling allowance to which he is entitled, under rule for travelling in the performance of the duties of his office.

No. 470 of the 5th November 1878.—Mr. J. S. Johnstone, Officiating Accountant, Fourth Grade, Bengal, is transferred to Port Blair, and confirmed in his grade from the date of his assuming charge there.

No. 476 of the 7th November 1878.—Messrs. W. E. Palmer and •, temporary Assistant Examiners, Third Grade, on probation, are brought on the permanent strength of the Superior Accounts Establishment in that grade.

No. 486 of the 12th November 1878.—The following Upper Subordinates are retransferred from North-Western Provinces and Oudh to Bengal :—

Provincial Branch.
Bahoo Lal Gopal Banerjee, Supervisor, Second Grade (temporary rank).

(LOCAL COMMUNICATION.)

The 26th November 1878.

No. 229.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Danga to Nursingdee, in zillah Dacca, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land, measuring more or less 9 miles 1,961 feet in length by about 50 feet in width, and passing through the villages of Danga, Hoshinhatta, Towra, Kendooabo, Bunbhog, Pakoora, Mamooora or Mutra, Bondacel, Kakoyesha, Shonar, Pachdona, Sreenugoor, Dakinchandan, Boracerhat, Sreechundee, Ashmaundee, Baghata, Masimpoor, Khatera, Shaeldepara, Bagadee, Shaturpara, Nursingdee, in thana Ruggungo, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Major-Genl., B.A.,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 20th November 1878.

No. 292.—*Notifications.*—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for general information :—

"**No. 508, dated 15th November 1878.**—The resignation of his appointment as Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, in the Public Works Department, tendered by Mr. A. Clarke, B.A., at present on leave, is accepted by the Government of India."

Dated 25th November 1878.

No. 293.—With reference to the orders marginally noted, Mr. J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, and Mr. J. A. Beale, junior, temporary Apprentice Engineer, reported their return from Madras Famine Relief Works at Outtack on the afternoon of the 11th November 1878, and not on the 13th, as notified therein.

The appointment of Mr. J. A. Beale, junior, as a temporary Apprentice Engineer, will therefore cease from the prior date.

No. 294.—Baboo Moheash Chunder Bose, Officiating Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Buxar Division, is granted privilege leave for 15 days, under Section 32 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the forenoon of the 4th November 1878, on which date he availed himself of the same.

No. 295.—Mr. G. T. St. A. Nixon, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of sick leave for two months.

No. 296.—Mr. C. Kriens, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, reported his arrival at Bombay, on the forenoon of the 16th November 1878, on return from the two years' furlough granted him in the orders marginally noted.

The unexpired portion of the furlough is hereby cancelled.

No. 297.—Mr. W. J. Fahie, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 20th November 1878, from the privilege leave granted in the orders marginally noted.

The unexpired portion of the privilege leave is hereby cancelled.

No. 298.—*Reversion*.—Bahoo Mohesh Chunder Bose, Officiating Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Buxar Division, will revert to his permanent rank of Assistant Engineer, First Grade, with effect from the forenoon of the 20th November 1878, in consequence of the return from privilege leave of Mr. W. J. Fahie.

No. 299.—*Posting*.—Mr. C. Kriens, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, is posted to the Orissa Circle.

No. 300.—*Notification*.—In supersession of the Notification by this Department, No. 89, of the 21st February 1876, it is hereby notified, under section VI of the "Canals Act of 1864," that, in lieu of the rates of tollage authorized therein, it is intended to levy toll at the following rates and at the undermentioned places on the Main Western Canal:—

Schedule of Rates of Toll to be charged on the Main Western Canal.

DESCRIPTION.		ENTERING FROM THE EAST.		ENTERING FROM THE WEST.	
		Head works at Dehra.		Bedade near Ganges.	
		Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Vessels (empty)	per 100 mds.	0	6	0	6
" loaded with stone, timber, bricks, or coal only	100	0	6	0	6
" with any other articles	100	0	13	0	13
Large bamboos on floats	100	0	3	0	3
Small bamboos on floats	1,000	0	3	0	3
Bullahs or poles on floats	100	0	3	0	3
Timber in rafts	timber	0	3	0	3

No. 301.—In supersession of the notification by this Department, No. 90 of the 21st February 1876, it is hereby notified, under Section 6 of the "Canals Act of 1864," that, in lieu of the rates of tollage authorized therein, it is intended to levy toll at the following rates, and at the undermentioned places, on the Arrah Canals:—

Schedule of rates of toll to be charged on the Arrah Canals.

DESCRIPTION.		ENTERING FROM THE NORTH.				ENTERING FROM THE SOUTH.			
		Terminal lock at Tinnah.	at Railway Arrah.	Chowree lock No. 7.	Narasingpur lock No. 2.	Dehra head lock.	Narasingpur lock No. 2.	Chowree lock No. 7.	at Railway Arrah.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Vessels (empty)	per 100 mds.	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
" loaded with stone, kunker, bricks or coal only	100	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
" loaded with any other articles	100	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0
Large bamboos in floats	100	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Small bamboos in floats	1,000	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bullahs and poles in floats	100	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Timber in rafts	timber	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

No. 302.—In supersession of the Notification by this Department, No. 91, of the 21st February 1876, it is hereby notified, under section VI of the "Canals Act V of 1864," that, in lieu of the rates of tollage authorized therein, it is intended to levy toll at the following rates and at the undermentioned places on the Patna Canal:—

Schedule of Rates of Toll to be charged on the Patna Canal.

DESCRIPTION.		ENTERING FROM THE NORTH.					ENTERING FROM THE SOUTH.				
		Terminal lock Begun.	at Railway Khatwa.	Bakram lock No. 10.	Ural lock No. 7.	Dadnagar lock No. 2.	Head lock Bakram.	Dadnagar lock No. 2.	Ural lock No. 7.	Bakram lock No. 10.	at Railway Khatwa.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Vessels (empty)	per 100 mds.	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditto loaded with stone, kunker, bricks, or coal only	100	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditto loaded with any other articles	100	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Large bamboos on float	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Small bamboos on floats	1,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bullahs on poles	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Timber in rafts	timber	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

F. T. HALL, Col., R. E.

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

RAILWAY.

The 21st November 1878.

No. 29.—*Notifications.*—Mr. F. A. Hawkes, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Northern Bengal State Railway, returned to duty on the afternoon of the 9th November 1878, from the privilege leave granted in notification No. 22, of the 7th September 1878.

The 22nd November 1878.

No. 30.—Referring to Government of India, Public Works Department, Notification No. 469, of the 5th November 1878, Mr. E. J. Martin, Superintending Engineer, Third Grade (temporary rank), is placed in charge of the Central Bengal Railway Survey as Engineer-in-Chief.

No. 31.—Referring to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 467 of the 2nd instant, Lieutenant G. F. Wilson, R.E., made over, and Lieutenant W. H. White, R.E., temporarily assumed charge of the duties of Assistant Secretary to Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, and Assistant Director of State Railways, North-Eastern System, on the forenoon of the 21st October 1878. Lieutenant White held temporary charge of the office of Assistant Secretary and Assistant Director from 21st October to 16th November 1878, both days inclusive.

No. 32.—Referring to notification No. 31, of the 22nd November 1878, Lieutenant H. G. Kunhardt, R.E., Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade (temporary rank), is appointed to officiate as Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, and Assistant Director of State Railways, North-Eastern System, during the absence of Lieutenant Wilson, R.E., on special duty, or until further orders.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for public purposes, viz. for making a cemetery for the East Indian Railway in the mouzah Mokameh, pergunnah Gyaaspore, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 13 cottahs 14½ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by public road; south by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and garden of Ramsodie Sing; east by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and Gonowry Sing; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Public Works Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a line of railway from the new station at Durbhunga to the old station at Durbhunga, and for providing for sites for station bungalows, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 3,870 feet in length, varying in breadth from 70 feet to 1,015 feet, in the villages or mohulla of New Kharid, Dewann Jakken, and Gorahuli (Chowr), appertaining to mehal Haveli Durbhunga, pergunnah Haveli Durbhunga, zillah Durbhunga, and measuring 20 acres and 25 poles, equal to 25 beeghas (by local measure) is required, the general direction of the line being from south to north.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose viz. for bungalow purpose of the East Indian Railway Company, in the village of Thor, at Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above

purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 rod 6 poles or 17 cottahs 6 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by East Indian Railway Company's land; on the south by Purmanund Paul's house; on the east by Shaik Atabulhak and Abjulul Hak's land; and on the west by Purmanund Paul's shops and road, is required within the aforesaid village of Ghor, at Pandooah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is likely to be required for the construction of a railway in the 24-Pergunnahs, notice is hereby given, under the provisions of Section 4, Act X of 1870, that a survey party is about to take the field for the purpose of making a survey for a railway from Sonarpore *via* Mugrah Hat to Diamond Harbour.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R. E.,*
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10106, dated the 26th November 1878—Surgeon E. Bovill made over charge of the Presidency Jail to Surgeon F. C. Nicholson in the forenoon of the 13th instant.

No. 10118, dated the 26th November 1878.—Surgeon-Major L. Cameron made over charge of the Burdwan Jail to Mr. H. M. Tobin, *c.s.*, in the afternoon of the 12th November 1878.

A. S. LETHBRIDGE,
Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

HIGH COURT.—Original Side

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.

The Honorable the Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General in Council appointed Mr. C. E. Fox, Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as Clerk of the Crown during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. E. H. Forsyth, or until further orders.

R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

TREASURY NOTICES.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVIE ABDUL JUBBER KHAN has been placed in charge of the Patna Treasury; and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. M. HALLIDAY, *Commissioner.*

PATNA COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 21st November 1878.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BAROO JADUB CHUNDER GHOSH has been placed in charge of the Chumpanun Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

D. G. BONRAJEE,

Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commissioner.

PATNA COMM. 'S OFFICE, BANKIPORE, the 22nd November 1878.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1850B.

Notice is hereby given that the Twelfth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankahall Street, on Monday, the 2nd December 1878, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 4,500 chests, viz.—

			Chests.
Behar Opium	...	...	2,500
Benares ..	...	...	2,000
Total	...	...	4,500

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 23rd November 1877, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 7th and 17th December 1878 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-Room will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 7th December 1878, and no Bank of Bengal receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 17th December 1878.

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 29th October 1878.

No. 1462B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	30,358	
Supply from 1877-78...	9,747	30,000
BEHAR.		
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	28,229	
Supply from 1877-78...	1,771	30,000
Total ...		60,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1879 will consist of 30,000 chests of Behar and 30,000 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1876-77 and 1877-78, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstance render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th Jan. 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Feb. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th Mar. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th Aug. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Nov. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd Dec. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total ...	30,000	30,000	60,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin,

Deposit.	
When the amount bid is less than	
Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 900 per chest.	
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but	
less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 800	
per chest.	
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but	
less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 600	
per chest.	
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the	
deposit for every bid additional, to the	
extent of Rs. 400.	

shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8.—The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale; and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the 5th Condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first bona fide bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the

same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1 certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1877-78, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1879, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 60,000 chests of

Behar	...	...	...	Chests.
Benares	...	...	...	30,000
	...	...	...	30,000
Total	...	...	...	60,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such Opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such Opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 21st November 1878.

Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly subject to Customs Duty on 15th November 1878.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	5,11,471	22,284	2,49,334	7,83,089
Bombay Kurkutch	1,11,431	.....	12,218	1,23,649
Arabian and Persian Gulfs, Kur- kutch and Muscat Rock ...	1,17,354	.....	1,22,128	2,39,482
Ceylon Kurkutch	40,186	.....	.....	40,186
Egyptian ditto	46,612	.....	.....	46,612
Cutch ditto ... ..	.....	.....	2,000	2,000
French ditto ... ..	.....	.....	1,246	1,246
Total	8,27,054	22,284	3,86,926	12,36,264

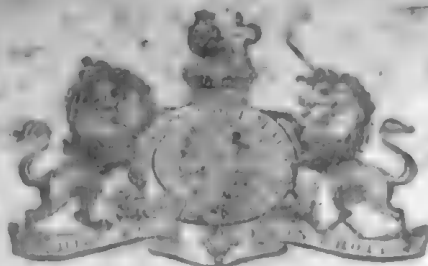
By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. D. MACLEAN, *Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd November 1878.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 49 of 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1878.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 5307A.

GENERAL.—The 14th November 1878.—Mr. Arthur Dingwall, who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Burdwan Division, and is posted to the Sudder Station, of the Burdwan district.

The 14th November 1878.—Mr. Duncan James Macpherson, M.A., who has recently been appointed to be a Member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Dacca Division, and is posted to Dacca.

The 27th November 1878.—Mr. W. R. Ricketts, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, is allowed leave from the 30th ultimo to the 22nd instant, inclusive, under Section 12-2, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

The 28th November 1878.—Moulvi Abdul Wahab, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chittagong, is allowed leave for three months under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

Mr. J. G. Ritchie, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Patna, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 23rd instant.

The 29th November 1878.—Raboo Doorgaund Dass, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Noakhali, is allowed leave for three months under Section 9, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st proximo or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. H. W. Alexander, who reported his return from furlough on the 23rd instant, is allowed subsidiary leave for fourteen days from that date to enable him to join his appointment as Opium Agent of Behar.

Mr. C. H. Vowell, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to Mozufferpore, on being relieved of his appointment as Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Rajshahye.

Mr. F. W. R. Cowley, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted to the district of Purneah, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his appointment as Officiating District and Sessions Judge of Bhagulpore.

The 30th November 1878.—Mr. J. Anderson, who reported his return from furlough on the 20th instant, is allowed subsidiary leave for fifteen days from that date, to enable him to join his appointment as Magistrate and Collector of Furreedpore.

Baboo Kasi Kinkur Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pabna, on leave, is transferred to Bhagulpore.

The 2nd December 1878.—Baboo Radha Madhub Bose, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Manbhoom, is allowed leave for one month under Section 12-2, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. W. Fiddian, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, who has returned from furlough, is posted to Bogra.

The 3rd December 1878.—Mr. C. R. Marriott, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the Secetamurhee Division of the Mozufferpore district, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

In supersession of the orders of the 17th May 1878, Major T. H. Lewin, Deputy Commissioner, Darjeeling, is allowed furlough from the 24th November 1877 to the 2nd February 1878, under Rule XI of the Military Furlough Rules of 1868.

Mr. J. Whitmore, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Balasore, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector under Section 165 of Act X of 1859.

Mr. A. C. Mangies reported his departure from India on furlough on the 25th ultimo.

Mr. H. J. S. Cotton, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is allowed furlough for two days, under Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under orders of the 3rd July 1877.

Mr. H. B. Talbot, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Survey, in charge of the Cuttack District Cadastral Survey, is vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector under Act V (B.C.) of 1875.

Mr. A. W. Scanlan, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajmehal, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 12-2, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. C. Ower, Temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Serampore, Hooghly, is allowed leave for 15 days under the Rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

POLICE.—*The 28th November 1878.*—The services of Mr. L. E. Fabre Tonnerre, Assistant Superintendent of Police, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department.

The 28th November 1878.—Mr. M. F. Beamish, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who was, under orders of the 26th instant, posted to Serajgunge in Pabna, is appointed temporarily to have charge of the District Police of Tipperah, until relieved by Mr. G. H. French.

The 2nd December 1878.—Mr. H. V. H. Roberts, Assistant Superintendent of Police, was in charge of the Office of District Superintendent of Police, Lohardugga, from the forenoon of the 25th March to the afternoon of the 3rd May last.

Mr. C. Wintle, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, is posted to Dinagpore.

The 3rd December 1878.—Mr. G. B. Havelock, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Darjeeling, is transferred to Manbhoom.

Mr. W. D. Pratt, District Superintendent of Police, is attached temporarily to the office of the Inspector-General of Police, on special duty, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his duties as Officiating Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police.

REGISTRATION.—*The 2nd December 1878.*—Pundit Dabi Porahad, Special Sub-Registrar, Sarau, is allowed leave for 18 days under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 22nd August last.

EDUCATION.—*The 27th November 1878.*—Mr. C. M. W. Brett, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hazareebagh, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of that district, vice Mr. S. S. Jones.

Baboo Umlika Charan Sirkar, Officiating Head Master of the Ranches Government School, is appointed to be a Member of, and Secretary to, the Lohardugga District School Committee, vice Baboo Tarini Doss Banerjee.

The 24th November 1878.—Baboo Nilmony Mookerjee, Assistant Professor of Sanskrit, Presidency College, is allowed leave for six months under section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under orders dated the 26th May last.

Baboo Bhubun Mohun Sen, Head Master of the Zillah School, is appointed temporarily to be Secretary to the District School Committee of Furreedpore.

MEDICAL.—*The 14th November 1878.*—Baboo Gooroo Dass Mookerjee, Second Teacher, Higher Class English School, at Nakipore, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Shammuggur, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 18th November 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the General Hospital at Cuttack:—

The Executive Engineer, Mahanuddy Division, <i>ex officio</i> .	
Mr. J. P. H. Walker.	Baboo J. M. Roy
„ J. Wellsted.	Hajee Abdool Rohiman Moosa.

The 26th November 1878.—Mr. J. Henessy, Manager, Mathoorapore Concern, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Sudder Charitable Dispensary at Maidah.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Moonsheegunge in the district of Dacca:—

Baboo Brindabun Chundra Dass, <i>vice</i> Baboo Rajani Kant Sen.
„ Bopin Behari Bose, <i>vice</i> Baboo Doorga Charan Mukerjee.
„ Hara Prosad Rai, <i>vice</i> Baboo Behari Lal Ghosal.

The 27th November 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Zuhurooddeen, in charge of the Police Hospital, Calcutta, is appointed temporarily to officiate as Teacher of Surgery, Campbell Medical School, Sealdah, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Rai Ram Narain Doss, Bahadoor.

Assistant Surgeon Maun Mohun Doss, now doing duty at the Mayo Hospital, is appointed temporarily to have medical charge of the Police Hospital, Calcutta, during the absence, on deputation, of Assistant Surgeon Zuhurooddeen, or until further orders.

The 28th November 1878.—Surgeon J. C. Fullerton was in medical charge of the Civil Station of Bhagulpore from the afternoon of the 6th September to the 25th October 1878.

The 29th November 1878.—Surgeon J. M. Zorab, Civil Surgeon of Balasore, is allowed leave for 21 days under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under the orders of the 19th August last.

The 2nd December 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Basanta Kumar Sen, a Supernumerary at the residency, is allowed leave for two months under Rule 5, Section 1(b), Supplement F, to the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st August last.

EMIGRATION.—*The 2nd December 1878.*—Dr. J. G. French, Health Officer of the Port of Calcutta, also acted as Medical Inspector of Emigrants (Colonial Emigration) from the 28th August to the 7th September last, inclusive.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 12th November 1878.*—Baboo Gopal Chunder Banerjee, Officiating Moonsiff, is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Mudhoobunnee Municipality.

The 14th November 1878.—Major R. M. Skinner, District Superintendent of Police, Shahabad, is appointed to be an *ex-officio* Commissioner of the Arrah Municipality.

The 22nd November 1878.—Mr. J. F. Stevens, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is appointed to be *ad interim* Vice-Chairman of the Dacca Municipality for the rest of the current year.

The following gentlemen are re-appointed to be Commissioners of the Municipality of Purneah:—

Mr. J. N. McQueen.	Baboo Bishen Chand.
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Mr. P. Cruise is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Municipality of Purneah, *vice* Mr. G. Hays, retired.

ROAD CESS.—*The 27th November 1878.*—Mr. W. Smith of the Duranda Lac Factory, is appointed to be a Member of the Lohardugga District Road Cess Committee, *vice* Pergunnat Janak Singh, deceased.

In supersession of all previous orders, the following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Midnapore:—

The Magistrate and Collector, Chairman,	} <i>Ex-officio</i> .
The Senior Covenanted Assistant,	
The Executive Engineer, Furdwan Division,	
The District Superintendent of Police,	
Mr. P. L. Richards, Manager of Messrs. R. Watson & Co.	
„ F. T. Rice, Assistant Manager of Messrs. R. Watson & Co.	
„ C. A. Dubas, Manager of Messrs. Ferrin & Co.	
Baboo Bhobun Chundra Banerjee, Pleader and Zemindar.	
„ Roghoo Nath Dass Sohornj, Zemindar.	
„ Nohoo Coomar Chowdry, Zemindar.	
„ Janmajoy Mullick, Zemindar.	
„ Gooroo Churn Dutt, Manager of the Zemindar of Midnapore.	
„ Jogendro Nath Roy, Pleader and Zemindar.	

Mr. J. H. Apjohn, Engineer, Coasse Division.
 Baboo Bhobannessur Mitter, Talookdar and Medical Practitioner.
 " Kristo Lall Mozoomdar, Pleader and Zemindar.
 " Bepun Behary Dutt, Pleader and Zemindar.
 " Georoo Dass Pyno, Zemindar.
 Moulvi Khoirat Ali, Zemindar.
 " Mohamed Ali, Pleader and Zemindar.

The 28th November 1878.—Mr. Lichfield Mesley, Manager of the Bamandanga Tea Estate, is appointed to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Jangporee.

The 3rd December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Moorshedabad:—

Mr. E. A. Lang, Manager of Dumkani Indigo Factory, *vice* Mr. H. Deverell.
 Mr. J. Perrin, Manager of Messrs. Louis Payne & Co., *vice* Mr. A. Gallois.
 Baboo Chuander Nath Mookerjee, Zemindar, *vice* Baboo Ashootosh Bose.
 Rai Jogendro Narain Roy, Zemindar, *vice* Baboo Rugho Nath Sing.
 Baboo Nobin Kristo Banerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.

Kumar Rajendra Narayan Roy Chowdhury is appointed to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Dacca.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
 Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are re-published for general information:—

Camp Lahore, the 21st November 1878.

The following Proclamation is published for general information:—

THE VICEROY OF INDIA

TO THE

AMIR SHER ALI KHAN OF KABUL,

TO HIS SIRDARS AND SUBJECTS, AND TO ALL THE PEOPLE OF AFGHANISTAN.

It is now ten years since the Amir Sher Ali Khan, after a prolonged struggle, had at last succeeded in placing himself upon the Throne of Kabul. At that time his dominions still needed consolidation, and the extent of it was still undefined. In these circumstances, the Amir, who had already been assisted by the British Government with money and with arms, expressed a wish to meet the Viceroy of India. His wish was cordially complied with. He was courteously received, and honorably entertained, by the Viceroy, at Ambala. The countenance and support he had come to seek were then assured to him. He, at the same time, obtained further unconditional assistance in arms and money. These tokens of the good-will of the British Government, which he gratefully acknowledged, materially aided the Amir, after his return to his own country, in there securing his position and extending his authority.

Since then the Amir Sher Ali Khan has received from the British Government, in confirmation of its good-will, large additional gifts of arms. The powerful influence of the British Government has secured for him formal recognition, by the Emperor of Russia, of a fixed boundary between the Kingdom of Kabul and the Khanates of Bokhara and Kokand. The Amir's sovereignty over Wakhan and Badakshan was thereby admitted and made sure, a sovereignty which had, till then, been disputed by the Russian Government. His subjects have been allowed to pass freely throughout the Indian Empire, to carry on trade, and to enjoy all the protection afforded by the British Government to its own subjects. In no single instance have they been unjustly or inhospitably treated within British jurisdiction.

For all these gracious acts the Amir Sher Ali Khan has rendered no return. On the contrary, he has requited them with active ill-will and open discourtesy. The authority over Badakshan, acquired for him by the influence of the British Government, was used by him to forbid passage through that province to a British Officer of rank, returning from a Mission to a neighbouring State. He has closed against free passage to British subjects, and their commerce, the roads between India and Afghanistan. He has maltreated British subjects, and permitted British traders to be plundered within his jurisdiction, giving them neither protection nor redress. He has used cruelty, and

put to death, subjects of his own on the mere suspicion that they were in communication with the British Government. He has openly and assiduously endeavoured, by words and deeds, to stir up religious hatred against the English, and incite war against the Empire of India. Having previously excluded British Officers from every part of his dominions, and refused to receive a British Mission; having left unanswered friendly communications addressed to him by the Viceroy, and repelled all efforts towards amicable intercourse between the British Government and himself, he has, nevertheless, received formally and entertained publicly at Kabul an Embassy from Russia. This he has done at a time when such an act derived special significance from the character of contemporaneous events in Europe, and the attitude of England and Russia in relation thereto. Furthermore, he has done it, well knowing that the Russian Government stands pledged, by engagements with England, to regard his territories as completely beyond the sphere of Russian influence. Finally, while this Russian Embassy is still at his capital, the Amir has forcibly repulsed, at his outposts, an English Envoy of high rank, of whose coming he had formal and timely announcement by a letter from the Viceroy attesting the importance and urgency of the Envoy's Mission.

Even then the British Government, still anxious to avert the calamities of war, deferred hostile action, and proffered to the Amir a last opportunity of escaping the punishment merited by his acts. Of this opportunity the Amir has refused to avail himself.

It has been the wish of the British Government to find the best security for its Indian Frontier in the friendship of a State whose independence it seeks to confirm, and of a Prince whose throne it has helped to support. Animated by this wish, the British Government has made repeated efforts to establish with the Amir Sher Ali Khan those close and cordial relations which are necessary to the interests of the two neighbouring countries. But its efforts, after being persistently repulsed, have now been met with open indignity and defiance.

The Amir Sher Ali Khan, mistaking for weakness the long forbearance of the British Government, has thus deliberately incurred its just resentment. With the sirdars and people of Afghanistan this Government has still no quarrel, and desires none. They are absolved from all responsibility for the recent acts of the Amir; and, as they have given no offence, so the British Government, wishing to respect their independence, will not willingly injure or interfere with them. Nor will the British Government tolerate interference on the part of any other power in the internal affairs of Afghanistan.

Upon the Amir Sher Ali Khan alone rests the responsibility of having exchanged the friendship for the hostility of the Empress of India.

By order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India,

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Camp Lahore, the 29th November 1878.

No. 59 CP.—The Viceroy has much pleasure in making public the following gracious message received from Her Majesty the Queen Empress:—

Windsor Castle, the 26th November 1878.

I have received with the greatest satisfaction the news conveyed in your telegram of the brilliant success of my brave troops, though I, with you, deplore the unavoidable loss of life. I am greatly gratified at the loyal and friendly conduct of the Native Princes on this important occasion.

By order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India,

A. C. LYALL,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.
HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The Lieutenant-Governor has directed that the following prizes should be offered by Government to the students of the Calcutta School of Art, the works being exhibited at the forthcoming Fine Art Exhibition :—

	Rs.
For the best water-colour painting from life	50
Ditto second best ditto ditto	32
Ditto best model of an animal from life	50
Ditto drawing ditto ditto	50
Ditto drawing of scientific subjects—	
(a) Geological (fossils, &c.)	32
(b) Botanical	32
(c) Anatomical or Pathological	32
Ditto wood engraving	32
Ditto second best wood engraving	30
Ditto best specimen of lithography	32
Ditto second best specimen of lithography	20
Ditto best drawing from life in light and shade	32
Ditto second best ditto ditto	25
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from the cast	25
Ditto do. mechanical drawing	25
Ditto do. architectural drawing	25
Ditto do. specimen of modelling	25
Ditto second best specimen of modelling	16
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from models	20
Ditto do. elementary drawing from the blackboard	16

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd December 1878.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 41 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1878, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer upon the Preventive Officers of the Customs Department of the Port of Chittagong the powers of Excise Preventive Officers as laid down in Sections 39 and 40 of the aforesaid Act.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ROAD CESS NOTIFICATION.

DISTRICT OF BANKOORA.

The 3rd December 1878.—It is notified, under Section 75 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), that the Road Cess Committee of the district of Bankoora have, under Section 74 of the Act, determined to levy the cesses under that Act for the cess year commencing from 1st October 1878 at the following rates, being the maximum rates, and the said rates are published accordingly :—

I. Six pies, or two piee, on every rupee of the annual value of lands under Part II and the annual net profits of mines, &c., under Part III of the Act.

II. The following rates on non-agricultural houses and shops :—

Dwelling-houses estimated to be of the present value of—

	Yearly Cess
	Rs. A. P.
Not less than Rs. 100, but less than Rs. 500	1 0 0
" 500, " 1,000	3 0 0
" 1,000, " 2,000	4 8 0
" 2,000, " and upwards, Rs. 3 for every Rs. 1,000 or	

part thereof of the estimated present value.

Shops and buildings used for purposes of trade, whose estimated present value is more than Rs. 25 and less than Rs. 100, to pay a yearly tax of one rupee.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—The declaration dated the 21st January 1878, published at page 58 of the Calcutta Gazette of the 23rd idem, Part I, for the acquisition of a plot of land for enlarging the northern portion of the existing municipal market in the town of Arrah, pergunnah Arrah, zillah Shahabad, is hereby cancelled.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 2, Act III (B.C.) of 1865, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the town of Howrah, the boundaries of which town, for purposes of this Act, shall be conterminous with the limits of the Howrah Municipality.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—It is hereby notified that, under the powers vested in him by Section 32 of Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to exclude the following portion of the Nattore road, at present situated within the limits of the Rampore Beaulah Municipality, from the operation of the said Act, and to authorize the transfer of such road to the charge of the Road Cess Committee of the district of Rajshahye:—

As much of the road from Nattore to Rampore Beaulah as runs from Kujlah through mahallah Talimari, Raminaggur, Khorbonah, and Bagichapara, to its junction with the Ghoramarah road, in mahallah Boshpara, at the north-west corner of Gosi Ganga Dutta Varottee's compound.

2. The portion of the Government Notification dated 7th December 1877, published in pages 1187 and 1711 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 12th, 19th, and 26th idem, relating to the road from Rampore Beaulah to Nattore, is hereby cancelled.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 26th November 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 314 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confirm the bye-laws stated at foot of this Notification, which were made by the Commissioners of the Lalbagh Municipality, in the district of Moorsshedabad, at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice had been given; and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 315 of the same Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the penalties for breaches of the said bye-laws which have been declared by the Commissioners.

BYE-LAWS FOR THE LALBAGH MUNICIPALITY.

For regulating the conduct of business at Meetings.

A list of business to be transacted at any meeting of the Commissioners shall accompany the notice calling the meeting, and no matter which is not contained in such list shall be brought forward for discussion at any meeting unless with the consent of the majority of the Commissioners present at the meeting.

2. Any member wishing to bring any proposition before the Commissioners at a meeting, shall give written notice to the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of his intention to do so, and such proposition shall be included in the next list of business which may be prepared after the receipt of the notice.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting the taxes.

3. A tax collector shall be appointed for the purpose of superintending the collection of taxes. The Municipality shall be divided into four wards, as heretofore, and to these wards shall be appointed seven tehsildars who shall be authorized to collect taxes and to grant receipts within circles specified by the Chairman or Commissioners. The Commissioners may appoint separate warrant clerks or other officers as may be necessary for the realization of taxes.

4. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman. Every collecting officer, at the time of demanding payment, shall be bound to show this certificate, if required, and no tax-payer shall be bound to pay unless such certificate is shown and a printed receipt tendered to him.

5. For all sums paid on account of any tax mentioned in the Act, a printed receipt signed by the tax collector and the collecting officer, showing the quarter for which the sum is paid, the amount of the tax, the number of the holding, and the name of the ward in which it is situated, and the person from whom the tax is levied, shall be given to the person paying the same.

6. The tax collector shall periodically settle accounts with the tehsildars and warrant clerks, at such intervals as the Commissioners may from time to time direct. The tax collector shall report to the Chairman the result of such settlements of accounts and shall certify that the accounts are correct.

7. When any tax, rate, or toll is levied by distress and sale of moveable property, payment of the purchase-money and delivery of the property shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the distraining officer to sell the property again on the same or any other day, and the first or any succeeding purchaser, except the last, shall in such case be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss; such loss shall be recoverable as a debt due from him to the Commissioners.

8. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule, or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition, in the manner described in section 367 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission; and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall continue.

For regulating the conduct of persons employed by the Commissioners.

9. The Chairman shall have power to inflict for neglect of duty or misconduct a fine not exceeding one month's pay upon any person employed by the Commissioners.

For regulating the disposal of offensive matter, rubbish, and dead bodies of animals.

10. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within six hours after its death, or, if death occurs at night, within four hours after daylight, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such a place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report the death to the conservancy overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

In case the person liable shall not remove the carcass, he shall pay to the said overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine, and in case the said person be not the owner of the animal, and the owner be known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

11. No person shall dispose, or cause to be disposed of, any corpse or any part of a corpse otherwise than by burning or burying it at or in some lawful burning or burial ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

12. No slaughter-house shall be kept except at a place assigned for the purpose by the Commissioners; any one found killing animals in any place other than that assigned to him by the Commissioners shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

13. No person shall sell, or cause to be sold, in any market within the limits of the Municipality any article of food which is rotten or otherwise unfit to be used as food.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

For the regulation and management of privies.

14. Any owner or occupier of any house, land or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the Municipality to his house, land or premises, for the removal of any night-soil or filth within such hours as may have been fixed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

15. Every sweeper employed by the owner or occupier of any house, land or premises for the removal of offensive matter from such house, land or premises, shall be subject to the orders, and control of the Municipal Commissioners in respect of the removal and disposal of such offensive matter.

Provided that such owner or occupier shall be responsible jointly with the sweepers so employed by him for the due observance of the laws, bye-laws, and orders of the Municipal Commissioners, so far as regards the house, land or premises owned or occupied by him.

16. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy or premises with a suitable moveable receptacle.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

17. Whenever it shall appear to the Municipal Commissioners that a privy is noxious or improperly constructed, it shall be lawful for them to issue a notice on the owner or occupier of any house, land or premises, in or on which such privy may be situated, directing him to fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of such privy as may seem to them proper; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within 15 days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter such privy in the manner directed in the notice, and any expenditure incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

18. No owner or occupier of any premises in or on which any privy may be situated shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, water-course, river, tank, hollow, or excavation (or into any place containing waste and stagnant water), or into any other receptacle, but one of the nature described in Bye-law No. 16.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

19. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge any night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cess-pool into any river, tank, khal, water-course, or receptacle for water, or dispose of the above-mentioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Municipal Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

20. The Municipal Commissioners may direct the use of coal-tar, lime, carbolic acid, or other deodorant or disinfectant in any privy or on any premises if at any time it seems to them necessary to do so for the preservation of public health or for the prevention of infection or spread of disease.

Provided that the Municipal Commissioners shall be bound to supply such deodorants or disinfectants at cost price, and the price shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

The penalty for not using deodorants or disinfectants so supplied shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

21. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely covered receptacle of such description or pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Municipal Commissioners, and between such hours as the Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

For regulating traffic in the streets.

22. Every carriage or cart plying in the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights except when, in the opinion of the Magistrate, there may be sufficient moonlight to render such light or lights unnecessary.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

General Bye-Laws.

23. No person shall put or cause to be put, on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance and discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public thoroughfare.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

24. It shall be lawful for the Municipal Commissioners to issue a notice to the owner or occupier of any house or building on which there may already be any such spout or other thing intended for the conveyance of water as is described in Bye-law 23, directing him to remove or alter such spout or other thing; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within eight days, the Commissioners may remove or alter such spout or other thing in the manner directed in the notice, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

25. No person shall construct or place over any public drain, any bridge, platform, building or structure of any kind, except by, and with the written permission of the Municipal Commissioners, and in such manner as they shall direct; and in the case of such bridges, platforms, buildings, and structures now in existence, the Commissioners shall have power to issue a notice to the owner or occupier of any such bridges, platforms, buildings or structures, directing such alterations as they may think proper.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a daily fine which may extend to Rs. 1.

26. If any house, wall or other erection, or any part thereof, fall upon any public road or thoroughfare, or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Municipal Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a daily fine which may extend to Rs. 1.

27. If it shall appear to the Municipal Commissioners at a meeting that any hollow or excavation in the lands or premises of any person within the limits of the Municipality is offensive or prejudicial to public health, they shall have power to serve a notice on the owner or occupier of such lands or premises to abate the nuisance by filling up the hollow or excavation, or to take such other course, not inconsistent with the provisions of the Municipal laws, as to the Commissioners shall seem fit; and in the event of the occupier or owner of such land or premises refusing or omitting to comply with the requisition of the Commissioners within a reasonable time, to be set forth in the notice, they shall themselves carry out the work, and the cost thereof shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

28. No person shall prepare any channel, or convey water by any channel, across any thoroughfare except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners, and any such channel may be filled up by the Commissioners who may recover the expense from the offender, or from the person for whose benefit the channel may have been cut.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

29. No person shall, without the consent of the Municipal Commissioners, fill up or stop any existing cess-pool so as to obstruct the drainage of any part of the town.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10, and the Commissioners may order the offender to construct the cess-pool again at his own expense, and if he neglects to do so, may impose a daily fine not exceeding Rs. 1, or may do the work at his expense.

30. No person shall collect, or allow to be collected on or near any public road or place any manure or offensive substance (except for the purpose of conveying it away).

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

31. No person shall tether or graze cattle, goats, or other animals, on any public highway, or cause them to be tethered, or cause or allow them to stray on any such highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

32. No person shall allow any diseased or worn-out animal to stray into any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

For regulating the burial grounds.

33. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burial ground in a grave constructed of masonry in such manner that the top of the coffin, or the body, where no coffin is used, shall be at a less depth than four feet from the surface ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

34. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry which shall be less than six feet deep.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

35. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in a burial ground at a less distance than two feet from any other existing grave.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

36. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners or some person authorized on their behalf.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

37. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of another body without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For regulating the burning of dead bodies.

38. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any burning ground, shall burn or cause the same to be burnt within six hours after its arrival at the said burning ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

39. No person, when burning or causing to be burnt any corpse, or part of a corpse, in any burning ground, shall permit the same or any part thereof to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles, connected with the burning of such corpse, to remain at or near such burning ground, unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

40. No person shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

41. Every corpse, or part of a corpse, which has been kept or used for the purpose or dissection, must be removed in a closed vehicle.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

General bye-laws for the disposal of dead bodies.

42. No corpse, or part of a corpse, shall be taken for burial or burning to, or buried or burnt at, a place other than any of those registered at the Municipal Office for the purpose.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

43. No corpse shall be thrown into the Bhagirathi, or any other river, water-course, or the like, or kept unburied at any place other than a registered burning ghât or burial ground.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine which may extend to Rs. 10.

44. If the corpse of any person within the municipal limits shall remain unburied or unburnt after 12 hours from the time of death, the Municipal Commissioners may dispose of such corpse through their servants, and recover the expense from any assets left by the deceased.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 356, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to approve the rules, stated at foot of this Notification, which have been prepared by the Commissioners of the Sahebgunge Station in the Sonthal Pergunnahs:—

RULES FOR THE SAHEBGUNGE STATION.

For regulating the Conduct of Business at Meetings.

1. The Sub-divisional Officer of Rajmehal for the time being shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Committee.

2. There shall be a Vice-Chairman who shall be annually elected by the Commissioners at a meeting.

3. The Commissioners shall meet in their office at Sahebgunge on the first Tuesday in every month for the despatch of business, and if necessary, on any other day to be named by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman. Each Commissioner shall have the power to call a special meeting by intimating his wish to the Chairman or Vice-Chairman, who shall then fix a day,

issuing the usual notice to all the Commissioners. The attendance of two Commissioners shall always form a *quorum*. All questions shall be determined by a majority of votes; and in case the Commissioners shall be equally divided, the Chairman shall always have a casting vote. If only two Commissioners are present, no questions shall be carried unless they are unanimous.

Appointment of Officers and Servants.

4. The Commissioners shall be competent to employ any number of surveyors, inspectors, clerks, and other officers and servants upon such wages or emoluments as may be determined upon in each case by the Commissioners at a meeting.

5. Subject to the scale of establishment decided upon by the Commissioners under Rule 4, the Chairman or Vice-Chairman shall have the power to appoint such persons as he may think fit, and from time to time to remove such persons and appoint others in their places: provided that no person shall be appointed to, or removed from, an office the salary of which is more than two hundred rupees per mensem, without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting, subject to the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division; provided also that no officer, whose salary is more than fifty rupees per mensem, shall be dismissed without the sanction of the Commissioners at a meeting.

6. All persons employed by the Commissioners, whose services may be no longer required, shall be liable to discharge after receipt of previous notice or pay in advance in lieu thereof, for the period of one month; and no such person shall withdraw from the duties of his office without having given previous notice of one month on pain of forfeiture of one month's salary.

7. All persons now holding, or who may hereafter be appointed to, any office under the Commissioners shall, when required so to do, furnish good security to such amount as the Commissioners may from time to time fix, and any person failing to furnish such security within such time as the Commissioners may appoint shall be held to have thereby forfeited his appointment and may be removed from office.

System of Taxation.

8. The following taxes shall be levied within the town of Sahebgunge:—

- (1)—Upon houses and lands at a rate not exceeding $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of their annual value.
- (2)—Upon coal stored at one and a half anna per ton per mensem.
- (3)—Upon stone, ballast stone, or other building materials stored, not being lime or brick kilns, at one anna per ton per mensem.
- (4)—Upon brick kilns at Rs. 5 per lakh of bricks.
- (5)—Upon lime kilns at two annas per 100 cubic feet.
- (6)—Upon cattle and conveyances kept or habitually used within the Municipality—
 - (a) eight annas per month for a horse;
 - (b) four annas for a pony;
 - (c) two annas for a donkey, pack-bullock, or buffalo;
 - (d) one rupee for a wheeled carriage with two springs;
 - (e) two annas for a cart or carriage without springs.
- (7)—Upon all buildings, shops, and workshops, not being habitations, at a rate not exceeding one anna per month per 100 square feet.
- (8)—Upon godowns and buildings used for purposes of storing grain and other merchandise imported and for exportation by wholesale dealers and traders half an anna per month per 100 square feet.
- (9)—Buildings devoted to religious purposes shall be exempt from taxation.

9. At the commencement of every year a list of horses and conveyances and of the houses showing the names of the owners and the amount assessed upon each shall be prepared under the superintendence of the Commissioners and shall be signed by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman. The day on which such list is published shall be notified by beat of drum, and notice affixed at the Municipal Office or elsewhere. The inhabitants shall have access to this list at the office, and any person who has reason to complain shall make known his complaint to the Commissioners in writing within fifteen days of the publication. The complainant shall attend at the next monthly meeting of the Commissioners, when any objection he may urge shall be heard and taken into consideration. Should the complainant fail to appear, the Commissioners shall inquire into the merits of the written complaint. The decision arrived at by that meeting shall in any case be final.

10. After the completion of the list, and on the expiration of the term of fifteen days provided for in the foregoing section, no objection to the amount assessed will be admitted as a right; but it shall nevertheless be competent to the Commissioners at any time to alter, diminish, or omit the amount of tax leviable from any rate-payer, when satisfied after due inquiry that any change in his pecuniary circumstances renders such a change, diminution, or remission just and necessary.

11. It shall be competent for the Commissioners at any time during the year to assess, in the manner abovementioned, any person who shall come to reside within the town.

12. It shall be competent for any person or company wishing to compound for any of the above taxes either by the month or year, to do so with the consent of, and at the rates agreed to by, the Commissioners.

For regulating the time and mode of collecting the Rates and Taxes.

13. The taxes shall be collected by officers appointed by the Commissioners, and shall be payable quarterly in advance. Any person neglecting to pay the amount due for any quarter within the first month of that quarter, notwithstanding that such amount shall have been demanded of him on behalf of the Commissioners, shall be deemed a defaulter, and be dealt with according to the provisions of the Act.

14. Every officer authorized to grant receipts shall be provided with a certificate of his authority to collect, and every such certificate shall bear the seal of the Municipality and the signature of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman. Every collecting officer at the time of demanding payment shall be bound to show his certificate if required.

15. Every person required in writing to furnish any schedule or return which the Commissioners may lawfully require him to furnish shall send such schedule or return to the office of the Commissioners within one week from the date of the service of the requisition in the manner described in section 967 of the Act. Any person failing to do so shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the omission, and to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day the omission shall after warning continue.

16. Payment of purchase-money for property sold, and delivery of the property, shall be made immediately after the sale; and if the purchaser fail to pay the full amount of his bid, it shall be lawful for the Distraining Officer at his discretion to sell the property again on the same day or any other day, and the first purchaser shall in such cases be responsible to the Commissioners for any loss, which shall be recoverable as a debt due to them.

17. All moneys and Government securities deposited by the officers and servants entertained under the Act by the Commissioners shall be transmitted to the Sub-divisional Officer of Rajmehal for safe custody, to be repaid by him on the duplicate receipt of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman countersigned by one of the other Commissioners.

18. The proceeds of all collections and fines under these Rules shall be remitted at such time as the Commissioners may order to the Sub-divisional Officer of Rajmehal to be held in deposit by him and to be repaid by him from time to time on the duplicate receipt of the Chairman or Vice-Chairman of the Committee.

19. An annual account of receipts and disbursements, and of the demand, collections, and outstanding arrears of taxes, shall be submitted to Government on the last day of April in every year.

20. To ensure the due application of the proceeds of the taxes no new work shall be commenced, except under the authority of a resolution passed at a meeting of the Commissioners. Estimates of works, which shall cost Rs. 8,000 and upwards, shall be prepared and submitted to Government for approval, prior to execution of such work or works. A statement of works executed by the Commissioners during the year shall be submitted to Government annually.

21. The following are defined to be nuisances in Sahebgunge, and are accordingly hereby prohibited:—

- 1.—Slaughtering cattle or cleaning any carcass on any road, street, or thoroughfare.
- 2.—Furious riding and driving on any public road.
- 3.—Obstructing passengers by keeping or leaving any cattle or conveyance of any kind standing longer than requisite on any public road, so as to cause inconvenience to the inhabitants.
- 4.—Throwing or laying down in the street any dirt, filth, rubbish, or any stone, or building materials, or constructing any cowshed, stable, or the like, open to any thoroughfare, or causing any offensive matter to run into the road from any house, factory, dung heap, or the like, without having previously obtained the sanction of the Commissioners in each case.
- 5.—Exposing any goods for sale on the roads, except in places provided for by the Commissioners.
- 6.—Being found drunk and incapable in any public place.
- 7.—Wilful and indecent exposure of the person, or any offensive deformity or disease, or casing of nature in public places, or bathing or washing in any tank or reservoir not being set apart for that purpose.
- 8.—Neglect to fence in, repair, and duly protect, any well, tank, or any other dangerous place or structure after notice.
- 9.—Keeping or driving elephants anywhere within the limits of the town without permission of the Commissioners.
- 10.—Refusal or neglect on the part of any proprietor or occupier of land to cut the boughs of the trees growing on such land and overhanging any public road, or to cut down jungle growing on such land after being required to do so in writing by the Commissioners.
- 11.—Stopping any public water-course or drain, so as to obstruct the free passage of water.
- 12.—Refusal or neglect to put into a wholesome state any private tank, privy, drain, or other excavation, after being required to do so in writing by the Commissioners.

13.—Erecting or keeping any privy or urinal within ten yards of any public road.

14.—Quarrying kunker, or cutting timber or grass, or damaging trees on public ground, without the sanction of the Commissioners, or defacing the blocks on which the names of any road or street are engraved, or any boundary pillar.

22. Any person who commits within the Town of Sahchgunge any nuisance as defined in the foregoing Rules shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, and any person continuing a nuisance after due notice in writing by the Commissioners by a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily for every day during which the nuisance is continued.

For Regulating the Disposal of Offensive Matter and Dead Bodies of Animals.

23. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall within four hours after its death, or if death occurs at night within two hours after day-light, either remove at his own expense the carcass to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the Municipal Secretary or Overseer of the division within which such premises may be situated, and in such latter case shall pay to the said Overseer the expense of removing the carcass at such rate as the Commissioners may determine; and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal and the owner is known, the owner shall alone be responsible for the payment of such expense, and such expense shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners. No Overseer when called upon shall neglect to remove a carcass.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

24. No person shall deposit or cause to be deposited, any carcass, or any part of a carcass, in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcass.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

For the Regulation and Management of Privies.

25. Every owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises from which offensive matter is not removed by the said owner or occupier, shall give free access to the servants of the Station to his house, land, or premises, for the removal of night-soil or filth, within such hours as may have been fixed on by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

26. Every person shall construct his privy above ground, and shall provide his privy with a suitable movable receptacle of metal or earthenware.

The penalty for infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

27. On receipt of a notice from the Commissioners, every owner or occupier of any house, land or premises, in or on which any well privy or other noxious or improperly constructed privy may be situated, shall fill up, close, or otherwise alter the construction of the said privy as may be directed in the notice; and if the orders contained in the notice be not carried out within fifteen days, the Commissioners may fill up, close, or otherwise alter the said privy in the manner directed in the notice, and any expense incurred in so doing shall be recoverable as a debt due to the Commissioners.

28. No owner or occupier of any house, land, or premises, in or on which any privy may be situated, shall allow night-soil or filth of any kind to flow or be discharged from such privy into any drain, watercourse, or excavation (or any place containing waste or stagnant water), or into any other receptacle but one of the nature described in Rule 26.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

29. No person shall throw, deposit, or discharge night-soil, sewage, or the contents of any drain, privy, or cesspool into any river, khall, drain, tank, or watercourse, or dispose of the abovementioned kinds of offensive matter in any other way than as the Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

30. No person shall carry night-soil through the streets otherwise than in a closely-covered receptacle of such description and pattern as shall be required from time to time by the Commissioners and between such hours as the Commissioners may from time to time direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

For Regulating Traffic in the Streets.

31. Every carriage or cart plying on the streets after one hour after sunset shall carry a light or lights.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

For Regulating or Prohibiting the use of Fire-balloons, Fireworks, Fire-arms, or Missiles in the vicinity of Public Roads.

32. No person shall let off any fire-balloons, fireworks, fire-arms, or any missile in or near a public street without the consent of the Commissioners previously obtained.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

General Bye-laws.

33. No person shall put or cause to be put on any house or other building any spout or other thing intended for the conveyance or discharge of water, which shall be so placed that the water discharged therefrom shall be thrown or fall upon any public road or

thoroughfare, and the Commissioners shall have power to require owners to take down and alter any such spouts now in existence after eight days' notice, and on failure, to make the necessary alteration themselves and recover the costs as a debt due to the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

34. No person shall construct or place over or by the side of any public drain, any bridge, platform, building, or structure of any kind, except by and with the written permission of the Municipal Commissioners and in such manner as they shall direct.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 8 daily.

35. If any house, wall, or other erection or any part thereof, fall upon any public highway or into any public drain, the owner of such house, wall, or erection shall remove it after notice within the time prescribed by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

36. No person shall prepare any channel or convey water by any channel across any public thoroughfare except in such manner as shall have been first approved by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

37. No person shall steep in any tank or ditch within the limits of the station any jute, hemp, bamboos, or other vegetable matter likely to render the water of such tank or ditch offensive or noxious to the neighbourhood.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

38. No person shall without the written permission of the Commissioners set up any obstruction in any nullah or watercourse, and the Commissioners may order the removal of any such obstruction on grounds of public health.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 4 daily.

39. No person shall let loose, or cause, or allow to be let loose, or allow to get loose, any diseased or worn-out animals on any highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

40. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, in any burial ground any corpse, or part of a corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than five feet deep.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

41. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, any grave in any burial-ground at a less distance than three feet from any other existing grave; or burn or bury dead bodies within the precincts of the Station, except in places regularly provided for the purpose.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

42. No person shall build or dig, or cause to be built or dug, a grave in any burial-place in any other line than that marked out by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

43. No grave once used shall be opened for the burial of any other body without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

44. No person when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse, or part of a corpse in any burning-ground or ghât, shall permit the same or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or shall permit the clothes or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such burning-ground or ghât, unless the same be completely reduced to ashes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

45. No person shall carry a corpse, or part of a corpse, through any highway, unless it be decently covered and totally concealed from public view.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

46. No person shall picket animals, or collect carts, or form any encampment upon any public ground without the permission of the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

47. No person shall allow any pigs to be at large or keep them otherwise than in closed styes.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 2 daily.

48. No person shall perform any office of nature in any place outside private premises other than such as may have been appointed by the Commissioners: provided that such places have been set apart by the Commissioners.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

49. No person shall erect or renew with grass leaves, mats, or other inflammable materials, any hut or other building in or near any public highway.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 1 daily.

50. The owner or occupier of any part of the bank of any nullah or watercourse shall keep it free from filth, dense vegetation, or other obstruction, and shall at all times allow the Commissioners, or any of their servants duly authorized, to have access to such nullah or watercourse for any purposes of public conservancy.

The penalty for infringement shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

The penalty for continued infringement after notice shall be a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 daily.

51. No rule shall be amended or rescinded, and no new rule shall be made, except at a meeting of the Commissioners convened expressly for the purpose, and each Commissioner shall be informed of the nature of the amendment, or of the rule to be rescinded, or of the new rule to be made, as the case may be, at least one week previous to the date on which the meeting is held.

D. BARBOUR.

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following revised notification, in substitution of the one published at pages 1202 and 1226, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th and 20th November 1878, respectively:—

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Coimbatore, the 18th November 1878

It is hereby notified, under Section 5 of "The Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI) of 1878," that, on or about the 24th August 1878, the following treasure was found in the backyard of the house belonging to one Govinda Boven, of Sadapollhem, a hamlet of Chengappally, in the Erode taluq of the Coimbatore district.

All persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, are required to appear personally, or by agent, before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office on the 20th March 1879, in order to the matter being inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

		Value.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
7 East India Company's whole rupees of 1846	...	7	0	0
1 Rupee of 1876	...	1	0	0
4 quarter rupees	...	1	0	0
302 Veeraroyen Panams...	...	75	8	0
2 half ditto	...	0	8	0
2 old two-anna pieces...	...	0	4	0
2 old one-anna pieces...	...	0	2	0
Total	...	85	6	0

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—The following revised rules for the working of the Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) are approved by the Lieutenant-Governor and published for general information under Section 19 of the said Act in modification of those published at page 891 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 21st August 1878:—

The notification under Section 5 (a) shall be published at the Collector's cutcherry, sub-divisional cutcherry, moonsiff's cutcherry, and police-station within the jurisdiction of which the treasure was found, and at some conspicuous spot in the village in which it was found.

2. On receipt of any application under Section 4, or on receipt of information from any person other than the finder that treasure had been found, the Collector shall report the act to the Commissioner, stating—

- (1) Name of finder;
- (2) Nature of treasure;
- (3) Approximate value;
- (4) Date of finding;
- (5) Whether it is recommended that Government should acquire the treasure under Section 16 (when the treasure consists of coin).

A copy of this report shall be sent to the Asiatic Society at Calcutta for information, it having been decided that unless there is some strong reason to the contrary, whenever two or more coins of the same kind are found, the Society may be allowed the option of purchasing one of them. The Society will also select any coins likely to be useful to the Royal Asiatic Society at Bombay, and will correspond with that Society on the subject.

3. In the case of information being given by a person other than the finder, the Collector shall issue a notice on the person informed against, to show cause why he should not be prosecuted for not giving the required notice; and in the event of no cause being shewn, the Collector shall take such further action as may seem expedient.

4. On receipt of the Collector's report the Commissioner will, if he thinks the property ought to be acquired by Government, report the case for the orders of the Board of Revenue.

5. All notices under Section (5) should be served at the cost of Government.

6. All fines levied under this Act shall be credited to Land Revenue "Miscellaneous," and any treasure which vests in Government under Section 20 or 21 shall, unless it be such as it is thought advisable for Government to retain, be sold by public auction to the highest bidder under the orders of the Commissioner, and the proceeds be credited to the above head.

7. All Commissioners and Collectors should append a paragraph to their land revenue annual reports, stating whether any applications have been presented during the year under report under Section 4, or any proceedings taken before the Magistrate under Section 20 or 21.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

The 8th November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 24.)

Bay of Bengal, Coast of Burma.

EXHIBITION OF BLUE LIGHTS AND MAROONS AT KRISHNA SHOAL
LIGHT-VESSEL.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 1st November 1878, the light-vessel stationed off the Krishna Shoal in the Gulf of Martaban, will exhibit every night, between sunset and sunrise, a *blue* light every half hour and a *maroon* at the intermediate quarter hours.

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 2nd November 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Gulf of Martaban, No. 823; Bassin river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, No. 706; Indian Ocean, No. 7486; and Indian Marine Survey Chart, Martaban Gulf, No. 134; also, Admiralty List of Lights, East Indies, &c., No. 96, page 16; Marine Survey of India Light List, No. 87; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 498.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

Erratum.—In notice No. 23, dated 16th October 1878, 4th line from bottom, for Bassin river to Pulo Penang, No. 830, read Cocanada to Bassin river, No. 829.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th November 1878.—List of candidates for enrolment as Revenue Agents who passed at the Examination held in August 1878:—

Division.	District.	Names of the Candidates.	Division.	District.	Names of Candidates.
Burdwan	Burdwan	1. Debendra Chandra Mookerjee. 2. Hanganwar Palit. 3. Sachinand Roy. 4. Biram Banerjee. 5. Swiran Chuckerbutty. 6. Uma Chandra Banerjee.			1. Durga Prasad. 2. Kamta Pat. 3. Medho Prasad. 4. Mahadeo Saran. 5. Mir Muhammad Hussain. 6. Nath Prasad. 7. Nawab Lal. 8. Ram Karan Lal. 9. Rewat Lal. 10. Rahan Prasad. 11. Sayed Latifuddin Ahmad. 12. " Mahamud Hussain. 13. " Zamrudin Ahmad. 14. Shaikh Hidayat Bashir. 15. " Mahdum Nara. 16. " Muhammad Ibrahim. 17. " Muhammad Imadul Aziz. 18. " Muhammad Nur. 19. " Nurul Hossin. 20. " Qurban Ali. 21. " Heyaat Hussain. 22. " Shafayat Hussain. 23. " Shujat Hussain. 24. " Wahiduddin. 25. Shit Prasad. 26. " Shankar Lal. 27. " Sahar. 28. Tota Ram.
	Midnapore	1. Balkant Nath Roy.			
	Hooghly	1. Dwarka Nath Singh. 2. Trilochan Dutt.			
Presidency Division.	Nuddea	1. Debnath Mandal. 2. Dharami Dhar Banerjee. 3. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 4. Narash Chandra Ghose.	Oya		
Rajshahye and Cooh Behar.	Dinapore	1. Isan Chandra Tarafdar. 2. Pratap Chandra Guba Khosravie. 3. Sarada Charan Sen.	Shahabad		1. Mohammed Abdul Latif. 2. Shaikh Ali Raza. 3. " Muhammad Shamsat Towhid. 4. " Muhammad Alum.
	Rangpore	1. Abhay Charan Ghose. 2. Dinanath Malik. 3. Girija Nath Sen. 4. Gopal Chandra Das. 5. Kailas Chandra Majumdar.			
	Bogra	1. Mahim Chandra Das			
Dacca	Furzedpore	1. Sarada Kant Ghose. 2. Kailas Chandra Majumdar. 3. Prabhal Chandra Roy. 4. Rayan Kant Dutt. 5. Ramani Kant Banerjee. 6. Ram Chandra Ghose. 7. Srinath Hore. 8. Srinath Sen. 9. Uma Nath Goha.	Mozufferpore		1. Anant Sahai. 2. Ben Prasad. 3. Burhanudeo Narain. 4. Mahabir Prasad. 5. Rameswar Das. 6. Ram Kishen Lal.
	Hocherganga	1. Amlica Charan Banerjee. 2. Nabin Chandra Guha.			
	Mymensingh	1. Girish Chandra Gangul. 2. Neta Kumar Barman. 3. Sarat Chandra De.			
Patna	Patna	1. Abdul Karim. 2. Abdur Karim. 3. Anzul Hossin. 4. Durga Prasad. 5. Etwari Lal. 6. Gayathar Prasad I. 7. Gayathar Prasad II. 8. Gora Prasad Lal. 9. Gopal Lal. 10. Ghamandi Lal. 11. Harihar Prasad. 12. Hari Prasad. 13. Kabi Sahai. 14. Muhammad Sadiq. 15. Muhammad Mohin. 16. Malik Ali Rana. 17. Nabi Bakshab. 18. Nasiruddin. 19. Raghubans Sahai. 20. Rahat Hussain. 21. Mahbulah Sahai. 22. Ram Kishen Lal. 23. Sayed Abdul Azim. 24. " Muhammad Nawab. 25. " Muhammad Kesh. 26. " Sultan Hussain. 27. Shaikh Abdul Aziz. 28. " Abdul Hussain. 29. " Abdul Wahab. 30. " Abdul Wahid. 31. " Fariduddin. 32. " Muhammad Mubhibul Huq. 33. " Muhammad Monirul Huq. 34. " Sayeduddin. 35. Sham Narain Singh. 36. Thakur Sahai. 37. Tota Ram.	Bhagalpore		1. Abdul Latif. 2. Ali Hussain. 3. Anant Prasad. 4. Chatur Bhuj. 5. Dhori Lal. 6. Mohiddin. 7. Nebaluddin. 8. Nennu Das. 9. Raj Coomar Singh. 10. Sham Chandra Narain. 11. Sitwant Sahai. 12. Wabeb Hussain.
Patna	Patna		Saran		1. Gurdeo Prasad. 2. Harihar Nath. 3. Jasda Nund. 4. Ram Sarup Lal.
Patna	Patna		Monghyr		1. Deynat Hussain. 2. Jhakar Lal. 3. Lal Pasu Lal.
Patna	Patna		Bhagalpore		1. Amiroddin. 2. Khurrug Dhari Lal. 3. Nawab Singh.
Patna	Patna		Paranah		1. Chundi Sahai. 2. Ghulam Mohiuddin. 3. Khurshid Alum. 4. Musahib Ali. 5. Mastam Ali. 6. Shaki Lal.
Patna	Patna		Maldah		1. Bir Chandra Gupta. 2. Raj Kumar Dutt.
Patna	Patna		Chota Nagpore.		1. Matha Tulsi Prasad.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

DECLARATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the expense of the Santipore Municipality for a public purpose, viz. for the site of the Municipal School at Santipore, pergunnah Manjoan, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a plot of land measuring, more or less, one beegha, is required within the aforesaid town of Santipore, in the

8th Plot—

Comprising all the area known as Dowdeswells Island, together with a plot of land round False Point Light-house, and bounded on the north and east by the sea, on the west by False Point harbour, and on the south by a line drawn, east and west, from a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house. The plot of land round False Point Light-house in connection with Dowdeswell's Island is bounded on the north by a line drawn east and west from north creek to the sea, through a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house; on the west by north creek; on the south by Light-house creek; and on the east by the sea.

... 2,650

Total ... 7,986

This declaration is made, under provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5308A.

The 14th November 1878.—Mr. Arthur Dingwall, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector at Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 18th November 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Burdwan Bench in the district of Burdwan, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Baboo Nolinakhya Bose, Pleader and Putnidar.

Sojonikanto Chatterjee, Pleader.

Baboo Juggodiswar Goopta, B.L., First Moonsif of Nermal, in the district of Midnapore, is vested with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts up to the value of Rs. 50 within the Nermal Moonsiffiee jurisdiction.

The 19th November 1878.—Mr. Duncan James Macpherson, M.A., who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector at Dacca, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 25th November 1878.—Baboo Jogendro Nath Mitter, B.L., is appointed temporarily to act as a Moonsiff at Julpigoree.

The 30th November 1878.—Shah Lutafut Hossein, Moonsif of Mudhoobunnee, Tirhoot, is appointed to be Additional Moonsif of Arrareah and Kisseungunge, in the district of Purneah.

Baboo Tez Chunder Mookerjee, Additional Moonsif of Arrareah and Kisseungunge in Purneah, is appointed to be Moonsif of Mudhoobunnee in Tirhoot.

The 3rd December 1878.—Moulvi Syed Moazzim Hossein, Judge of the Courts of Small Causes, Kooshtea, Choadanga, and Pubna, is appointed temporarily to be Additional District Judge of all the districts in Behar.

Moulvi Syed Moazzim Hossein is also appointed, under Section 3, Act X of 1870, to perform the functions of a Judge in those districts for the purpose of disposing of cases of land acquisition under the provisions of that Act.

Baboo Bullaram Mullick, Moonsif of Howrah, is appointed to act as Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Kooshtea, Choadanga, and Pubna, during the absence, on deputation, of Moulvi Syed Moazzim Hossein, or until further orders.

Mr. W. B. Martin, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Doomka, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Moonsif.

Baboo Okhoy Oommar Chatterjee, B.L., is appointed to Officiate as Second Moonsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Ambika Churn Ghose, or until further orders.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 26th November 1878.*—Baboo Ambika Churn Ghose, Second Moonsif of Diamond Harbour, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, has been allowed leave for three months under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The 28th November 1878.—Baboo Gobind Chunder Ghose, Second Moonsif of Serampore, on deputation at Howrah, in the district of Hooghly, has been allowed leave for six months, under Sections 3 and 15, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, in lieu of the one month's privilege leave granted to him on the 11th idem.

The 3rd December 1878.—Baboo Mohendronath Bose, Second Moonsif of Burrisal, in the district of Backergunge, has been allowed leave on medical certificate for six months, in extension of that already granted to him on the 29th July 1878, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th November 1878.—In supersession of the notification dated the 25th June 1877, published at page 747, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877, it is hereby notified that, under Section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that any two or more Honorary Magistrates or any one or more Honorary Magistrates sitting with any salaried Magistrate appointed by the Magistrate of the district to preside at a meeting or meetings at Balasore shall form a bench for the trial of offences occurring within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Balasore police-station in the district of Balasore.

The Lieutenant-Governor also directs that, when under Section 51, Act X of 1872, this bench exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the said Act, and that when similarly it exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class or Third Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 225 of the said Act.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 2 of Act II of 1867 (B.C.) (entitled an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), the Lieutenant-Governor authorizes the extension, from the 1st January 1879, of the provisions of the whole of the said Act to the town of Sasseram, in the Shahabad district. The boundaries of the town for the purposes of the Act shall be as follows:—

North—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Bhair Talab.

West—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Sher Shah's tank to the Khoodra river.

South—The river Khoodra.

East—A line drawn through Bhair Talab and Mirza Mathor's tank, thence the Tilowthoo road to the old distillery.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Moonshee Abdus Salam, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police station of Dawlatpore, in the district of Nuddea, in the place of Moulvi Abool Hasnot, resigned.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd November 1878.—Under the authority vested in him by section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends the provisions of the said Act to the Thanas of Pubna, Muthurah, Chatmohur, Doolia, and Shahzadpore, in the Pubna district.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 12th November 1878.—In addition to the Inspector-General of Jails in the Lower Provinces, who is by law an ex-officio visitor of all the lunatic asylums within his circle of inspection, the Lieutenant-Governor has, in supersession of previous notifications, appointed the following gentlemen to be visitors of the Lunatic Asylum at Bhowanipore, under section II of Act XXXVI of 1858:—

Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta,
Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Civil Surgeon of the 24-Pergunnahs,
Superintendent, Alipore Jail,
First Resident Surgeon, Presidency General Hospital,
Mr. J. B. Roberts.
J. B. Knight, C.I.B.
Baboo Jodoo Laul Mullick.

} ex-officio.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th November 1878.—It is hereby notified that, in the exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 29 of the Bengal Civil Courts' Act (VI of 1871), the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal vests Baboo Loke Nath Nundi, Second Moonsif of Bogra, with the powers of Judge of a Small Cause Court for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts within the limit of Rs. 50.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th November 1878.—The man described in the roll below having been sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment for criminal breach of trust while employed as a clerk in the Howrah Registry Office, is hereby declared disqualified for future employment under Government in any capacity:—

Descriptive Roll.

Name.	Father's name.	Residence.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Colour.	Particular marks.
Girish Chandra Matlal	Isan Chandra Matlal	Village Behala, thana Talimuc, district 24-Pargannas	Brahmin.	35 years	5 feet 7 inches, and of stout figure	Dark	Marks of small-pox on the face. Lips discoloured from opium smoking

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th November 1878.—Under Section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Mouli Abdus Subhan, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police-stations of Parsa and Patnitollah, in the district of Dinagapore with head-quarters at Ghatnagar.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 28th November 1878.

No. 281.—Posting.—Colonel J. D. Swayne, Executive Engineer, First Grade, having returned from furlough to Europe, is posted to the Dinagapore Division.

No. 282.—Notification.—Mr. A. H. Tyndall, Executive Engineer (temporary rank)

• Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 196, of the 31st July 1878.

Second Grade, assumed charge of the Dinagapore Division on the 12th November 1878, before noon, on return from the three months' privilege leave granted* to him.

No. 283.—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, joined the Presidency Division on the 18th November 1878, before noon.

No. 284.—Baboo Radhica Narain Ghose, Assistant Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, attached to the Circular and Eastern Canals Division, passed in the departmental standard on the 19th November 1878.

No. 285.—Baboo Pooquo Chunder Sircar, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, rejoined

• Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 234, of the 16th November 1878.

the Burdwan Division on the 1st November 1878, before noon, on return from the privilege leave granted* to him.

The 29th November 1878.

No. 286.—Posting.—Mr. J. J. O'Flaherty, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, having returned from furlough to Europe, is posted to the Mozufferpore Division.

No. 287.—Notification.—Baboo Kally Sunker Chatterjee, Assistant Engineer, Second

• Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 217, of the 16th October 1878.

Grade, attached to the Chittagong Division, availed himself of the privilege leave granted* to him from the 19th November 1878, after noon.

No. 288.—Posting.—Messrs. A. Horne and W. A. Darling, Assistant Engineers, Second Grade, are posted to the First Calcutta Division.

2. Messrs. A. Horne and W. A. Darhug joined the First Calcutta Division on the 18th November 1878, before noon.

No. 239.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. J. S. Heyman, Executive Engineer, First Grade, Burdwan Division, is allowed subsidiary leave from the 30th October to the 10th November 1878, under Chapter VI, section 24(b) of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 240.—Mr. J. W. Johnson, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Presidency Division, is allowed subsidiary leave from the 9th to the 17th November 1878, under the above Regulations.

No. 241.—Promotions.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following permanent promotions in the Provincial Engineer Establishment in Bengal:—

To be Executive Engineer, First Grade.

Mr J. A. Windle, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, Patna Division, with effect from the 16th September 1878.

To be Executive Engineer, Second Grade.

Mr. A. F. Watson, Executive Engineer (temporary rank), Second Grade, First Calcutta Division, with effect from the 16th September 1878.

No. 242.—Corrigendum.—In Notification No. 224, of the 20th August 1877, for "Section 12, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code" read "Old Unconvenanted Service Absentee Regulations."

The 2nd December 1878.

No. 243.—Notifications.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department are republished for information:—

No. 522, of the 25th November 1878.—The undermentioned officers are re-transferred from Madras Famine Works to the Provinces specified against their names:—

Mr. D. Scott, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, to Bengal Provincial.

No. 523, of the 29th November 1878.—The following officers are re-transferred from Madras Famine Relief Works to the Provinces specified:—

Mr. J. P. Maxwell, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, temporary rank, to Bengal Provincial.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Major-Genl., R.E.,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 28th November 1878.

No. 303.—Leave.—Mr. C. W. Hope, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, is granted special leave on urgent private affairs for one month, under section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

Dated 2nd December 1878.

No. 304.—Corrigendum.—The privilege leave granted to Baboo Mohesh Chunder Bose in the orders marginally noted is granted under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, and not under Section 32 of that Code.

No. 304, dated 25th November 1878.

No. 305.—Notification.—The following notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information:—

"No. 521, dated 29th November 1878.—The undermentioned officers are retransferred from Madras Famine Works to Bengal, Irrigation Branch:—

"Mr. E. A. Parsick, Assistant Engineer, First Grade.

"Mr. C. Taylor, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade."

No. 306.—Postings.—Major J. M. McNeile, R.E., Executive Engineer, First Grade, to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Sone Circle, which he joined on the forenoon of the 14th November 1878.

No. 307.—Mr. J. A. Beale, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, to the Brahmince-Byturnee Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 20th November 1878.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,

Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

RAILWAY.

The 26th November 1878.

No. 32.—Notifications—With reference to notification No. 32, of the 22nd instant, Lieutenant H. G. Kunhardt, *a.z.*, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade (temporary rank), made over, and Mr. E. Pyrne, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, took over charge of the Second Division, Patna and Gya State Railway, on the 14th *idem*, and Lieutenant Kunhardt assumed charge of the duties of Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, and Assistant Director of State Railways, North-Eastern System, on the forenoon of the 22nd November 1878.

No. 33.—Privilege leave for one month is granted to Mr. G. Hawkes, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Northern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 11th November 1878.

No. 34.—Mr. F. E. Braham, Assistant Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), is transferred from the Northern Bengal to the Patna and Gya State Railway.

No. 35.—Privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the afternoon of 4th November 1878, is granted to Mr. T. E. Owen, Executive Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), Northern Bengal State Railway.

No. 36.—Mr. V. Rigny, Executive Engineer, Second Grade (temporary rank), Tirhoot State Railway, returned to duty from the privilege leave granted in notification No. 14, of the 5th August 1878, and resumed charge of the open line Tirhoot State Railway from Mr. G. Humsfress, Assistant Engineer, on the afternoon of the 31st October 1878.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., a.z.*,

*Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.*

The 2nd December 1878.

Notifications.—**No. 37.**—Mr. F. E. Braham, Assistant Engineer, First Grade (Temporary rank), Northern Bengal State Railway, returned to duty on the forenoon of the 15th November 1878, from the leave granted him in Notification No. 12, dated 3rd August 1878.

No. 38.—Mr. T. E. Owen, Executive Engineer, First Grade, (Temporary rank), returned on the forenoon of the 22nd November 1878 from the privilege leave granted him in Notification No. 35, dated 26th *idem*.

No. 39.—Mr. H. B. Molesworth, Assistant Engineer, First Grade (Temporary rank), returned to duty on the afternoon of the 4th November 1878 from the privilege leave granted him in Notification No. 24 dated 7th October 1878.

Corrigendum.—In Notification No. 33, dated 26th instant, for “11th November 1878” read “the forenoon of the 15th November 1878” as the date from which Mr. G. Hawkes is granted privilege leave.

No. 40.—Referring to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 469, dated 5th November 1878, Mr. T. M. Vigors returned from Burmah, and joined the Northern Bengal State Railway on the afternoon of the 17th November 1878.

Mr Vigors is granted two months' privilege leave with effect from the forenoon of the 19th *idem*.

The 3rd December 1878.

No. 41.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notifications, Nos. 441 and 42, dated 21st October last, Major J. G. Lindsay, *a.z.*, made over, and Mr. W. B. Cartor, Executive Engineer, First Grade, received charge of the Office of Engineer-in-Chief, Northern Bengal State Railway, on the forenoon of the 26th November 1878.

No. 42.—Referring to Government of India, Public Works Department Notifications, Nos. 440 and 441, dated 21st October last, Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Stanton, *a.z.*, made over, and Major J. G. Lindsay, *a.z.*, received charge of the Office of Director of State Railways, North-Eastern System, and Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, on the forenoon of the 30th November 1878, on which date Lieutenant-Colonel Stanton availed himself of the privilege leave granted him.

J. LINDSAY, *Major, a.z.*,

*Offg. Jt.-Secy to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.*

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Mudempur, Jougul, and Teghurry, pergunnah Pajmour, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, six pieces of land measuring, more or less, 9 beghas 4 cottahs and 13 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid villages of Mudempur, Jougul, and Teghurry:

Two pieces in the village Mudempur, the one bounded on the north by mouzah Teghurry; east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; west by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudempur village road; and the other bounded on the north and west by Shama Churn Mundol's land; east by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudempur village road.

Two pieces in the village Jougul, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north and east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; south by Teghurry road; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

Two pieces in the village Teghurry, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north by Teghurry road; east and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lt.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for public purposes, viz. for making a cemetery for the East Indian Railway in the mouzah Mokameh, pergunnah Gyaspore, zillah Patna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 13 cottahs 14 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by public road; south by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and garden of Ramsodie Sing; east by adjoining land belonging to Gooder Sing and Gonowry Sing; west by public road, is required within the aforesaid mouzah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

Public Works Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a line of railway from the new station at Durbhunga to the old station at Durbhunga, and for providing for sites for station bungalows, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 3,870 feet in length, varying in breadth from 70 feet to 1,015 feet, in the villages or mohulla of New Kharid, Dewann Jakken, and Gorahuli (Chowr), appertaining to melial Haveli Durbhunga, pergunnah Haveli Durbhunga, zillah Durbhunga, and measuring 20 acres and 25 poles, equal to 25 beeghas (by local measure) is required, the general direction of the line being from south to north.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose viz. for bungalow purpose of the East Indian Railway Company, in the village of Ghor, at Pandooah, pergunnah Pandooah, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 rod 6 poles or 17 cottahs 6 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by East Indian Railway Company's land; on the south by Purmanund Paul's house; on the east by Shaik Atabulhak and Abjulul Hak's land; and on the west by Purmanund Paul's shops and road, is required within the aforesaid village of Ghor, at Pandooah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lieut.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes of Kishnaghur, Meherpore, and Ranaghat will hold sittings in those Courts, in the month of December next, on the dates mentioned below, viz—

From 1st December 1878 at Kishnaghur.	From 21st December 1878 at Kishnaghur.
„ 12th „ „ „ „ Ranaghat.	„ 27th „ „ „ „ Ranaghat.
„ 16th „ „ „ „ Meherpore.	„ 30th „ „ „ „ Kishnaghur.

For all other months the previous notification published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 13th February last, page 123, will remain in force.

BROJO MOHUN DUTT,

*Offg. Judge, Courts of Small Causes of
Kishnaghur, Meherpore, and Ranaghat.*

KISHNAGHUR SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 30th November 1878.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BABOO BOGOLANUND MOOKERJEE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Burdwan Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. H. PELLEW, *Offg. Commissioner.*

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVISION, the 29th November 1878.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVIE ABDUL JUBBER KHAN has been placed in charge of the Patna Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. M. HALLIDAY, *Commissioner.*

PATNA COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 21st November 1878.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BABOO JADUB CHUNDER GHOSE has been placed in charge of the Chumparan Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

D. G. BONERJEE,

Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commissioner.

PATNA COMM. 'S OFFICE, BANKIPORE, the 22nd November 1878.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

It is hereby notified that, under the orders of the Government of Bengal, dated 3rd February 1876, sanctioning a re-distribution of the Junior Scholarships, as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade and 13 of the Third Grade were allotted to the Presidency Division, to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December Examination.

2. The Second Grade scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the divisional list, irrespective of district.

3. The Third Grade scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of the Division as follows:—

24-Pergunnahs	...	4	Jessore	...	4
Nudda	...	3	Moorshedabad	...	2

B. L. MANGLER, *Commissioner.*

The 3rd December 1878.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1462B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	20,953	
Supply from 1877-78...	9,747	
		30,000
BENARES.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	28,220	
Supply from 1877-78...	1,771	
		30,000
Total ...		60,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1879 will consist of 30,000 chests of Behar and 30,000 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1876-77 and 1877-78, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstance render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th Jan. 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Feb. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th Mar. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th Aug. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Nov. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd Dec. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total ...	30,000	30,000	60,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition; if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8.—The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale; and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the 5th Condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bona fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1 certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1877-78, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out

of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1879, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 60,000 chests of

Behar	...	Chests.
Benares	...	80,000
	...	80,000
Total	...	160,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to

itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such Opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such Opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 21st November 1878.

No. 1525B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th January 1879, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 5,000 chests, viz:—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,500
Benares	"	...	...	...	2,500
Total					5,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 21st November 1878, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st January 1879 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 11th January 1879, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 21st January 1879.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the

dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar, about Chesta.	Benares, about Chesta.	Total, about Chesta.
On or about Monday, 3rd February 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th March	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th August	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st September	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th ditto	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd November	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd December	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total	27,500	27,500	55,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd December 1878.

NOTICE.

THE Customs Collector will receive applications for the post of Appraiser upon the salary of Rs. 250 rising to Rs. 350 per mensem up to noon, Saturday 14th.

Copies, and not original of testimonials, should be sent, as no papers can be returned, and intimation will only be given to the selected candidate.

J. D. MACLEAN, *Collector of Customs.*

CUSTOMS HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 3rd December 1878.

MESSRS. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO. will sell by Auction in the Exchange, at 1 o'clock on Tuesday, 10th instant, under instructions from the Collector of Customs, and subject to the provisions of the Arms' Act—

Ex Cathay.

8 $\frac{1}{2}$ two cases containing 12 double-barrelled C. F. B. L. sporting guns taken over under Section 32, Act VIII, 1878.

Section II

[REGISTERED No. 29]

No. 50 of 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1878.

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NOTE: Parts IA, V, and VI are not sent to officers receiving the Gazette of India.

PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 5388A.

GENERAL.—*The 6th December 1878.*—Mr. Edward Woodfield Collin, B.A., who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Presidency Division, and is posted to the district of the 24-Pargunnahs.

In supersession of the orders of the 6th ultimo, Moulvi Syed Obeedoollah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Aurangabad, Gya, is allowed furlough for eight months, with effect from the 20th September last, under Sections 7 and 15, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

The 7th December 1878.—The services of Mr. T. W. Gribble, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pargunnahs, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Financial Department.

The 9th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and are posted to the places noted opposite their respective names:—

Mr. Horace H. Birch, Midnapore.
„ Norman Warde-Jones, Purneah.

Baboo Khagendra Nath Mitra, Dacca.
Syed Faisuddeen Hosain, B.A., Moughyr.

The 10th December 1878.—Baboo Raj Chunder Banerjee is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Collector for employment on settlement work in the district of Tipperah.

The following appointments will take effect from the date on which the retirement of Sir W. J. Herschel Bart. takes effect :—

Mr. J. Samuel Armstrong, to be a Magistrate and Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Sir W. J. Herschel Bart.

Mr. J. J. Livesay, to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. J. S. Armstrong.

Mr. A. Weekes, Settlement Officer, Midnapore, now employed on famine relief duty in Madras, to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade, *vice* Mr. J. J. Livesay.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 9th December 1878.*—With the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor reappoints the Hon'ble Kristo Das Pal, Roy Bahadoor, C.I.E., under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th sections of the Indian Council's Act of 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

POLICE.—*The 6th December 1878.*—Mr. C. E. Gouldsbury, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Rajshahye, is transferred to Hooghly.

The 10th December 1878.—The following officers are appointed to act in the First Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, with effect from the dates mentioned opposite their names :—

Mr. M. F. Beamish.—21st instant.

„ R. F. Guise.—14th instant.

EDUCATION.—*The 10th December 1878.*—Dr. G. Watt, Professor of Chemistry and Botany, Hooghly College, was on leave for 15 days, under Section 12, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 19th ultimo.

Kumar Rajendra Narayan Roy is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Dacca.

OPIMUM.—*The 4th December 1878.*—The following promotions of officers in the Opium Department are sanctioned with effect from the 22nd July 1878 :—

From the Second to the First Grade of Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, Mr. T. F. Peppé, *vice* Mr. A. Anderson, deceased.

„ the Third to the Second Grade of Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, Mr. S. Cooper, *vice* Mr. T. F. Peppé.

„ the Fourth to the Third Grade of Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, Mr. C. E. Mendham, *vice* Mr. S. Cooper.

„ the Fifth to the Fourth Grade of Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, Mr. A. G. Tytler, *vice* C. E. Mendham.

Mr. N. T. Ryves, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, attached to the Behar Agency, is appointed to be a Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of the Fifth Grade, *vice* Mr. A. G. Tytler.

Mr. R. Fraser is confirmed in the First Grade of Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, *vice* Mr. N. T. Ryves.

The 10th December 1878.—Mr. N. T. Ryves, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, attached to the Behar Agency, is allowed leave for two months and twenty-two days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 4th ultimo.

FORESTS.—*The 7th December 1878.*—Mr. H. H. Davis, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Bengal, has been granted six months extension of leave, on medical certificate, by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.

MEDICAL.—*The 26th November 1878.*—Mr. C. M. W. Brett, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hazareebagh, is appointed to be a member of the Committees for the management of the Charitable Dispensaries at Hazareebagh and Echak.

The 5th December 1878.—The services of the following officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department :—

Surgeon J. O. McDonnell, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Maldah.

„ N. J. Halpin, in temporary medical charge of the establishment of the Northern Bengal State Railway, Syedpore, Rungpore

Assistant Surgeon Mohendra Nath Biswas, now doing duty at the Campbell Hospital at Sealdah, is appointed to be a Resident Assistant Surgeon in that Hospital.

The services of Assistant Surgeon Omullo Chandra Chumpaty, a Resident Assistant Surgeon, Campbell Hospital, Sealdah, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.

The 6th December 1878.—In supersession of the orders of the 13th ultimo, Assistant Surgeon Debendro Nath Roy, a Supernumerary at the Campbell Hospital, is appointed to have charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Bettiah during the absence, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon Baney Madhub Doss, or until further orders.

This cancels the orders of the 13th instant, appointing Assistant Surgeon Rajonee Lall Sett of the Motibare Dispensary, to have charge of the Bettiah Dispensary.

The 10th December 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Raj Kissen Mookerjee was in medical charge of the Civil Station of Durbhunga, from the 21st October to the 27th November 1878.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 29th November 1878.*—Baboo Lakshi Narayan Chandra is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Cutwa Municipality, *vice* Baboo Moti Lal Saha.

The following gentlemen are reappointed to be Commissioners of the Cutwa Municipality :—

Baboo Bishna Chandra Adhicary. | Baboo Radha Sundur Mitra.
Baboo Srinath Sen.

The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election by the Commissioners of the Cutwa Municipality of Baboo Chandra Kumar Sen to be their Vice-Chairman for the year 1878-79.

The following gentlemen are reappointed to be Commissioners of the Dainhat Municipality in the district of Burdwan :—

Baboo Bishna Das Chandra. | Baboo Mohabharat Chandra.

The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election by the Municipal Commissioners of Dainhat of Baboo Srinath Sen to be their Vice-Chairman for the year 1878-79.

ROAD CESS.—*The 6th December 1878.*—Mirza Mahomed Hadi is appointed to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Purneah, *vice* Baboo Soojoo Mull.

The following notifications are republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 192.—*The 23rd November 1878.*—Mr. W. C. Macpherson, c.s., Assistant Commissioner, Sylhet, is vested with the powers of an Assistant Inspector of Immigrants, under Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, in that district.

No. 195.—*The 28th November 1878.*—Privilege leave of absence for three months, under Section 32 of the Civil Leave Code, is granted to Mr. H. F. Matthews, c.s., Officiating Deputy Commissioner, Fourth Grade, Goalpara, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties by Mr. A. C. Campbell, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

HORACE A. COCKERELL.
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

The 10th December 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under paragraph 2, Section 34, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal intends to vest in the Municipal Commissioners of Mozufferpore, with effect from the 1st April 1879, the Charitable Dispensary situated within the Municipality, the said dispensary not being private property nor the property of any religious institution or society.

D. BARBOUR.
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(First Publication.)

NOTIFICATION

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnahs of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 25th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of bhuinhari or manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of Bhuihari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named Pergunnah of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 30th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of Bhuihari or Manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—Baboo Jagat Chunder Sen, Special Sub-Deputy Collector, at present employed on the duty of demarcating the boundary between the Regulation District of Chittagong and the Hill Tracts, is vested, under Section 4 of Act V (B.C.) of 1875, with the powers of a Deputy Collector for survey work in thana Chakeria, in the Chittagong district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th December 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the last clause of Section 28 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, and subject to the proviso therein contained, the Lieutenant Governor hereby declares the land described in the schedule hereto annexed to be a "Protected forest":—

District.	Pergunnah or other sub-division.	Name of forest.	Description of boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs ...	That part of the Soonderbuns which lies in the 24-Pergunnahs.	That part of the Soonderbuns lying in the 24-Pergunnahs which is not leased or granted to any person, and which lies outside the tract declared to be "reserved forest" under Government notification, dated 1st August 1876.	<p><i>Northern Boundary.</i></p> <p>An irregular line starting from the western extremity of the south boundary of Chuck Bamunkhali, in Saugor Island, and proceeding eastward along the southern boundary of the said Bamunkhali Chuck till it joins the Tultulla khal; then southwards along the said khal till it meets the south boundary of the granted portion of Trower-land <i>alias</i> "Coompanir Chur," in Saugor Island; then proceeding eastward along the south boundary of the said grant in Trower-land till it meets the Shikarpore khal; then southwards along the said khal till it joins the south boundary of the granted portion of Chuck Shikarpore, also in Saugor Island; then proceeding eastward along the said boundary as far as the Moorigunga or Channel creek or Baratulla river; then northwards along the said river as far as the Kakdee khal; then north along the said Kakdee khal till it meets the southern boundary of lot No. 10; then south-eastward along the south boundary of the said lot 10 as far as the Andarmanee khal; then south along the Andarmanee khal to its junction with the Gheebati gang; then eastward along the Gheebati and the Ghooghudanga gang to the point where the Goondakutta khal issues from it; then north along the said Goondakutta khal till it meets the line forming the boundary between lots 15 and 16; then north-eastward along the said line boundary until it meets the Gobadya gang; then northwards along the said Gobadya river till it meets the Saroldoar river south of lot No. 18; then eastward along the said river till it joins the Midhambhanga gang; then southwards along the said Midhambhanga till it meets the Nouk Cheera khal; then north-eastward along the said Nouk Cheera till it meets the Pook Cheera river; then northwards along the said Pook Cheera and the khal or creek forming a part of the western</p>

boundary of lot No. 116 until the said khal joins the Monnee nuddee; then south-east along the said Monnee nuddee to its junction with the Thakuran river; then northwards along the said Thakuran as far as the Boggee nuddee on the south of the Soonderhun lots 36 and 38; then along the said Boggee nuddee till it meets the river called Cooltullah on the north of lot No. 123; then along the said Cooltullah to its junction with the river Mutlah; then northwards along the Mutlah river to its junction with the Hooghly nuddee; then eastward along the said Hooghly nuddee until it meets the line forming the west boundary of the granted or north portion of lot No. 128; then south along the said boundary line till it meets the creek on the south of lot No. 127 and the line forming a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then eastward along the said line boundary till it meets a creek, not named in any map, but which issues from the Biddah river and forms a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then south-eastward along the said creek as far as the Biddah river; then northwards along the said Biddah to the Curtal river; and again northwards along the Curtal and the Monkhali khal, forming a part of the west boundary of lot No. 132, till it meets the creek locally known as Soorjoobaria khal, flowing between lots 132 and 134, then northwards along the said creek till it meets the Churru Bidda khal, on the south of lot No. 136 called Churru Bidda abad; then eastward along the said Churru Bidda till it meets the Hutta khali khal forming a part of the east boundary of lot No. 136; then northwards along the said Hutta khali till it meets the khal forming the south boundary of lot No. 137, not named in any map; then north-eastward along the aforesaid khal and another khal, also not named in any map, but which flows between lots 137 and 138 until it joins the Rampura khal; then eastward along the said Rampura till it meets the Borokaly Gatchya river; then south-eastward along the Borokaly Gatchya to its junction with the Roymungul river and Nowyee gang; then northwards along the said Nowyee gang till it is met by the Canaikati khal and the line forming the west boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 163; then southwards along the said line boundary as far as the line boundary which separates lot 163 from lot 164 as shewn in Lieutenant Hedges' map; then eastward along the said line to its termination on the west bank of the Khalindi nuddee.

Eastern Boundary.

The Khalindi nuddee and the Roymungul river.

Southern Boundary.

The Sea.

Western Boundary.

The River Hooghly.

From the above boundaries must be excluded Dhobelat, in Saugor Island, the island of Gunsaba in lot No. 132, and a part of lot 132, these lands belonging to private individuals.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th December 1878.—In modification of the orders of the 4th January 1878, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd January 1878 (page 56), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally with the full powers of a Shipping-Master under Act I of 1859, and to direct, in accordance with the provisions of Section 8 of that Act, that the Shipping Office business of the Dhamira ports shall be conducted at the office of the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The 7th December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 26.)

Bay of Bengal, British Burma, Bassein River.

VESSELS PROHIBITED FROM ANCHORING NEAR SUB-MARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE BETWEEN DIAMOND ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND.

Notice is hereby given that a telegraph cable having been laid between the north part of Diamond island and the mainland to the northward, two posts surmounted with boards, painted white, have been set up, one has been placed where the cable leaves the water, and the other inland of it in a line with the cable.

To prevent damage to this cable, masters of vessels and others are warned that they are to anchor only with these beacons well open of each other to the eastward or westward.

If the beacons are not visible, vessels should avoid anchoring when the centre of Diamond island bears between S. by E. and S. by W.

If bound for Bassein, Masters of vessels are also warned to avoid anchoring between the cable houses (which are painted white, one on each side of the river) in Gnaputan reach.

[Bearings are Magnetic. Variation $2^{\circ} 45'$ Easterly in 1878.]

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, Comdr. (late I. N.),
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 4th December 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts :—Rangoon and Bassein or Negrais rivers, No. 834; Prepara North Channel, No. 152; Coronge island to White point, No. 823; Cocanada to Bassein river, No. 829; Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, Eastern Sheet, No. 706; also Indian Marine Survey Charts, Nos. 134 and 15c and d; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 496.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The Lieutenant-Governor has directed that the following prizes should be offered by Government to the students of the Calcutta School of Art, the works being exhibited at the forthcoming Fine Art Exhibition :—

	Rs.
For the best water-colour painting from life	50
Ditto second best ditto ditto	32
Ditto best model of an animal from life	50
Ditto drawing ditto ditto	50
Ditto drawing of scientific subjects—	
(a) Geological (fossils, &c.)	32
(b) Botanical	32
(c) Anatomical or Pathological	32
Ditto wood engraving	32
Ditto second best wood engraving	20
Ditto best specimen of lithography	32
Ditto second best specimen of lithography	20
Ditto best drawing from life in light and shade	32
Ditto second best ditto ditto	25
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from the cast	25
Ditto do. mechanical drawing	25
Ditto do. architectural drawing	25
Ditto do. specimen of modelling	25
Ditto second best specimen of modelling	16
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from models	20
Ditto do. elementary drawing from the blackboard	16

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1878.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 41 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1878, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer upon the Preventive Officers of the Customs Department of the Port of Chittagong the powers of Excise Preventive Officers as laid down in Sections 39 and 40 of the aforesaid Act.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 25th November 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following revised notification, in substitution of the one published at pages 1202 and 1226, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 18th and 20th November 1878, respectively :—

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Coimbatore, the 18th November 1878.

It is hereby notified, under Section 5 of "The Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI) of 1878," that, on or about the 24th August 1878, the following treasure was found in the backyard of the house belonging to one Govinda Boyen, of Sadapolliem, a hamlet of Chengappally, in the Erode taluq of the Coimbatore district.

All persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, are required to appear personally, or by agent, before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office on the 20th March 1879, in order to the matter being inquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

			Value.		
			Rs.	A.	P.
7 East India Company's whole rupees of 1846	...	...	7	0	0
1 Rupee of 1876	...	...	1	0	0
4 quarter rupees	...	...	1	0	0
302 Veeraroyen Fanams...	...	...	75	8	0
2 half ditto	...	...	0	8	0
2 old two-anna pieces	...	...	0	4	0
2 old one-anna pieces	...	...	0	2	0
Total			85	6	0

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a beacon at Norman's Point in the village of Uttar Parnapara, pergunnah Parki, outpost, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 15 cottahs 6 dhoores of standard measurement, bounded on the north by a gopat running from Uttar Parnapara to the sea-coast; on the west by the Government embankment; on the south by the lands of Faizullah and Mansurali; and on the east by the lands of Faizullah and Shamsheer Kamil, is required within the aforesaid village of Uttar Parnapara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 25th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz., for the better regulation of communication with False Point, and for the improvement of False Point Harbour, in the estate of Her Highness the Maharani of Burdwan, commonly known as the Coojung Estate, in zillah Coojung, District of Cuttack, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, the subjoined plots of land measuring, more or less, 7,986 acres, as defined below, are required within the aforesaid estate of Coojung, zillah Coojung, District of Cuttack :—

1st Plot bounded on the—				Acres.
North—By a line drawn east and west between the Jumboo and Sunti Creek	...	...	...	1,140
at a point one mile due north of Templetree	...	...	...
South—By River Jumboo	...	...	...
East—By Sunti Creek	...	...	...
West—By Rivers Chota Brahminnee and Jumboo	...	...	...
2nd Plot—				
North—By a line drawn east and west between the Sunti Creek and the sea,	...	...	...	1,820
from a point one mile due north of Templetree	...	...	...
West—By Sunti Creek	...	...	...
South—By River Jumboo and sea	...	...	...
East—By the sea	...	...	...

3rd Plot bounded on the—

North—By River Jumboo	...	...	...	...	...
West—By a line drawn, north and south between Jumboo and Ram Chunder Gullia, from the mouth of crossing Creek opposite Round Point	...	...	...	...	...
South—By Ram Chunder Gullia	...	...	...	...	...
East—By River Jumboo, together with a strip one hundred yards wide on west side of Ram Chunder Gullia for its whole length between Jumboo and Bakud Creek	...	...	...	...	...
					1,080

4th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land on the east side of the Ram Chunder Gullia, 100 yards in width, the whole length of the Creek from Jumboo to Bakud. Also a strip of land 100 yards in width along the west bank of the Bakud Creek from Ram Chunder Gullia to north beacon ... 540

5th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land 100 yards wide extending along the west bank of the Bakud Creek, from the Ram Chunder Gullia to the River Mahauddy ... 86

6th Plot—

Comprised in a strip of land 100 yards wide along the east bank of the Bakud Creek throughout its whole length, from the River Mahauddy south beacon ... 180

7th Plot—

Comprised in all the area known as Plowden's Island as far south as a line drawn east and west from the north beacon of Bakud Creek, and bounded on the north, west, and east by the harbour of False Point... 490

8th Plot—

Comprising all the area known as Dowdeswell's Island, together with a plot of land round False Point Light-house, and bounded on the north and east by the sea, on the west by False Point harbour, and on the south by a line drawn, east and west, from a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house. The plot of land round False Point Light-house in connection with Dowdeswell's Island is bounded on the north by a line drawn east and west from north creek to the sea, through a point half a mile north of False Point Light-house; on the west by north creek; on the south by Light-house creek; and on the east by the sea ... 2,650

Total ... 7,986

This declaration is made, under provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5389A.

The 27th November 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates for the Dehree Bench, in the district of Shahabad, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Dr. W. Forsyth, *vice* Dr. Owen. | Mr. J. H. Toogood, Assistant Engineer.

The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Baboo Kishori Lal Sircar of his appointment of Honorary Magistrate in the district of Rajshahye.

The 4th December 1878.—Moonshi Mahomed Gowdee, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector, Behar, Patna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 6th December 1878.—Mr. Edward Woodfield Collin, B.A., who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed an Assistant Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Baboo Hur Mohun Bose is appointed to act as Second Moonshif of Serampore, in Hooghly, during the absence, on leave, of Baboo Gobind Chunder Ghose, or until further orders.

The 9th December 1878.—The following gentlemen, who have, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and posted to the places noted opposite their respective names, are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class:—

Mr. Horace H. Birch, Midnapore.
 „ Norman Warde-Jones, Purneah.

Baboo Khagendra Nath Mitra, Dacca.
 Syed Faizuddeen Hossain, B.A., Monghyr.

The 10th December 1878.—Mr. J. Whitmore, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Balasore, is vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th November 1878.—In supersession of the notification dated the 25th June 1877, published at page 747, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877, it is hereby notified that, under Section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that any two or more Honorary Magistrates or any one or more Honorary Magistrates sitting with any salaried Magistrate appointed by the Magistrate of the district to preside at a meeting or meetings at Balasore shall form a bench for the trial of offences occurring within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Balasore police-station in the district of Balasore.

The Lieutenant-Governor also directs that, when under Section 51, Act X of 1872, this bench exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the said Act, and that when similarly it exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class or Third Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 225 of the said Act.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 2 of Act II of 1867 (B.C.) (entitled an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), the Lieutenant-Governor authorizes the extension, from the 1st January 1879, of the provisions of the whole of the said Act to the town of Sasseram, in the Shahabad district. The boundaries of the town for the purposes of the Act shall be as follows:—

North—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Bhair Talab.

West—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Sher Shah's tank to the Khoodra river.

South—The river Khoodra.

East—A line drawn through Bhair Talab and Mirza Mathor's tank, thence the Tilowthoo road to the old distillery.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th November 1878.—Under section 3, Act I (B.C.) of 1876 (an Act to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces), the Lieutenant-Governor has granted a license to Moonshee Abdus Salam, authorizing him to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces, and to exercise the other functions of a Mahomedan Registrar within the police station of Dawlatpore, in the district of Nuddea, in the place of Moulvi Abool Hasnot, resigned.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd November 1878.—Under the authority vested in him by section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends the provisions of the said Act to the Thanas of Pubna, Muthurab, Chatmohur, Doolia, and Shahzadpore, in the Pubna district.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 3rd December 1878.

No. 244.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. W. B. Gwyther, Apprentice Engineer attached to the First Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for fifteen days, under Civil Leave Code, Supplement B., Section 12.

The 5th December 1878.

No. 245.—The undermentioned Officer has been allowed an extension of his furlough by the Secretary of State for India:—

T. F. Parkinson, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, Public Works Department, for six months.

No. 246.—*Notifications.*—Mr. J. C. G. Keddie, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Patna Division, availed himself of the three months privilege leave granted* to him from the 20th November 1878, afternoon.

* Bengal Government (Public Works Department) Notification No. 216 of the 28th October 1878.

The 9th December 1878.

No. 247.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, are re-published for information:—

Enter Notification No. 525 of 4th December 1878 of the Public Works Department, published in the India Gazette of the 7th December 1878, page 707.

No. 334 of the 6th December 1878.—Mr. T. W. Freeman, Accountant, Third Grade, temporarily transferred to Madras for employment on Famine Relief Works Accounts, is re-transferred to Bengal.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Major-Genl., R. E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 9th December 1878.

No. 308.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Mohesh Chunder Bose, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, Buxar Division, returned to duty, on the afternoon of the 18th November 1878, from the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 294, dated the 25th November 1878.
No. 304, dated the 2nd December 1878.

No. 309.—Mr. G. W. Faulkner, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, an extension of one year's furlough.

No. 310.—The following notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department is re-published for information:—

"No. 537, dated the 6th December 1878.—The following officers are re-transferred from Madras to the Provinces specified:—

"To BENGAL IRRIGATION BRANCH.

"Mr. A. C. C. Rogers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
"Mr. J. W. Kehoe, Supervisor, Second Grade.

No. 311.—The following notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department is re-published for information:—

"No. 588, dated 6th December 1878.—The following Students of the Royal Indian Engineering College, who have been appointed by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India as Assistant Engineer in the grades specified, are posted as follows for the purpose of undergoing a course of practical training for one year:—

"To BENGAL IRRIGATION BRANCH.

"Mr. A. Greenlees, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
"Mr. C. C. Martyr, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
"Mr. F. Lepper, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.

No. 312.—*Posting.*—The above three Students of the Royal Indian Engineering College are posted to the undermentioned Divisions of the Sone Circle, which they joined on the dates specified against their names:—

Mr. A. Greenlees, Dehree Workshop Division, 22nd November 1878, afternoon.
Mr. C. C. Martyr, } Buxar Division, 20th November 1878, afternoon.
" F. Lepper, }

No. 313.—*Transfer.*—Mr. F. Simon, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, is transferred in the interests of public service to the Gunduk Division of the South-Western Circle for special duty, with effect from the 22nd October last.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R. E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrign. Branch.

RAILWAY.

The 9th December 1878.

No. 43.—Notification.—With reference to Government of India, Public Works Department Notification No. 502, dated 14th November 1878, Baboo Gopee Mohun Banerjee, Accountant, 4th grade, joined the Central Office of Accounts, Northern Bengal State Railway, on the forenoon of the 23rd idem.

The 10th December 1878.

No. 44.—Notifications.—With reference to notification No. 27, dated 31st October 1878, Mr. G. R. Clark, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, made over charge of his sub-division of the Northern Bengal State Railway on the forenoon of the 11th November 1878.

No. 45.—Mr. W. W. Shanks, Executive Engineer, 4th grade, returned, on the 30th ultimo, from the furlough granted him in notification No. 4, dated 25th June 1877, and is posted to the Central Bengal Railway Surveys, which he joined on the forenoon of that date.

No. 46.—With reference to this office notification No. 27, dated 31st October 1878, the undermentioned officers joined the Central Bengal Railway Surveys on the dates specified opposite each:—

Mr. G. R. Clark, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, on the afternoon of the 15th November 1878.

Mr. R. A. English, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, on the afternoon of the 11th November 1878.

J. LINDSAY, Major, R.E.,
Offg. Jt.-Secy to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Mudempur, Jougul, and Teghurry, pergunnah Pajnour, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land measuring, more or less, 9 beeghas 4 cottahs and 13 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid villages of Mudempur, Jougul, and Teghurry:

Two pieces in the village Mudempur, the one bounded on the north by mouzah Teghurry; east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; west by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudempur village road; and the other bounded on the north and west by Shama Churn Mundol's land; east by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudempur village road.

Two pieces in the village Jougul, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north and east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; south by Teghurry road; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

Two pieces in the village Teghurry, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north by Teghurry road; east and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10444, dated the 4th December 1878.—Mr. H. Lee, c.s., made over charge of the Durbhunga Jail to Surgeon E. Bovill in the forenoon of the 27th November 1878.

No. 10490, Alipore, the 7th December 1878.—Mr. J. W. Edgar, c.s.i., made over charge of the Shahabad Jail to Surgeon-Major J. H. Thornton on the forenoon of the 16th ultimo.

S. S. LYNCH,
Deputy Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

CIRCULAR ORDER No. 37.

NOTIFICATION.

The following List of days to be observed in the year 1879 as close holidays in the Subordinate Civil Courts has been prepared and is published by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in the exercise of the power vested in it by Section 17 of Act VI of 1871 :—

NAMES OF HOLIDAYS.	English date.	Bengali date.	Days of the week.	Number of days.	REMARKS.
Moharrum, including New Year's Day and the two days following.	December 31st (1878) to January 4th (1879).	Pous (1878) 17th to 21st	Tuesday to Saturday	5 days.	(a) If the moon be visible on the 24th of December, then the Courts will be closed from 30th December (1878) to 3rd January.
Basant Purnima	January 27th and 28th	Magh 16th and 16th	Monday and Tuesday	2 "	
Chaitra Ratri including Akshir Chaitra Shumba	February 10th and 9th	Febgun 9th and 9th	Wednesday and Thursday	2 "	
Chaitra Doudabom	March 6th (1879)	" 23rd	Thursday	1 day.	(b) If the moon be not visible on the 22nd of February, then the Courts will be closed on 7th March.
Chaitra Jatra	" 8th and 9th	" 25th and 26th	Saturday and Sunday	2 days.	
Bahoonce Ganga-Snan	" 9th	Chaitra 7th	Thursday	1 day.	
Sriram Nobhoce	April 1st	" 19th	Tuesday	1 "	
Good Friday and the day following, including Mohabshab Samkranti.	" 11th and 12th	" 30th and 30th	Friday and Saturday	2 days.	
Queen's Birthday	May 24th	Jyoti (1879) 11th	Saturday	1 day.	(c) "Ras Pournima" (<i>vide infra</i>) is to be observed in Orissa instead of this day.
Dashohara Ganga-Snan	" 31st (1879)	" 18th	"	1 "	(d) These holidays are not to be observed in the districts of Bhagulpore, Gyn, Patna, Sarun, Shahabad, and Tirhoot.
Bath Jatra (1879)	June 21st	Amar 8th	Sunday	1 "	
Osia Bath (1879)	July 28th	" 16th	"	1 "	
Relapse of the Sun	July 19th	Shrabon 4th	Saturday	1 "	
Shubh-4-Narat	August 3rd (1879)	" 18th	Sunday	1 "	(e) If the moon be not visible on the 30th of July, then the Courts will be closed on the 4th of August, Monday.
Jumoo-Astomi	" 6th and 10th	" 25th and 26th	Saturday and Sunday	2 days.	
Mahava	September 16th	Assin 1st	Tuesday	1 day.	
Ked-ul-Fitr	18th and 19th (1879)	" 3rd and 4th	Thursday and Friday	2 days.	(f) If the moon be not visible on the 17th of September, then the Courts will be closed on the 19th and 20th of September.
Bussarah Vacation, including Purga Pooja, Iukhi Pooja, Dewali, Bhadrastika and Kartick Pooja.	October 16th to Nov. 16th	" 31st to Aghran 1st	Thursday to Sunday	3 "	
Jagdishnath Pooja (1879)	November 22nd and 23rd	Aghran 7th and 8th	Saturday and Sunday	2 "	(g) This holiday is not to be observed in the districts of Bhagulpore, Gyn, Patna, Sarun, Shahabad, and Tirhoot.
Ed-us-Zoh	" 26th and 26th (1879)	" 10th and 11th	Tuesday and Wednesday	2 "	(h) If the moon be not visible on the 18th of November, then the Courts will be closed on the 28th and 29th November.
Chaitra Mela (1879)	" 27th to December 2nd	Kartick (1879) 28th to Aghran 4th, corresponding with Aghran (1879 B) 12th to 17th.	Tuesday to Tuesday	6 "	(i) This holiday is to be observed in the districts of Bhagulpore, Gyn, Patna, Sarun, Shahabad, and Tirhoot only.
Bah-Pournima (1879)	" 28th	Aghran 13th	Friday	1 day.	(j) This holiday is to be observed in Orissa only, instead of "Dashohara Ganga-Snan."
Moharrum	December 30th to 24th (1879)	Pous 6th to 10th	Saturday to Wednesday	5 days.	(k) If the moon be not visible on the 14th of December, then the Courts will be closed from the 21st to 26th December.
Christmas Day and one day before and one day after.	" 24th to 26th	" 10th to 12th	Wednesday to Friday	3 "	
Day after the Eclipse of the Moon	" 29th	" 16th	Monday	1 day.	

J. CRAWFORD, Registrar.

High Court, the 5th December 1878.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Courts of Small Causes of Dacca and Munshigunge will sit in the latter Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Monday, the 16th December 1878.	Friday, the 20th December 1878.
Tuesday, „ 17th „ „	Saturday, „ 21st „ „
Wednesday, „ 18th „ „	Monday, „ 23rd „ „
Thursday, „ 19th „ „	

AMRITA LALL CHATTERJI, *Judge, Small Cause Court.*

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 7th December 1878.

TREASURY NOTICES.

BAROO GOVIND CHUNDER ROSE, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the Hooghly Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other Treasuries.

F. H. PELLEW, *Offg. Commissioner.*

BURDWAN COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, HOWRAH, the 3rd December 1878.

MR. W. B. MARTIN, Deputy Collector, has been placed in charge of the treasury at Dumka, and is authorized to draw bills on all treasuries.

SARODA PROSHAD CHATTERJEE, *Perol. Asst. to the Commr.*

BHAGULPORE, the 6th December 1878.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVIE ABDUL JURRER KHAN has been placed in charge of the Patna Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

F. M. HALLIDAY, *Commissioner.*

PATNA COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 21st November 1878.

DEPUTY COLLECTOR BAROO JADUR CHUNDER GHOSE has been placed in charge of the Chumparun Treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

D. G. BONERJEE,

Personal Asst. to Commr., for Commissioner.

PATNA COMM. 'S OFFICE, BAKIPORE, the 22nd November 1878.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Department of Public Works Half-yearly Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department will be held at the Presidency College at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 3rd February 1879, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1879. Candidates for the grade of Accountant, who are not in Government service, should be under 25 years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the December 1878.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY,
Principal, Presidency College.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

It is hereby notified that, under the orders of the Government of Bengal, dated 3rd February 1876, sanctioning a re-distribution of the Junior Scholarships, as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade and 13 of the Third Grade were allotted to the Presidency Division, to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December Examination.

2. The Second Grade scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the divisional list, irrespective of district.

3. The Third Grade scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of the Division as follows:—

24 Pergunnahs ...	... 4	Jessore ...	... 4
Nuddea ...	... 3	Moorshedabad ...	... 2

The 3rd December 1878.

B. L. MANOLES, *Commissioner.*

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1462B.

BEHAR.	Chests	Chests.
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	30,263	
Supply from 1877-78...	9,747	30,000
BENARES.		
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	28,229	
Supply from 1877-78...	1,771	30,000
Total ...		60,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1879 will consist of 30,000 chests of Behar and 30,000 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1876-77 and 1877-78, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstance render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th Jan. 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Feb. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th Mar. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th Aug. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Nov. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd Dec. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total ...	30,000	30,000	60,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,800 per chest, Rs. 800 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,800 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

7.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8.—The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale; and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the 5th Condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1 certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1877-78, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out

of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1879, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 60,000 chests of

		Chests.
Behar	...	30,000
Benares	...	30,000
Total	...	60,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such Opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such Opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 21st November 1878.

No. 1525B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th January 1879, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 5,000 chests, viz:—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,500
Benares	"	...	...	...	2,500
Total		...			5,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 21st November 1878, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st January 1879 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 11th January 1879, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 21st January 1879.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the

dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests	Total, about Chests
On or about Monday, 3rd February 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th March	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th August	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st September	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th ditto	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd November	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd December	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total	27,500	27,500	55,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd December 1878.

NOTICE.

THE Customs Collector will receive applications for the post of Appraiser upon the salary of Rs. 250 rising to Rs. 350 per mensem up to noon, Saturday 14th.

Copies, and not original of testimonials, should be sent, as no papers can be returned, and intimation will only be given to the selected candidate.

J. D. MACLEAN, Collector of Customs.

CUSTOM HOUSE, CALCUTTA, the 3rd December 1878.

Statement showing the Importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on River Hooghly subject to Customs duty on 30th November 1878.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Punga	4,52,009	22,284	1,67,463	6,41,846
Italian Karkutch	20,162	.....	.....	20,162
Bombay ditto	96,023	.....	1,199	97,222
Arabian and Persian Gulfs Karkutch and Muscat Rock	1,80,021	.....	80,379	2,60,400
Ceylon Karkutch	39,936	.....	.....	39,936
Egyptian ditto	41,112	.....	.....	41,112
French ditto	.....	.....	49,722	49,722
Cutch ditto	.....	.....	350	350
Total	8,29,858	22,284	2,99,113	11,50,750

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

J. D. MACLEAN, Collector of Customs.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 6th December 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1878.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal,
the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 5515A.

GENERAL.—*The 6th December 1878.*—The Hon'ble W. F. McDonell, v.c., is appointed to be President of the Board of Examiners to conduct the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mooktears, vice Mr. W. Markby.

The 9th December 1878.—Mr. W. S. Wells is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. P. Nolan, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to act temporarily as Magistrate and Collector of that district, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

The 11th December 1878.—Mr. C. D. C. Winter, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Beerbhoom, who reported his return from furlough on the 12th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 19th idem, to enable him to join his appointment.

The 12th December 1878.—In supersession of orders dated the 23rd ultimo, Mr. W. B. Martin, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who reported his return from furlough on the forenoon of the 20th November 1878, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 29th idem, to enable him to join his appointment at Doonka in the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Mr. W. F. Merce, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Baboo Rai Churn Ghose, Fourth Special Commissioner under the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, having reported his return to duty on the 25th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 5th November last is cancelled.

Baboo Komul Narain Chuckerbutty is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Baboo Sasi Bhusan Sen, and is posted to Contai, in Midnapore.

Baboo Dino Nath Ghose is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Moulvi Snajit Ali Ahmed, and is posted to Tumlook, in Midnapore.

The 13th December 1878.—Mr. H. J. S. Cotton, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, who returned from furlough on the 15th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 27th idem, to enable him to join his appointment.

The 14th December 1878.—Mr. W. Fiddian, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, who reported his return from furlough on the 28th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave for twenty days from that date, to enable him to join his appointment.

Mr. E. R. Middleton, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kissongunge, on leave, is allowed leave for three months under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under orders of the 21st March 1878.

Baboo Jadub Chunder Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chumparun, is allowed leave for three months under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved.

The 16th December 1878.—Mr. W. B. Oldham, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for two months under the Rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from such date as his services may be replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras.

Mr. W. F. Meres, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

Mr. K. G. Gupta, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, is appointed to have charge of the Kendraparah Division of the Cuttack district, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Annada Prosad Ghose, or until further orders.

Mr. J. M. Lewis, who returned from furlough on the 20th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 25th idem, to enable him to join his appointment as District and Sessions Judge of Bhagulpore.

The Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India has granted an extension of furlough for nine months to Mr. G. G. Dey, *c.s.*

Baboo Romesh Chunder Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, on leave, is transferred to the Sudder Station of the Nuddea district.

Baboo Bhoirub Nath Palit, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Durbhunga, is transferred temporarily to Mozufferpore.

The 17th December 1878.—Mr. A. Forbes, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, with effect from the 23rd ultimo.

Moulvi Mahomed Serajul Huq, Sub-Deputy Collector on settlement duty, Sonthal Pergunnahs, is allowed leave for one month and twenty-nine days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 13th ultimo.

Mr. T. W. Gribble, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, who reported his return from furlough on the 9th ultimo, is allowed subsidiary leave from that date to the 25th idem, to enable him to join his appointment.

Mr. T. D. Moran, temporary Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is allowed leave for eight months, under Section 9, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under orders of the 26th February last.

POLICE.—*The 12th December 1878.*—Baboo Nobo Kristo Ghose, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, is transferred to Dacca.

The 16th December 1878.—Mr. O. B. Wood, Assistant Superintendent of Police, is appointed to act in the Second Grade of Assistant Superintendents of Police, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of his appointment as Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts.

REGISTRATION.—*The 27th November 1878.*—Baboo Umesah Chunder Sen is appointed to act as Rural Sub-Registrar of thana Backergunge, during the absence on deputation of Moulvi Mahomed Hafez or until further orders.

The 16th December 1878.—Mr. C. M. W. Brett, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Hazareebagh, is also appointed to act as Sub-Registrar of Hazareebagh, with effect from the 8th ultimo, *vice* Mr. S. S. Jones, transferred.

Mr. H. Cox, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Mozufferpore, acted also as Special Sub-Registrar of that Station from the 2nd to the 14th July 1878.

EDUCATION.—*The 14th December 1878.*—Baboo Radhika Prosana Mookerjee, Officiating Head Master, Hooghly Normal School, is appointed to be an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Bhagulpore Division.

Baboo Bireswar Chakravarti, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Hazareebagh, is appointed to be an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Chota Nagpore Division.

Baboo Kailas Chandra Sen, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Dacca, is appointed to be an Assistant Inspector of Schools in the Chittagong Division.

FORESTS.—*The 12th December 1878.*—Mr. J. C. McDonell, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Darjeeling Division, was also in charge of the Teesta Division from the 24th to the 28th October 1878.

MEDICAL.—*The 20th November 1878.*—Assistant Surgeon Nidhi Laul Halder, in charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Satkhira, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs, is appointed to have medical charge of the Sasaram dispensary in the district of Shahabad.

Assistant Surgeon Grish Chunder Bhar, in charge of the Charitable Dispensary at Sasaram, is appointed to have medical charge of the Satkhira dispensary in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs.

The 11th December 1878.—Surgeon W. F. Murray, Officiating Civil Surgeon, Gya, is appointed to act until further orders as Civil Surgeon of Burdwan.

Assistant Surgeon Neem Chand Gupta, doing duty at the Mayo Hospital, is appointed temporarily to have medical charge of the Civil Station of Maldah.

The 14th December 1878.—Surgeon J. F. Mullen is appointed to act temporarily as Civil Surgeon of Gya, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. R. McLeod, or until further orders.

The 17th December 1878.—Mr. H. Deveria, Manager of the Maisadul Estate, is appointed to be a member of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Ruthgora, in the district of Midnapore, *vice* Baboo Luchman Prosad Gurja.

Assistant Surgeon Heralal Das, in charge of the Ruthgora Dispensary, is appointed to be Secretary to the Committee for the management of that dispensary, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Devendro Nath Roy.

JAILS.—*The 17th December 1878.*—Mr. P. Donaldson, Superintendent of Jail Manufactures, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 5th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted him under orders dated the 4th July last is cancelled.

ECONOMIC MUSEUM.—*The 16th December 1878.*—Baboo Jodn Nath Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakholly, is appointed to be a member of the Local Economic Museum Committee of that district.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 28th November 1878.*—Baboo Ram Kissore Sing Deo is re-appointed to be a Commissioner of the Bishenpore Municipality.

Baboo Obhoy Charan Sarkar, Plender, is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Bishenpore Municipality.

The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election by the Commissioners of the Bishenpore Municipality of Baboo Umesh Chandra Choudhuri to be their Vice-Chairman for one year.

The 29th November 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the re-election by the Municipal Commissioners of Rungpore of Dr. K. D. Ghose, to be their Vice-Chairman for one year, commencing from 1st October 1878.

The 3rd December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the election by the Commissioners of the Municipality of Rampore Beaulah of Mr. J. R. Hallett, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to be their Vice-Chairman for one year, *vice* Mr. E. H. Ruddock.

Baboo Jotendra Lal De Chowdry is appointed to be a Commissioner of the Municipality of Banaghat, in the district of Nuddea.

ROAD CESS.—*The 18th December 1878.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Kissengunge Branch Road Cess Committee in the district of Purneah:—

Hajee Abdullah, Zemindar and Merchant, *vice* Baboo Dwarka Nath Banerjee.

Muushi Furid Buksh, Zemindar and retired Moonsif.

Sheikh Altaf Ally, Zemindar.

The 17th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are reappointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Dacca, *viz.*—

Nawab Asanoolah Khan, Bahadoor.

Rai Obhoy Charan Boso, Bahadoor.

Baboo Roop Lal Das.

„ Radhica Mohun Roy.

The following notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette*:—

No. 198.—*The 18th November 1878.*—Furlough for one year, under Section 12, Chapter IV of the Civil Leave Code, with the usual subsidiary leave, is granted to Dr. C. A. Martin, M.B., Inspector of Schools, Assam, with effect from the 16th January 1879, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

The 17th December 1878.—For the words “the creek on the south of lot No. 127,” in the 89th line of column 4 of the schedule annexed to the notification dated 7th December 1878, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th idem, declaring a portion of the Sunderbuns in the 24-Pergunnahs to be an protected forest,” read “the creek on the north of lot No. 127.”

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th December 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification:—

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Nellore Collector's Office, the 4th December 1878.

On the 19th June 1878 three idols, made of a mixed metal composed of the five ingredients—copper, lead, zinc, tin, and iron—and valued at about Rs. 100, were found buried in the bed of the river Pennair, at the village of Kaluvaya, in the Atmakur taluq. All persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, are required to appear personally, or by agent, before the Collector of Nellore, on the 1st May, in his office at Nellore.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th December 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Fort St. George, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Tanjore Collector's Office, Vallam, 7th December 1878.

Under Section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act No. VI of 1878, notice is hereby given that on the 19th and 20th October last, 17 copper idols valued at Rs. 102 were found at Panduthakudy, Mannargudy taluq, by the mirassidars of that village. All persons claiming the whole or any portion thereof are required to appear personally or by agents before the Collector of Tanjore, at 11 A.M., on Thursday, the 1st May 1879, and establish their claims thereto.

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint Captain Morphy, of the 40th Foot, and Surgeon Webb, of the British Medical Department, in the place of Colonel Bowdler, of the 40th Regiment, and Surgeon-Major A. Doig, to be Members of the Committee appointed under orders of Government dated the 25th March last, published at page 258, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd April last, to enquire into the sanitary condition of the villages surrounding the cantonment of Dum-Dum.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th December 1878.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by Section 78, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Kotrung, in the district of Hooghly, made at a meeting convened expressly for the purpose, and of which due notice had been given, to sanction the registration by the Commissioners, under Section 133 of the Act, of all carts kept or habitually used within the Municipality, and the levy, from 1st April 1879, of fees upon every cart for such registration at the rate of Rs. 4 per annum.

D. BARBOUR,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—Under section 79 of Act VIII of 1878 (the Sea Customs Act), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, to issue licenses for and register cargo-boats plying within the limits of the Port. Under that section, and under section 7(k) of Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports Act), the following Rules are hereby prescribed for regulating the grant of such licenses and the levy of fees by the said Commissioners. These rules shall come into force on the 1st March 1879, but no fees shall be chargeable thereunder for licensing any cargo boat or manjee during the currency of any license issued by the Collector of Customs before that date:—

Rules sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the Registration, Licensing and Regulation of Cargo-boats under the provisions of Section 79, Act VIII of 1878, and Section 7 (k) of Act XII of 1875.

1. No cargo boat of any description shall ply within the port, unless licensed and registered by the Port Commissioners under section 79, Act VIII of 1878. No licensed and registered cargo-boat shall be allowed to ply within the port, except under the direction of a manjee licensed and registered by the Port Commissioners.

2. Each application for the licensing and registration of a cargo-boat must be made in writing to the Port Commissioners, and contain particulars of the owner's name and residence and the tonnage of the boat; and in the event of the owner not residing in Calcutta, the name and address of the agent duly authorized to act for him.

3. Every license granted under these rules shall continue in force until and upon the first day of April next after the date thereof. If granted in the month of March in any year, such license shall continue in force until and upon the first day of April in the year next following that in which the same shall have been granted, except in either case the same shall be sooner revoked. The license is not transferable, and if the ownership of the boat is changed, notice of the transfer must be given to the Port Commissioners before the boat again plies in the port.

4. No license shall be granted to any cargo-boat until such boat has been surveyed by a surveyor duly appointed for the purpose, and he shall have granted a certificate stating that the boat is in good order and suited for the conveyance of cargo within the port—(a) the tonnage of such boat, (b) the quantity of cargo she is authorized to carry, and (c) the number of crew required for the safe navigation of such boat according to the following scale:—

Class I.—“Square built, open, or decked.”

For a boat of not more than 15 tons burden, 5 men including manjee.

Above 15 and not above 20 tons, 6 men including manjee.

“ 20	“ 25	“ 7	“	“	“
“ 25	“ 30	“ 8	“	“	“
“ 30	“ 35	“ 9	“	“	“
“ 35	“ 40	“ 10	“	“	“
“ 40 tons,	11 men including manjee.				

Class II.—Dinghy built Bhurs.

For a boat of not above 15 tons burden, 4 men including manjee.

Above 15 and not above 20 tons, 5 men including manjee.

“ 20	“ 30	“ 6	“	“	“
“ 30	“ 35	“ 7	“	“	“
“ 35 tons,	8 men including manjee.				

5. The number of every licensed boat shall be branded by the surveyor on the boat, and shall also be painted in white figures not less than six inches long on both sides of the boat.

6. Fees not exceeding the sum mentioned in the following schedule shall be payable for the issue, renewal, &c., of the licenses granted under these rules:—

Schedule of Charges.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. For surveying, registering, branding and painting number and issuing license to cargo-boats per ton on tonnage for which license is issued	0	8	0
2. Metal ticket for manjee	0	4	0
3. Manjee's license	0	4	0
4. Endorsement of change of owner or person in charge in register and license	2	0	0
5. Issue of new license to boats in lieu of those defaced or lost	0	8	0

7. The owner or his agent or the manjee in charge of any licensed boat shall not permit any quantity of cargo, more than that for which such boat has been licensed, to be carried in such boat at one time, and shall not permit such boat to ply unless provided with the number of crew stated in the license. The boat must be kept thoroughly clean and be provided with a pump, ground tackle, and fittings in working order, as specified in the license.

8. The license granted for any cargo-boat may be revoked whenever such boat is, in the opinion of the Port Commissioners, unfitted for the conveyance of cargo, or when any breach of the conditions of the license, of the Port Rules, or of the Sea Customs Act has been committed by the owner or his agent or the manjee in charge of the boat.

9. No cargo-boat shall lie at the Inland Vessels' Wharves unless when receiving or discharging cargo, and all cargo-boats shall cast off from the mooring posts and move from one place to another when required by an officer duly authorized by the Port Commissioners.

10. No cargo-boat shall obstruct the free navigation of the port, or the approaches to wharves, jetties, or landing-stages, and no cargo-boat shall be moored or land or ship goods at any bathing ghât.

11. Not more than three cargo-boats shall make fast to one mooring buoy at the same time, and any cargo-boat which has made fast to a mooring buoy shall cast off when required by an officer duly authorized by the Port Commissioners.

12. Every licensed cargo-boat shall be provided with an iron cabbese to be kept on deck, and no fire shall be permitted in any other part of the boat. Every such cargo-boat shall carry a light in a lantern in the forepart of the boat, where it can be distinctly seen when under weigh after dark.

13. The manjee of a licensed cargo-boat plying at the port shall not be allowed to keep on board any private stores other than those which are necessary for the use of the crew for a period not exceeding one week.

14. The Port Commissioners may, if they think fit, at any time order any licensed cargo-boat to be re-surveyed without any charge to the owners, and they may also revoke at any time any license granted to any owner or manjee, and it shall be competent to the Commissioners to refuse any application for the issue of a license.

15. Whenever any accident shall occur to a licensed cargo-boat, the manjee in charge or the owner of the boat shall at once proceed to the nearest River Police Station and report the circumstances connected with the accident to the officer in charge.

16. The owner, or agent, or manjee of a licensed cargo-boat, who shall, without good reason, refuse to carry cargo in such boat, shall, for every such refusal, be liable to the penalty prescribed by law for breach of these rules, and shall in addition be liable to have the license of the boat and the manjee revoked.

17. Every licensed cargo-boat when plying shall have its license on board, and it shall be produced when required.

18. Any owner of a licensed cargo-boat who may withdraw it from plying, except for the purpose of repairs or other sufficient cause, without giving 48 hours notice to the Port Commissioners, shall, for every such refusal, be liable to the penalty prescribed by law for breach of these rules, and shall in addition be liable to have the license revoked.

19. Every registered manjee shall be provided with a metal license ticket, upon which shall be legibly painted the number of the manjee's license, and every such manjee, when in charge of a licensed cargo-boat, shall wear his ticket exposed to view. No manjee without such ticket shall be in charge of any licensed cargo-boat.

20. Whenever the number on any manjee's license ticket shall become obliterated or defaced, so that the same shall not be distinctly legible, and also when any manjee's license ticket shall have been lost or mislaid, the manjee shall apply to the Commissioners for a renewal thereof, and the Commissioners shall, upon the payment of the fee mentioned in the schedule, deliver to the manjee a new license ticket.

21. On the expiration or other determination of the license, the manjee shall deliver his metal ticket to the registering officer.

22. No manjee shall lend or transfer his ticket to any other person, and no other person shall use the ticket of a registered manjee.

23. No person in charge of any licensed cargo-boat plying within the limits of the port shall use, or wear, or have any ticket resembling, or intending to resemble, the metal ticket granted under the authority of these rules.

24. The manjee of every licensed cargo-boat plying for hire within the port shall, when waiting for hire at the wharves, have a hiring note showing the rate at which such boat can be hired by the day, and any owner or agent failing to supply the manjee with such note shall, in addition to the fine prescribed for a breach of these rules, be liable to have the boat's license revoked.

25. Every owner or agent of a licensed cargo-boat shall, on the 1st August and 1st December in each year, submit a return to the Port Commissioners, showing the number of licensed boats belonging to him plying on the last day of the previous month.

26. Any person committing an infringement of any of the foregoing rules is liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, if the offence is cognizable under Act VIII of 1878, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, if the offence is cognizable under Act XII of 1875.

27. All police officers shall have the same powers against offences and offenders under these rules as they have under section 6, Act III (B.C.) of 1872.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

(Second Publication.)

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of bhuinhari and

Pargunnah Doms, 23 villages.	
" Bano, 11 "	
" Bhaironpurpahar, 13 vil-	
lages.	
" Lachra, 14 villages.	
" Parba, 13 "	
" Koraina, 34 "	
" Doms, 30 "	
" Kasmur, 13 "	
" Khukra, 30 "	

other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pargunnahs of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 25th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of bhuinhari or maujhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of Bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnah of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 30th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of Bhuinhari or Manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—Bahoo Jagat Chunder Sen, Special Sub-Deputy Collector, at present employed on the duty of demarcating the boundary between the Regulation District of Chittagong and the Hill Tracts, is vested, under Section 4 of Act V (B.C.) of 1875, with the powers of a Deputy Collector for survey work in thana Chakeria, in the Chittagong district.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th December 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the last clause of Section 28 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, and subject to the proviso therein contained, the Lieutenant Governor hereby declares the land described in the schedule hereto annexed to be a "Protected forest":—

District.	Pergunnah or other sub-division.	Name of forest.	Description of boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs ...	That part of the Soonderbuns which lies in the 24-Pergunnahs.	That part of the Soonderbuns lying in the 24-Pergunnahs which is not leased or granted to any person, and which lies outside the tract declared to be "reserved forest" under Government notification, dated 1st August 1876.	<i>Northern Boundary.</i> An irregular line starting from the western extremity of the south boundary of Chuck Bamunkhali, in Saugor Island, and proceeding eastward along the southern boundary of the said Bamunkhali Chuck till it joins the Tultulla khal; then southwards along the said khal till it meets the south boundary of the granted portion of Trower-

land alias "Coompanir Chur," in Saugor Island; then proceeding eastward along the south boundary of the said grant in Trower-land till it meets the Shikarpore khal; then southwards along the said khal till it joins the south boundary of the granted portion of Chuck Shikarpore, also in Saugor Island; then proceeding eastward along the said boundary as far as the Moorigunga or Channel creek or Baratulla river; then northwards along the said river as far as the Kakdee khal; then north along the said Kakdee khal till it meets the southern boundary of lot No. 10; then south-eastward along the south boundary of the said lot 10 as far as the Andarmanee khal; then south along the Andarmanee khal to its junction with the Gheebati gang; then eastward along the Gheebati and the Ghoonghudanga gang to the point where the Goondakatta khal issues from it; then north along the said Goondakatta khal till it meets the line forming the boundary between lots 15 and 16; then north-eastward along the said line boundary until it meets the Gobadya gang; then northwards along the said Gobadya river till it meets the Sarooldear river south of lot No. 18; then eastward along the said river till it joins the Midhambhanga gang; then southwards along the said Midhambhanga till it meets the Nouk Cheera khal; then north-eastward along the said Nouk Cheera till it meets the Pook Cheera river; then northwards along the said Pook Cheera and the khal or creek forming a part of the western

boundary of lot No. 116 until the said khal joins the Monnee nuddee; then south-east along the said Monnee nuddee to its junction with the Thakuran river; then northwards along the said Thakuran as far as the Boggee nuddee on the south of the Soonderhun lots 36 and 38; then along the said Boggee nuddee till it meets the river called Cooltullah on the north of lot No. 128; then along the said Cooltullah to its junction with the river Mutlah; then northwards along the Mutlah river to its junction with the Hooghly nuddee; then eastward along the said Hooghly nuddee until it meets the line forming the west boundary of the granted or north portion of lot No. 128; then south along the said boundary line till it meets the creek on the north of lot No. 127 and the line forming a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then eastward along the said line boundary till it meets a creek, not named in any map, but which issues from the Biddah river and forms a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then south-eastward along the said creek as far as the Biddah river; then northwards along the said Biddah to the Curtal river; and again northwards along the Curtal and the Monkhal khal, forming a part of the west boundary of lot No. 132, till it meets the creek locally known as Soorjoobaria khal, flowing between lots 132 and 134, then northwards along the said creek till it meets the Churru Bidda khal, on the south of lot No. 136 called Churru Bidda abad; then eastward along the said Churru Bidda till it meets the Hutta khali khal forming a part of the east boundary of lot No. 136; then northwards along the said Hutta khali till it meets the khal forming the south boundary of lot No. 137, not named in any map; then north-eastward along the aforesaid khal and another khal, also not named in any map, but which flows between lots 137 and 138 until it joins the Rampura khal; then eastward along the said Rampura till it meets the Borokaly Gatchya river; then south-eastward along the Borokaly Gatchya to its junction with the Roymungul river and Nowyee gang; then northwards along the said Nowyee gang till it is met by the Canaikati khal and the line forming the west boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 163; then southwards along the said line boundary as far as the line boundary which separates lot 162 from lot 163 as shewn in Lieutenant Hodges' map; then eastward along the said line to its termination on the west bank of the Khalindi nuddee.

Eastern Boundary.

The Khalindi nuddee and the Roymungul river.

Southern Boundary.

The Sea.

Western Boundary.

The River Hooghly.

From the above boundaries must be excluded Dhobelat, in Saugor Island, the island of Gnasaba in lot No. 132, and a part of lot 132, these lands belonging to private individuals.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 5th December 1878.—In modification of the orders of the 4th January 1878, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd January 1878 (page 56), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally with the full powers of a Shipping-Master under Act I of 1859, and to direct, in accordance with the provisions of Section 8 of that Act, that the Shipping Office business of the Dhamra ports shall be conducted at the office of the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

The 7th December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 26.)

Bay of Bengal, British Burma, Bassein River.

VESSELS PROHIBITED FROM ANCHORING NEAR SUB-MARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE BETWEEN DIAMOND ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND.

Notice is hereby given that a telegraph cable having been laid between the north part of Diamond island and the mainland to the northward, two posts surmounted with boards,

painted white, have been set up, one has been placed where the cable leaves the water, and the other inland of it in a line with the cable.

To prevent damage to this cable, masters of vessels and others are warned that they are to anchor only with these beacons well open of each other to the eastward or westward.

If the beacons are not visible, vessels should avoid anchoring when the centre of Diamond island bears between S. by E. and S. by W.

If bound for Bassein, Masters of vessels are also warned to avoid anchoring between the cable houses (which are painted white, one on each side of the river) in Gnaputan reach.

[Bearings are Magnetic. Variation $2^{\circ} 45'$ Easterly in 1878.]

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr. (late I. N.),*
Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 4th December 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Rangoon and Bassein or Negrais rivers, No. 834; Prepara North Channel, No. 152; Coronge island to White point, No. 823; Cocanada to Bassein river, No. 829; Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, Eastern Sheet, No. 706; also Indian Marine Survey Charts, Nos. 134 and 15c and d; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 496.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The Lieutenant-Governor has directed that the following prizes should be offered by Government to the students of the Calcutta School of Art, the works being exhibited at the forthcoming Fine Art Exhibition:—

	Rs.
For the best water-colour painting from life	50
Ditto second best ditto ditto	32
Ditto best model of an animal from life	50
Ditto drawing ditto ditto	50
Ditto drawing of scientific subjects—	
(a) Geological (fossils, &c.)	32
(b) Botanical	32
(c) Anatomical or Pathological	32
Ditto wood engraving	32
Ditto second best wood engraving	20
Ditto best specimen of lithography	32
Ditto second best specimen of lithography	20
Ditto best drawing from life in light and shade	32
Ditto second best ditto ditto	25
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from the cast	25
Ditto do. mechanical drawing	25
Ditto do. architectural drawing	25
Ditto do. specimen of modelling	25
Ditto second best specimen of modelling	16
Ditto best drawing in light and shade from models	20
Ditto do. elementary drawing from the blackboard	16

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 8th December 1878.—In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 41 of the Bengal Excise Act, 1878, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to confer upon the Preventive Officers of the Customs Department of the Port of Chittagong the powers of Excise Preventive Officers as laid down in Sections 39 and 40 of the aforesaid Act.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 2nd December 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a beacon at Norman's Point in the village of Uttar Parnapara, pergunnah Parki, outpost, zillah Chittagong, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 15 cottahs 6 dhoores of standard measurement, bounded on the north by a gopat running from Uttar Parnapara to the sea-coast; on the west by the Government embankment; on the south by the lands of Faizullah and Mansurali; and on the east by the lands of Faizullah and Shamsheer Kamil, is required within the aforesaid village of Uttar Parnapara.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5516A.

The 12th December 1878.—Mr. G. E. Manisty, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Tajpore Division of the Durbhunga District, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 3, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor's control.

The 13th December 1878.—Baboo Abinash Chunder Mookerjee, M.A., B.L., Additional Moonsif of Khoolna, in Jessore, is transferred to Narail in that district.

Baboo Hurry Prosad Dass, B.L., Second Moonsif of Bagirhat, in Jessore, is also appointed to be Additional Moonsif of Khoolna in that district.

The 16th December 1878.—Baboo Judoo Nath Chowdry, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Bagirhat Division of the Jessore district, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Kali Churn Ghosal, L.L., Moonsif of Shazadpore, in Rajshahye, is appointed to act as Moonsif of Rampore Bauleah, in that district, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Koylash Chunder Mookerjee, or until further orders.

Baboo Moti Lal Halder, B.L., Second Moonsif of Gyebanda, in Rungpore, is appointed to act as Moonsif of Shazadpore, in Rajshahye, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Kali Churn Ghosal, or until further orders.

Baboo Behary Lal Mookerjee, M.A. and B.L., is appointed to act as Second Moonsif of Gyebanda in Rungpore, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Moti Lal Halder, or until further orders, with effect from the 2nd instant.

Baboo Kedarnath Roy, Additional Moonsif of Borobari and Gyebanda, in Rungpore, is appointed to be Third Moonsif of Kurigaon, with head-quarters at Borobari.

The 17th December 1878.—The Moonsif of Jamooce, in the district of Bhagulpore, is also appointed to be *ex-officio* Additional Moonsif of Begoozerai in that district, with effect from the 15th instant.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 10th December 1878.*—Baboo Karuna Dass Bose, Moonsif of Dukhin Shabazpore, in the district of Backergunge, has been allowed leave of absence for three months, under Rule I, Section 81 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st January 1879, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 12th December 1878.—Baboo Mohendro Nath Mitter, Second Moonsif of Jehanabad, in the district of Burdwan, recently transferred to the Chowkey of Mohearekha (head-quarters Oolooberiah), in the district of Hooghly, has been allowed leave of absence for six months, under Section 5, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th December 1878, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 16th December 1878.—Baboo Ramjadub Talapattro, Second Moonsif of Moorudnuggur, in the district of Tipperah, is allowed leave for one week, viz. from 17th to 23rd November 1878, under Section 9, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, in extension of that granted to him under the orders of the 12th November last.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th December 1878.—Under the power vested in him by Section 2, Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses in the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal) the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends, from the 1st January 1879, the provisions of the said Act to the Town and Municipality of Soory, in the Sudder sub-division of the district of Beerbhoom, and to a space extending half a mile on either side of the public road leading from Soory to Cynthea Railway Station.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—The two men described in the roll below having been sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 18 months and one year respectively, for abetting the institution of a false charge of murder, are hereby declared disqualified for future employment under Government in any capacity :—

Name.	Father's name.	Residence.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Colour.	Particular marks.
Amrulla, late 2nd grade Head Constable, Sugarseason outpost, thence Begha, thence, district Midnapore.	Gobemuttullah	Tumook Bazar, thence Tumook, district Midnapore.	Mahomedan.	24	5 feet 5 inches	Dark.	Inoculation marks on both arms; one mark on the right knee; three sore marks on right instep; one sore mark on the left knee.
Dinohandoo Das, late a Constable Sugarseason outpost, thence Begha, thence, district Midnapore.	Gungannan Das.	Mooracota, Midnapore.	Hindu Kayastha.	28	5 feet 6 inches	Darkish.	A wart on the upper lip, right side of nose, and another below the left nipple; one under the neck and another on the right shoulder-blade; one sore mark below the right nipple; one on the right knee, and three on the left knee.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th November 1878.—In supersession of the notification dated the 25th June 1877, published at page 747, Part I of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th June 1877, it is hereby notified that, under Section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor directs that any two or more Honorary Magistrates or any one or more Honorary Magistrates sitting with any salaried Magistrate appointed by the Magistrate of the district to preside at a meeting or meetings at Balasore shall form a bench for the trial of offences occurring within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Balasore police-station in the district of Balasore.

The Lieutenant-Governor also directs that, when under Section 51, Act X of 1872, this bench exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the said Act, and that when similarly it exercises the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class or Third Class, it shall also have power to try summarily all or any of the offences mentioned in Section 225 of the said Act.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th November 1878.—It is hereby notified for general information that, under section 2 of Act II of 1867 (B.C.) (entitled an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses), the Lieutenant-Governor authorizes the extension, from the 1st January 1879, of the provisions of the whole of the said Act to the town of Sasseram, in the Shahabad district. The boundaries of the town for the purposes of the Act shall be as follows :—

North—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Bhair Talab.

West—By a line drawn from Salem Shah's tank to Sher Shah's tank to the Khoodra river.

South—The river Khoodra.

East—A line drawn through Bhair Talab and Mirza Mathor's tank, thence the Tilowthoo road to the old distillery.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an outpost in village Brahmangram (to be called Sara outpost), pergunnah Bajurash Nazirpore, zillah Pubna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2½ beghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road; on the east by the house of Anand Halder and clumps of bamboos; on the south by the mango trees belonging to Guinessh Sardar and Madhu Shah, and the land cultivated by Soudagar Pramanik; and on the west by the Northern Bengal State Railroad on the Padma, is required within the aforesaid village of Brahmangram, pergunnah Bajurash Nazirpore, zillah Pubna:

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th December 1878.

No. 248.—*Transfer*.—Mr. E. S. B. Pereira, Assistant Engineer (temporary rank), First Grade, from the Bhagulpore to the Dinagepore Division, in the interests of the public service.

2. Mr. Pereira joined the latter division on the 7th November 1878, afternoon.

The 16th December 1878.

No. 249.—*Notification*.—The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

No. 543, of the 13th December 1878.—The Simla Imperial Circle will be abolished on the 31st December 1878. The Simla Water Works Division will be placed under the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab. The Architectural and Buildings Division will be added to the charge of the Inspector-General of Military Works.

In accordance with the foregoing arrangements, the following transfers are ordered, with effect from 1st January 1879 :—

To Bengal.

Mr. W. Smith, Superintending Engineer, First Grade.

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• • • • •
• • • • •

To the Military Works Branch.

Mr. W. Girling, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, Architectural and Buildings Division, temporarily.

(LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS.)

The 16th December 1878.

No. 250.—*Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India*.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for constructing a road from Senye to Malipara, in the villages of Popai, Dhanispur, Kasipur, Chaupala, Malipara, and Rasulpur, pergunnahs Paunan and Pandua, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that, for the above purpose, a piece of land, measuring, more or less, five beegahs ten cottahs five chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Malipara Hât; east by cultivated lands of Malipara, Rasulpur, Chaupala, Dhanispur, Kasipur, and Popai; south by Hodulpur; and west by cultivated lands of Popai, Kasipur, Dhanispur, Chaupala, Rasulpur, and Malipara, is required within the aforesaid villages of Popai, Dhanispur, Kasipur, Chaupala, Malipara, and Rasulpur.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. K. T. NICOLLA, Major-Genl., R.E.,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 14th December 1878.

No. 314.—*Leave*.—Dr. W. Forsyth, Civil Medical Officer at Dehree, is granted subsidiary leave from the 20th to the 26th October 1878 (both days inclusive), to enable him to join his appointment, under Section 10, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 315.—*Notification*.—The following notification of the Government of India in the Public Works Department is republished for information :—

No. 544, dated the 13th December 1878.—The following officers and subordinates are retransferred from Madras Famine Relief Works to the provinces and branches specified :—

Bengal Irrigation Branch.

Captain E. O. Elliston, s.c., Executive Engineer, Third Grade.

• (His. is original.)

Mr. B. Marshall, Overseer, Second Grade.

D. B. HORN,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

in the P. W. Dept., Irrign. Branch.

RAILWAY.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Mudenpur, Jongul, and Teghurry, pergunnah Pajmour, zillah Nuddia, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose six pieces of land measuring, more or less, 9 beeghas 4 cottahs and 13 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as noted below, are required in the aforesaid villages of Mudenpur, Jongul, and Teghurry:

Two pieces in the village Mudenpur, the one bounded on the north by mousah Teghurry; east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; west by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudenpur village road; and the other bounded on the north and west by Shama Churn Mundol's land; east by Eastern Bengal Railway; south by Mudenpur village road

Two pieces in the village Jongul, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north and east by Shama Churn Mundol's land; south by Teghurry road; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

Two pieces in the village Teghurry, the one bounded on the north, east, and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land, and west by Eastern Bengal Railway; and the other bounded on the north by Teghurry road; east and south by Shama Churn Mundol's land; and west by Eastern Bengal Railway.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

F. S. STANTON, *Lt.-Col., R.E.,*

Offg. Jt.-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,

P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Circular Order issued by Authority of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

CIVIL AND CRIMINAL.

No. 35, dated the 30th November 1878.

The Court has reason to believe that the provisions of Sections 179 and 180, Act X of 1877, are entirely disregarded in most of the Subordinate Civil Courts, and that the old practice continues unchecked of taking the whole of the evidence first, not always continuously, and then perhaps days afterwards letting the Vakeels begin the case over again for argument, which generally involves reading the evidence again. The proceedings are greatly simplified when, as the law intends, the party who has the right to begin states his case and is afterwards held rigidly to it. But under the old practice great facilities were afforded to a party to mend his hand as the case proceeded, so that, when the entire evidence on his side was taken, he was in a position to present an entirely new case to the Court. Such practices as these, wherever they exist, must be at once discontinued. Section 198 of the Code, while it allows of an adjournment for the Judge to consider his decision, in no manner warrants an adjournment to allow the Pleaders to prepare their arguments.

2. Civil Judicial Officers are required in future to insist strictly on the Pleaders conforming to the Code, and the Court will hold District Judges responsible for the observance of the practice prescribed by law in the Courts subordinate to them.

No. 36, dated the 13th November 1878.

Judicial Officers in the Lower Provinces of Bengal and in Assam are reminded that the Circular Orders* issued by the late Sudder Court to

* No. 20, dated 26th July 1866.
" 3, " 26th January 1868.

secure the better preservation of the books belonging to Courts in the interior are still in force, never having been formally rescinded, although omitted by oversight from the recent compilation of the Circular Orders in force. A copy of the Circular Orders in question is appended for reference, and it is expected that their provisions will be strictly complied with in future.

From the Registrar, to the Civil and Criminal Authorities in the Lower Provinces,—Circular Order No. 20, dated Fort William, the 26th July 1855.

With a view to ensure the better preservation of the books belonging to each of the public Offices under their control, the Court are pleased to issue the following rules which have been introduced in the Western Court:—

1st.—The Head Clerk of the English Office is to be appointed Librarian. He will be primarily responsible for the custody and preservation of the books composing the Office Library; but this will not relieve the Magistrate or other presiding authority from the general responsibility devolving on him as Head of the Office.

2nd.—Correct catalogues should be immediately made of the books in the Library. It might be useful to insert a column in the catalogue showing the date of receipt of each book. The catalogues to be of English paper, and strongly bound for permanent record.

3rd.—Each book should have a number labelled upon it corresponding to a number in the catalogue; and as fresh additions are made to the Library, they should be labelled and numbered in like manner. Each book should also be marked on several leaves with the Office stamp.

4th.—Whenever a book is required out of the Library by any Officer other than the Judge or Magistrate competent to require the same, the Librarian should send a receipt on a slip of paper, which the recipient will sign and return on getting the book, such receipt to be destroyed on the book being returned to Office.

2. The above rules, without going into further detail, will be sufficient to point out the object the Court have in view, viz. the due preservation of books which are the property of Government; and all Officers are requested to act at once on the above directions, and to mention the fact of their having done so in their next Annual Report.

From the Registrar, to the Civil Authorities in the Lower Provinces,—Circular Order No. 3, dated Fort William, the 25th January 1856.

The Court are pleased to direct that the principle of their Circular Order No. 20, dated the 26th of July last, respecting the custody and preservation of the Libraries attached to the English Offices of the Zillah Judges, be considered applicable, as far as possible, to the Courts of the Principal Sudder Ameen, the Sudder Ameen, and Moonsiffs under their jurisdiction.

2. Catalogues should be formed by each Native Judge of the Regulations, Acts, Gazettes, &c., furnished by Government for the use of his Office; and on receiving charge of any judicial post, the relieving Officer should satisfy himself that the Library of the Court to which he is appointed is complete and in good order, and the catalogue correct. Should any books be found wanting, or their condition materially damaged, he should report the fact without delay to the Judge to whom he is subordinate, or else he will be held answerable for the deficiency.

Dates of Criminal Sessions for the year 1879.

Number of Sessions.		Day of the week.		Date.
First	Sessions ...	Monday	...	13th January.
Second	ditto ...	Ditto	...	17th February.
Third	ditto ...	Ditto	...	17th March.
Fourth	ditto ...	Ditto	...	21st April.
Fifth	ditto ...	Ditto	...	26th May.
Sixth	ditto ...	Wednesday	...	2nd July.
Seventh	ditto ...	Monday	...	4th August.
Eighth	ditto ...	Wednesday	...	3rd September.
Ninth	ditto ...	Thursday	...	27th November.

By order,

W. E. H. FORSYTH, Clerk of the Crown.

HIGH COURT, CROWN OFFICE, the 18th December 1878.

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICE.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Narail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Friday, the 27th December 1878. | Saturday, the 28th December 1878.

J. WESTON, Judge.

NARAIL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 10th December 1878.

TREASURY NOTICE.

UNCOVENANTED DEPUTY COLLECTOR MOULVI ARBOOL WASSAY AHMED has been placed in charge of the Lohurdugga treasury, and is authorized to draw bills on other treasuries.

J. F. K. HEWITT, Offg. Commr. of Chota Nagpore.

CAMP OPA, the 5th December 1878.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Department of Public Works Half-yearly Examination.

The half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department will be held at the Presidency College at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 3rd February 1879, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1879. Candidates for the grade of Accountant, who are not in Government service, should be under 25 years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the December 1878.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY,
Principal, Presidency College.

DRAFT NOTIFICATION.

JUNIOR SCHOLARSHIPS.

It is hereby notified that, under the orders of the Government of Bengal, dated 3rd February 1876, sanctioning a re-distribution of the Junior Scholarships, as allotted under the orders contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, seven Junior Scholarships of the Second Grade and 13 of the Third Grade were allotted to the Presidency Division, to be awarded on the results of the ensuing December Examination.

2. The Second Grade scholarships will be awarded to those candidates who stand first in order in the divisional list, irrespective of district.

3. The Third Grade scholarships will be distributed among the different districts of the Division as follows:—

24-Pergunnahs ...	4	Jessore ...	4
Nuddea ...	3	Moorshedabad ...	2

The 3rd December 1878.

R. L. MANGLES, Commissioner.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1462B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1879 will consist of 30,000 chests of Behar and 30,000 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1876-77 and 1877-78, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstance render it expedient to do so:—

DATE.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th Jan. 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Feb. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th Mar. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th Aug. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Nov. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd Dec. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total	30,000	30,000	60,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale: or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 400.

re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8.—The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale; and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the 5th Condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bona fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1 certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1877-78, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1879, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 60,000 chests of

		Chests.
Behar	...	30,000
Benares	...	30,000
Total	...	60,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to

itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for, either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such Opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such Opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the Government Gazette."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 21st November 1878.

No. 1625B.

Notice is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th January 1879, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 5,000 chests, viz:—

		Chests.
Behar	Opium	2,500
Benares	Opium	2,500
Total		5,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 21st November 1878, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazette*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st January 1879 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 p.m. of Saturday, the 11th January 1879, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 p.m. of Tuesday, the 21st January 1879.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 3rd February 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th March	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th August	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st September	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th ditto	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd November	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd December	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total	27,500	27,500	55,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd December 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1878.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 5049A.

GENERAL.—The 10th December 1878.—The following officers are appointed to be ex-officio members of the Committee of Management of the Calcutta Zoological Gardens:—

The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

- " " Dacca Division.
- " " Patna Division.
- " " Chittagong Division.
- " " Chota Nagpore Division.
- " " Rajshahye and Cooch Behar Division.
- " " Orissa Division.
- " " Bhagalpore Division.

The 17th December 1878.—Mr. F. R. S. Collier, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in temporary charge of the Goalundo division of the Furreedpore district, is appointed to have charge of the Seetamurhee division of the Mozufferpore district, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. R. Marriott, or until further orders.

The 18th December 1878.—Moulvi Mahomed, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Tipperah, is allowed leave for three months, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 8th proximo, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

Mr. J. F. Bradbury, Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Saran, having reported his return to duty on the 28th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under the orders of the 7th ultimo is cancelled.

The 19th December 1878.—Captain C. H. Garbett, Assistant Commissioner, Lohardugga, is appointed to act, until further orders, as Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum, vice Major W. L. Samuella.

Major W. L. Samuells, Assistant Commissioner, is posted to Lohardugga, on being relieved of his present appointment as Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Singhbhum.

The 20th December 1878.—Mr. E. H. Ruddock, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is posted temporarily to Pubna.

Mr. J. E. B. Jeffery, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Furreedpore, is vested with special appellate powers under Section 87 of the Land Registration Act VII (B.C.) of 1876 in that district.

Baboo Promoda Nath Mookerjee is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the First Grade, during the absence, on deputation, of Baboo Nobin Krishna Banerjee, and *vice* Baboo Dvija Das Dutt, M.A., resigned.

Baboo Promoda Nath Mookerjee is posted to Jhenidah, in the district of Jessore.

Baboo Kashi Kinker Sen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, who was, under orders of the 30th ultimo, posted to Bhagulpore, is transferred to Chumparun.

Baboo Abinash Churn Mullick, Officiating Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the Banka division of the Bhagulpore district, is transferred to the Sudder Station of that district.

The 21st December 1878.—Mr. H. A. D. Phillips, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras with effect from the 19th instant, is appointed to have charge of the Khoorda division of the Pooree district.

Mr. Charles Peter Caspersz, who has recently been appointed to be a member of the Bengal Civil Service, is appointed to be an Assistant Magistrate and Collector in the Chittagong division, and is posted to the district of Chittagong.

Mr. H. Gillon, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras, is appointed to act, until further orders, in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors, and is posted temporarily to the district of Maldah.

Mr. J. C. Veasey is appointed to act until further orders in the First Grade of Joint-Magistrates and Deputy Collectors with effect from the 20th instant, and is posted to the district of Bogra.

Moulvi Mahomed-ul-Nobi, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed temporarily to be a Deputy Collector for employment under the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch of this Government, in Shahabad, with effect from the 1st August last.

The 23rd December 1878.—Baboo Krishna Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dacca, having reported his return to duty on the 8th ultimo, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 30th July last, is cancelled.

Mr. W. O'Reilly, Sub-Divisional Officer of Buxa, in Julpigoree, is appointed, as Settlement Officer for the Western Doons under Section 3, Act XVI of 1869, to exercise the powers of a Collector under Regulation VII of 1822, as provided in the rules annexed to the Act.

The following officers in Julpigoree are appointed, as Assistant Settlement Officers for the Western Doons, under Section 3, Act XVI of 1869, to exercise the powers of a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX of 1833:—

Baboo Omullo Churn Mullick, Officiating Deputy Collector.

Moulvi Wahidulla, temporary Sub-Deputy Collector.

The 24th December 1878.—Mr. E. H. Ruddock, Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pubna, is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the First Grade, *vice* Mr. E. S. Moseley, deceased.

Mr. J. Whitmore, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Balasore, is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. E. H. Ruddock.

Mr. A. D'B. Gomess, Commissioner of the Soonderbuns, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Moulvi Motioollah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Bogra, is allowed leave for three months under Section 3, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Promotho Nath Bose, Officiating Sub-Deputy Collector, Julpigoree, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 3-1, Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code.

Mr. A. Weekes, Magistrate and Collector, is allowed leave for one month, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which his services may be replaced at the disposal of this Government by the Government of Madras.

Baboo Nishi Kanth Banerjee Chowdry is appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Baboo Nolin Chunder Roy, and is posted to the Pubna district.

The orders of the 29th October last, granting three months' privilege leave to Baboo Koylash Chunder Ghose, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Orissa, and appointing Baboo Annada Prosad Ghose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Kendraparah, Cuttack, to act for him, are cancelled.

The orders of the 16th instant, appointing Mr. K. G. Gupta, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, to the charge of the Kendraparah division, Cuttack, are cancelled.

LEGISLATIVE.—*The 20th December 1878.*—With the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor appoints Mr. J. B. Knight, C.I.E., under the provisions of the 29th, 30th, and 45th Sections of the India Council's Act, 1861, to be a member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations in the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 18th December 1878.*—The licenses granted to the Rev. James Robertson, under Clause 4, Section 6, Part I, Act V of 1865, and under Clause 5, Section 5, Act XV of 1872, to solemnize marriages between persons one or both of whom is a Christian or Christians and between Native Christians, are cancelled at his own request.

REGISTRATION.—*The 21th December 1878.*—Mr. J. A. Bourdillon is appointed to be First Inspector of Registration Offices, *vice* Mr. J. Crawford, but will continue to act as Inspector-General of Registration during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. H. S. Beadon, or until further orders.

Baboo Hom Chunder Ker, Officiating Second Inspector of Registration Offices, is confirmed in that appointment, *vice* Mr. J. A. Bourdillon.

EDUCATION.—*The 20th December 1878.*—Dr. G. Watt, Professor, Hooghly College, is appointed to be a Professor in the Patna College.

Mr. J. Mann, M.A., Professor, Presidency College, is appointed to be a Professor in the Hooghly College.

Mr. F. T. Dowding, B.A., Professor, Presidency College, is appointed to act until further orders as Principal of the Rajshahye College.

Mr. S. Robson, M.A., is appointed to the Fourth Class of the Bengal Educational Service, and is posted to the Presidency College.

Baboo Nanda Krishna Basu, M.A., who has been appointed temporarily to be a Lecturer in the Patna College, is confirmed in that appointment.

Baboo Abinash Chundra Dutt, who has been appointed temporarily to be a Lecturer in the Patna College, is transferred to the Hooghly College.

The 21st December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District School Committee of Hooghly :—

Rev. Lal Behari Dey.

Rev. Jugodessur Bhattacharjee.

OPIMUM.—*The 20th December 1878.*—Mr. R. Fraser, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Behar, is allowed leave for two months and fifteen days, under the rules in Chapter VII of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 3rd proximo.

MEDICAL.—*The 10th December 1878.*—In supersession of all previous orders, the following gentlemen are appointed to compose a Committee for the management of the Howrah General Hospital :—

The Magistrate of Howrah, *ex-officio*.

The Chaplain of Howrah, *ex-officio*.

The Locomotive Superintendent, East Indian Railway, *ex-officio*.

The Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway, *ex-officio*.

The Superintendent, Carriage and Waggon Department, East Indian Railway, *ex-officio*.

The District Engineer, Howrah, East Indian Railway, *ex-officio*.

The Traffic Superintendent, Howrah District, East Indian Railway, *ex-officio*.

The District Superintendent of Police, *ex-officio*.

The Marine Superintendent, British India Steam Navigation Company, *ex-officio*.

Mr. W. Stalkartt.

Baboo Hurro Mohun Mookerjee.

„ S. H. Robinson.

„ Kedar Nath Bhattacharjee.

Dr. C. Palmer.

„ Raj Coomar Sen.

„ C. N. Kernott.

„ Raj Mohun Bose.

„ P. M. Cowley.

„ Rameshwar Malliah.

„ J. A. Tedries.

Revd. Father A. E. Medlycott.

Baboo Umbica Churn Ghosal.

The 14th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Alipore, in 24-*l'ergunahs* :—

Mr. G. Yule.

Mr. H. Millet.

The 18th December 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Amrita Lal Das, doing duty in the Medical College Hospital, is appointed to have temporary civil medical charge of Poooree, *vice* Surgeon B. Gupta.

The 21st December 1878.—Assistant Surgeon Tarin Churn Bose, attached to the Mayo Hospital, is allowed leave for three months, under Rule 5, under Exception 3, Section 1 (b), Supplement F to the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which his term of duty at the Mayo Hospital expires.

The 23rd December 1878.—The services of Assistant Surgeon Grish Chunder Chatterjee, in charge of the Hooghly Emainbura Hospital, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

FORESTS.—*The 24th December 1878.*—Dr. W. Schlich, Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is allowed furlough for one year, with effect from the 28th January 1879, under Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for 30 days, under Section 24 (a) of the Code.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 9th December 1878.*—The Lieutenant-Governor approves of the re-election by the Commissioners of the Maldah Municipality of Baboo Kristo Mohun Das to be their Vice-Chairman.

The 12th December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor accepts the resignation tendered by Lal Bun Behari Kapur of his appointment as a Commissioner of the Darjeeling Municipality.

Baboo Poorno Chunder Chuckerbutty, Native Doctor in charge of the Meherpore Charitable Dispensary, is appointed to be an *ex-officio* Commissioner of the Meherpore Municipality, *vice* Baboo Mokundo Chunder Sein, transferred.

The 14th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners of the Burisal Municipality :—

Mr. J. F. Needham, Officiating District Superintendent of Police, *vice*

Mr. M. B. Rochfort.

Baboo Rakhal Das Chatterjee, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, *vice*

Mr. J. E. B. Jeffery.

The 18th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed, under Section 6, Act IV (B.C.) of 1876, to be Municipal Commissioners for Calcutta :—

Mr. G. Yule, *vice* Mr. F. Jennings, deceased.

„ J. Westland, C.S., *vice* Mr. C. C. Macrae.

Baboo Jadu Lal Mullick, *vice* Dr. S. C. Mackenzie, resigned.

Mr. D. J. Zemin, *vice* Mr. J. H. A. Branson, resigned.

Mr. R. C. Sterndale is re-appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for Calcutta.

The 20th December 1878.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Commissioners of the Howrah Municipality :—

Mr. A. A. Wace, Officiating Joint-Magistrate of Howrah.

Baboo Hurry Mohun Bose, Land-owner.

Upendra Chunder Mitter, B.L., Pleader.

Rameshwar Mahah, House-owner and Coal Merchant.

Quazi Abdool Rasud, Land-owner and Trader.

ROAD CESS.—*The 20th December 1878.*—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Arrareah Branch Road Cess Committee :—

Mr. F. Bowers, Indigo Planter, *vice* Moulvie Wajid Ally.

Zahori Divan, Resident and Cultivator, *vice* Moulvi Najumuddeen.

Baboo Kulanand Thacoar.

Mr. B. Rattray, District Superintendent of Police, is appointed to be a member of the District Road Cess Committee of Beerbhoom.

The 23rd December 1878.—The following gentlemen are reappointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Purneah :—

Major W. L. N. Knyvett.

Mr. J. N. McQueen.

„ D. Peachy.

„ C. A. Shillingford.

„ H. Cave.

„ G. J. Burnell.

Mr. A. J. Forbes.

Baboo Bishen Chand.

„ Mohesh Lall.

„ Srinandun Singh.

Hakeem Zainuddin Hossein.

The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the District Road Cess Committee of Purneah :—

Mr. B. C. Walker, Indigo Planter, *vice* Mr. G. S. Hayes.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Banerji, *vice* Baboo Rajonee Nath Chatterjee.

The following notification is republished from the *Assam Gazette* :—

No. 199.—*The 6th December 1878.*—Baboo Romesh Chandra Bose, a Pleader of the District Court, Sylhet, is appointed to officiate as an Additional Moonsif of Lashkarpur, and of the head-quarters station of Sylhet, for six months, with effect from the 20th November 1878.

The notification No. 158, dated the 17th October 1878, appointing Mr. C. E. Perroux as an Additional Moonsif in Sylhet, is hereby cancelled.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th December 1878.—In exercise of the power conferred on him by Section 284, Act V (B.C.) of 1876, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, on the recommendation of the Commissioners of the Municipality of Naraingunge at a meeting, to extend to the part of the municipality situated on the west bank of the river Lakhya all the provisions of Part VII, Chapter II of the said Act.

D. BARBOUR,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th December 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Port St. George, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification:—

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Nellore Collector's Office, the 4th December 1878.

On the 19th June 1878 three idols, made of a mixed metal composed of the five ingredients—copper, lead, zinc, tin, and iron—and valued at about Rs. 100, were found buried in the bed of the river Pennair, at the village of Kaluvaya, in the Atmakur taluq. All persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, are required to appear personally, or by agent, before the Collector of Nellore, on the 1st May, in his office at Nellore.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th December 1878.—At the instance of the Government of Port St. George, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Tanjore Collector's Office, Vallam, 7th December 1878.

Under Section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act No. VI of 1878, notice is hereby given that on the 19th and 20th October last, 17 copper idols valued at Rs. 102 were found at Panduthakudy, Mannargudy taluq, by the mirassidars of that village. All persons claiming the whole or any portion thereof are required to appear personally or by agents before the Collector of Tanjore, at 11 A.M., on Thursday, the 1st May 1879, and establish their claims thereto.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—Under section 79 of Act VIII of 1878 (the Sea Customs Act), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, to issue licenses for and register cargo-boats plying within the limits of the Port. Under that section, and under section 7(k) of Act XII of 1875 (the Indian Ports Act), the following Rules are hereby prescribed for regulating the grant of such licenses and the levy of fees by the said Commissioners. These rules shall come into force on the 1st March 1879, but no fees shall be chargeable thereunder for licensing any cargo boat or manjee during the currency of any license issued by the Collector of Customs before that date:—

Rules sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the Registration, Licensing and Regulation of Cargo-boats under the provisions of Section 79, Act VIII of 1878, and Section 7 (k) of Act XII of 1875.

1. No cargo-boat of any description shall ply within the port, unless licensed and registered by the Port Commissioners under section 79, Act VIII of 1878. No licensed and registered cargo-boat shall be allowed to ply within the port, except under the direction of a manjee licensed and registered by the Port Commissioners.

2. Each application for the licensing and registration of a cargo-boat must be made in writing to the Port Commissioners, and contain particulars of the owner's name and residence and the tonnage of the boat; and in the event of the owner not residing in Calcutta, the name and address of the agent duly authorized to act for him.

3. Every license granted under these rules shall continue in force until and upon the first day of April next after the date thereof. It granted in the month of March in any year, such license shall continue in force until and upon the first day of April in the year next following that in which the same shall have been granted, except in either case the same shall be sooner revoked. The license is not transferable, and if the ownership of the boat is changed, notice of the transfer must be given to the Port Commissioners before the boat again plies in the port.

4. No license shall be granted to any cargo-boat until such boat has been surveyed by a surveyor duly appointed for the purpose, and he shall have granted a certificate stating that the boat is in good order and suited for the conveyance of cargo within the port—(a) the tonnage of such boat, (b) the quantity of cargo she is authorized to carry, and (c) the number of crew required for the safe navigation of such boat according to the following scale:—

Class A.—"Square built, open, or decked."

For a boat of not more than 15 tons burden, 5 men including manjee.

Above 15 and not above 20 tons, 6 men including manjee.

" 20	" 25	" 7	" "	" "
" 25	" 30	" 8	" "	" "
" 30	" 35	" 9	" "	" "
" 35	" 40	" 10	" "	" "
" 40 tons,	11 men including manjee.			

Class II.—Dinghy built Bhurs.

For a boat of not above 15 tons burden, 4 men including manjee.
Above 15 and not above 20 tons, 5 men including manjee.

" 20 " 30 " 6 " " "
" 30 " 35 " 7 " " "
" 35 tons, 8 men including manjee.

5. The number of every licensed boat shall be branded by the surveyor on the boat, and shall also be painted in white figures not less than six inches long on both sides of the boat.

6. Fees not exceeding the sum mentioned in the following schedule shall be payable for the issue renewal, &c., of the licenses granted under these rules:—

Schedule of Charges.

	Ra.	A.	P.
1. For surveying, registering, branding and painting number and issuing license to cargo-boats per ton on tonnage for which license is issued	0	8	0
2. Metal ticket for manjee	0	4	0
3. Manjee's license	0	4	0
4. Endorsement of change of owner or person in charge in register and license	2	0	0
5. Issue of new license to boats in lieu of those defaced or lost	0	8	0

7. The owner or his agent or the manjee in charge of any licensed boat shall not permit any quantity of cargo, more than that for which such boat has been licensed, to be carried in such boat at one time, and shall not permit such boat to ply unless provided with the number of crew stated in the license. The boat must be kept thoroughly clean and be provided with a pump, ground tackle, and fittings in working order, as specified in the license.

8. The license granted for any cargo-boat may be revoked whenever such boat is, in the opinion of the Port Commissioners, unfitted for the conveyance of cargo, or when any breach of the conditions of the license, of the Port Rules, or of the Sea Customs Act has been committed by the owner or his agent or the manjee in charge of the boat.

9. No cargo-boat shall lie at the Inland Vessels' Wharves unless when receiving or discharging cargo, and all cargo-boats shall cast off from the mooring posts and move from one place to another when required by an officer duly authorized by the Port Commissioners.

10. No cargo-boat shall obstruct the free navigation of the port, or the approaches to wharves, jetties, or landing-stages, and no cargo-boat shall be moored or land or ship goods at any bathing ghât.

11. Not more than three cargo-boats shall make fast to one mooring buoy at the same time, and any cargo-boat which has made fast to a mooring buoy shall cast off when required by an officer duly authorized by the Port Commissioners.

12. Every licensed cargo-boat shall be provided with an iron caboose to be kept on deck, and no fire shall be permitted in any other part of the boat. Every such cargo-boat shall carry a light in a lantern in the forepart of the boat, where it can be distinctly seen when under weigh after dark.

13. The manjee of a licensed cargo-boat plying at the port shall not be allowed to keep on board any private stores other than those which are necessary for the use of the crew for a period not exceeding one week.

14. The Port Commissioners may, if they think fit, at any time order any licensed cargo-boat to be re-surveyed without any charge to the owners, and they may also revoke at any time any license granted to any owner or manjee, and it shall be competent to the Commissioners to refuse any application for the issue of a license.

15. Whenever any accident shall occur to a licensed cargo-boat, the manjee in charge or the owner of the boat shall at once proceed to the nearest River Police Station and report the circumstances connected with the accident to the officer in charge.

16. The owner, or agent, or manjee of a licensed cargo-boat, who shall, without good reason, refuse to carry cargo in such boat, shall, for every such refusal, be liable to the penalty prescribed by law for breach of these rules, and shall in addition be liable to have the license of the boat and the manjee revoked.

17. Every licensed cargo-boat when plying shall have its license on board, and it shall be produced when required.

18. Any owner of a licensed cargo-boat who may withdraw it from plying, except for the purpose of repairs or other sufficient cause, without giving 48 hours notice to the Port Commissioners, shall, for every such refusal, be liable to the penalty prescribed by law for breach of these rules, and shall in addition be liable to have the license revoked.

19. Every registered manjee shall be provided with a metal license ticket, upon which shall be legibly painted the number of the manjee's license, and every such manjee, when in charge of a licensed cargo-boat, shall wear his ticket exposed to view. No manjee without such ticket shall be in charge of any licensed cargo-boat.

20. Whenever the number on any manjee's license ticket shall become obliterated or defaced, so that the same shall not be distinctly legible, and also when any manjee's license ticket shall have been lost or mislaid, the manjee shall apply to the Commissioners for a renewal thereof, and the Commissioners shall, upon the payment of the fee mentioned in the schedule, deliver to the manjee a new license ticket.

21. On the expiration or other determination of the license, the manjee shall deliver his metal ticket to the registering officer.

22. No manjee shall lend or transfer his ticket to any other person, and no other person shall use the ticket of a registered manjee.

23. No person in charge of any licensed cargo-boat plying within the limits of the port shall use, or wear, or have any ticket resembling, or intending to resemble, the metal ticket granted under the authority of these rules.

24. The manjee of every licensed cargo-boat plying for hire within the port shall, when waiting for hire at the wharves, have a hiring note showing the rate at which such boat can be hired by the day, and any owner or agent failing to supply the manjee with such note shall, in addition to the fine prescribed for a breach of these rules, be liable to have the boat's license revoked.

25. Every owner or agent of a licensed cargo-boat shall, on the 1st August and 1st December in each year, submit a return to the Port Commissioners, showing the number of licensed boats belonging to him plying on the last day of the previous month.

26. Any person committing an infringement of any of the foregoing rules is liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, if the offence is cognizable under Act VIII of 1878, or to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, if the offence is cognizable under Act XII of 1875.

27. All police officers shall have the same powers against offences and offenders under these rules as they have under section 6, Act III (B.C.) of 1872.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnahs of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 25th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of bhuinhari or manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 25 of the Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act II (B.C.) of 1869.

The 9th December 1878.—It is hereby notified that the registers of Bhuinhari and other tenures in the villages belonging to the marginally named pergunnah of the Chota Nagpore Estate, Lohardugga district, prepared under the provisions of Section 5 of Act II (B.C.) of 1869, having been finally revised and corrected in accordance with the decisions and orders of the Special Commissioner and the Commissioner of the division under the aforesaid Act, have been confirmed by the Commissioner of the division on the 30th November 1878.

2. It is further declared, agreeably to the provisions of Section 26 of the aforesaid Act, that the confirmation of the Commissioner of the division notified above having thus been published, the registers shall be conclusive evidence of all matters recorded therein; and from and after this publication of the confirmation of the register relating to any village, no evidence shall be received that any lands in such village not mentioned in such register are of Bhuinhari or Manjhus tenure.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—Baboo Jagat Chunder Sen, Special Sub-Deputy Collector, at present employed on the duty of demarcating the boundary between the Regulation District of Chittagong and the Hill Tracts, is vested, under Section 4 of Act V (B.C.) of 1875, with the powers of a Deputy Collector for survey work in thana Chakeria, in the Chittagong district.

A. MACKENZIE,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th December 1878.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the last clause of Section 28 of the Indian Forest Act, 1878, and subject to the proviso therein contained, the Lieutenant-Governor hereby declares the land described in the schedule hereto annexed to be a "Protected forest":—

District.	Pergunnah or other sub-division.	Name of forest.	Description of boundaries.
24-Pergunnahs ...	That part of the Soonderbuns which lies in the 24-Pergunnahs.	That part of the Soonderbuns lying in the 24-Pergunnahs which is not leased or granted to any person, and which lies outside the tract declared to be "reserved forest" under Government notification, dated 1st August 1876.	<i>Northern Boundary.</i> An irregular line starting from the western extremity of the south boundary of Chuck Bamunkhali, in Saugor Island, and proceeding eastward along the southern boundary of the said Bamunkhali Chuck till it joins the Tultulla khal; then southwards along the said khal till it meets the south boundary of the granted portion of Trower-

land *alias* "Coompanir Chur," in Saugor island; then proceeding eastward along the south boundary of the said grant in Trower-land till it meets the Shikarpore khal; then southwards along the said khal till it joins the south boundary of the granted portion of Chuck Shikarpore, also in Saugor Island; then proceeding eastward along the said boundary as far as the Moorigunga or Channel creek or Baratulla river; then northwards along the said river as far as the Kakdee khal; then north along the said Kakdee khal till it meets the southern boundary of lot No. 10; then south-eastward along the south boundary of the said lot 10 as far as the Andarmanee khal; then south along the Andarmanee khal to its junction with the Gheebati gang; then eastward along the Gheebati and the Ghooghudanga gang to the point where the Goondakatta khal issues from it; then north along the said Goondakatta khal till it meets the line forming the boundary between lots 15 and 16; then north-eastward along the said line boundary until it meets the Gobadya gang; then northwards along the said Gobadya river till it meets the Saroldoar river south of lot No. 18; then eastward along the said river till it joins the Midhambhanga gang; then southwards along the said Midhambhanga till it meets the Nouk Cheera khal; then north-eastward along the said Nouk Cheera till it meets the Pook Cheera river; then northwards along the said Pook Cheera and the khal or creek forming a part of the western boundary of lot No. 116 until the said khal joins the Monnee nuddee; then south-east along the said Monnee nuddee to its junction with the Thakuran river; then northwards along the said Thakuran as far as the Boggee nuddee on the south of the Soonderbun lots 36 and 38; then along the said Boggee nuddee till it meets the river called Cooltullah on the north of lot No. 123; then along the said Cooltullah to its junction with the river Mutlah; then northwards along the Mutlah river to its junction with the Hooghly nuddee; then eastward along the said Hooghly nuddee until it meets the line forming the west boundary of the granted or north portion of lot No. 128; then south along the said boundary line till it meets the creek on the south of lot No. 127 and the line forming a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then eastward along the said line boundary till it meets a creek, not named in any map, but which issues from the Biddah river and forms a part of the south boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 128; then south-eastward along the said creek as far as the Biddah river; then northwards along the said Biddah to the Ourtal river; and again northwards along the Ourtal and the Monkhal khal, forming a part of the west boundary of lot No. 132, till it meets the creek locally known as Soorjoobaria khal, flowing between lots 182 and 134, then northwards along the said creek till it meets the Churru Bidda khal, on the south of lot No. 136 called Churru Bidda abad; then eastward along the said Churru Bidda till it meets the Hutta khali khal forming a part of the east boundary of lot No. 136; then northwards along the said Hutta khali till it meets the khal

forming the south boundary of lot No. 137, not named in any map; then north-eastward along the aforesaid khal and another khal, also not named in any map, but which flows between lots 137 and 138 until it joins the Rampura khal; then eastward along the said Rampura till it meets the Borokaly Gatchya river; then south-eastward along the Borokaly Gatchya to its junction with the Roymungul river and Nowyee gang; then northwards along the said Nowyee gang till it is met by the Canaikati khal and the line forming the west boundary of the granted portion of lot No. 163; then southwards along the said line boundary as far as the line boundary which separates lot 162 from lot 163 as shewn in Lieutenant Hodges' map; then eastward along the said line to its termination on the west bank of the Khalindi nuddee.

Eastern Boundary.

The Khalindi nuddee and the Roymungul river.

Southern Boundary.

The Sea.

Western Boundary.

The River Hooghly.

From the above boundaries must be excluded Dhobelat, in Sangor Island, the island of Guasaba in lot No. 132, and a part of lot 132, these lands belonging to private individuals.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION

The 5th December 1878.—In modification of the orders of the 4th January 1878, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd January 1878 (page 56), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally with the full powers of a Shipping-Master under Act I of 1859, and to direct, in accordance with the provisions of Section 8 of that Act, that the Shipping Office business of the Dhamra ports shall be conducted at the office of the Port Officer of Balasore and Chandbally.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

The 7th December 1878.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following notification for general information.

A. MACKENZIE,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE, AND COMMERCE.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 26.)

Bay of Bengal, British Burma, Bassein River.

VESSELS PROHIBITED FROM ANCHORING NEAR SUB-MARINE TELEGRAPH CABLE BETWEEN DIAMOND ISLAND AND THE MAINLAND.

Notice is hereby given that a telegraph cable having been laid between the north part of Diamond island and the mainland to the northward, two posts surmounted with boards, painted white, have been set up, one has been placed where the cable leaves the water, and the other inland of it in a line with the cable.

To prevent damage to this cable, masters of vessels and others are warned that they are to anchor only with these beacons well open of each other to the eastward or westward.

If the beacons are not visible, vessels should avoid anchoring when the centre of Diamond island bears between S. by E. and S. by W.

If bound for Bassein, Masters of vessels are also warned to avoid anchoring between the cable houses (which are painted white, one on each side of the river) in Gnaputau reach.

[Bearings are Magnetic. Variation 2° 45' Easterly in 1878.]

By Direction of the Government of India,

A. DUNDAS TAYLOR, *Comdr. (late I. N.),*

Superintendent, Marine Survey of India.

MARINE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, CALCUTTA, 4th December 1878.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Rangoon and Bassein or Negrais rivers, No. 834; Prepara North Channel, No. 152; Coronge island to White point, No. 823; Cocanada to Bassein river, No. 829; Bassein river to Pulo Penang, No. 830; Bay of Bengal, Eastern Sheet, No. 706; also Indian Marine Survey Charts, Nos. 134 and 15c and d; and Taylor's Sailing Directory, Vol. I., page 496.

If this notice is received on boardship, the substance of it should be inserted on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the Sailing Directions to which it relates.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 5650A.

The 14th December 1878.—Baboo Jeebun Krishna Chatterjee, Second Subordinate Judge and Officiating Small Cause Court Judge, Rajshahye, is transferred to Sarun.

The 20th December 1878.—Mr. L. Hare, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagapore, is vested with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Baboo Promoda Nath Mookerjee, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed temporarily to be a Sub-Deputy Collector at Jhenidah, in Jessore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 21st December 1878.—Mr. O. P. Caspersz, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Chittagong, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO MOONSIFS.—*The 19th December 1878.*—Baboo Soshi Bhusun Banerjee, Moonsif of Chooadangah, in the district of Nuddea, has been allowed leave of absence for three months under Rule 1, Section 81 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 21st December 1878.—Baboo Hemango Chunder Bose, Moonsif of Pingna, in the district of Mymensingh, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for three months, under Rule 1, Section 81 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 13th January 1879, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 4th December 1878.—Under the power vested in him by Section 2, Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (an Act to provide for the punishment of public gambling and the keeping of common gaming-houses in the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal) the Lieutenant-Governor hereby extends, from the 1st January 1879, the provisions of the said Act to the Town and Municipality of Soory, in the Sudder sub-division of the district of Beerbhoom, and to a space extending half a mile on either side of the public road leading from Soory to Cynthea Railway Station.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 10th December 1878.—The two men described in the roll below having been sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for 18 months and one year respectively, for abetting the institution of a false charge of murder, are hereby declared disqualified for future employment under Government in any capacity:—

Name.	Father's name.	Residence.	Caste.	Age.	Height.	Colour.	Particular marks.
Amirulla, late 2nd grade Head Constable, Sugarrensur outpost, thanah Boghmoathpore, district Midnapore.	Kobomuttullah	Tumlook Bazar, thanah Tumlook, district Midnapore.	Mahomedan.	34	5 feet 5 inches	Dark.	Inoculation marks on both arms; one mark on the right knee; three sore marks on right instep; one sore mark on the left knee.
Dinobundhoo Das, late a Constable Sugarrensur outpost, thanah Boghmoathpore, district Midnapore.	Gungannarain Das.	Mooracota, Midnapore.	Hindu Kayestha.	33	5 feet 5 inches	Darkish	A wart on the upper lip, right side of nose, and another below the left nipple; one mole on the neck and another on the right shoulder-blade; one sore mark below the right nipple; one on the right knee, and three on the left knee.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th November 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for an outpost in village Brahmangram (to be called Sara outpost), pergunnah Hajurash Nazirpore, zillah Pubna, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 2½ beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by the public road; on the east by the house of Anand Halder and clumps of bamboos; on the south by the mango trees belonging to Gunnessh Bardar and Moolhu Shaha, and the land cultivated

by Soudagar Pramanik; and on the west by the Northern Bengal State Railroad on the Padma, is required within the aforesaid village of Brahmagram, pergunnah Bajurash Nazirpore, zillah Pubna:

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 21st December 1878.

No. 316.—*Notification.*—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

"No. 562, dated the 19th December 1878.—The following officers and upper subordinates are retransferred from Madras Famine Relief Works to the branches and provinces specified:—

To Bengal, Irrigation Branch.

Mr. F. B. Pemberton, Executive Engineer, Third Grade.
" R. D. Ewing, Supervisor, Second Grade.

F. T. HAIG, Col., R.E.,
Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. Dept., Irrign. Branch.

RAILWAY.

Fort William, the 19th December 1878.

No. 47.—*Notification.*—Referring to notification No. 34, of the 26th November 1878, Mr. F. E. Braham, Assistant Engineer, First Grade (temporary rank), was relieved of his duties on the Northern Bengal State Railway on the forenoon of the 4th instant, and joined the Patna and Gya line on the forenoon of the 12th idem.

H. G. KUNHARDT, Lieut., R.E.,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

(First Publication.)

DECLARATION.

The 19th December 1878.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for railway purposes in the village of Chur Pallund, pergunnah Sharzapore, zillah Furreedpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 beghas 4 cottahs and 3 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded as follows, is required within the aforesaid village of Chur Pallund:—

Bounded on the north, south, and east by land belonging to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company, and on the west by land occupied by Ram Kristo Dass, Hurrish Chunder Dutt, Nazir Shaik, Meher Sheik First, Bhogoban Sircar, Roghoo Nauth Biswas, Haran Sheik Echhoo Mullick, Meher Sheik Second, Hookoom Sheik, Someer Shekdar, Nudver Chand Mundle, Issur Chunder Paul, Joumenjoy Dutt, Gunga Gobindo Soor, and Dhanunjoy Sircar.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

H. G. KUNHARDT, Lieut., R.E.,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
P. W. Dept., Railway Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

No. 10966, dated 19th December 1878.—Surgeon W. A. Gilligan made over charge of the Midnapore Jail to Mr. A. D. Larmore in the forenoon of the 11th instant.

No. 11136, dated 23rd December 1878.—Moulvi Abdool Hye made over charge of the Balasore Jail to Mr. J. Whitmore, c.s., in the forenoon of the 28th ultimo.

A. S. LETHBRIDGE,
Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Dates of Criminal Sessions for the year 1879.

Number of Sessions.			Day of the week.		Date.
First	Sessions	...	Monday	...	18th January.
Second	ditto	...	Ditto	...	17th February.
Third	ditto	...	Ditto	...	17th March.
Fourth	ditto	...	Ditto	...	21st April.
Fifth	ditto	...	Ditto	...	26th May.
Sixth	ditto	...	Wednesday	...	2nd July.
Seventh	ditto	...	Monday	...	4th August.
Eighth	ditto	...	Wednesday	...	3rd September.
Ninth	ditto	...	Thursday	...	27th November.

By order,

W. R. H. FORSYTH, *Clerk of the Crown.*

HIGH COURT, CROWN OFFICE, the 18th December 1878.

Sheriff's Office, the 25th December 1878.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Criminal Sessions of the year 1879, of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-house, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the Thirteenth day of January next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Sessions be then and there to prosecute.

E. C. MORGAN, *Sheriff.*

শরীফ অফিস, সন ১৮৭৮ সাল ২৫ ডিসেম্বর।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম ফোর্টের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের কোজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্ত্য জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৯ সালের ১৩ই জানুয়ারি সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আগম আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৯ সালের প্রথম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক এবং এতদ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন করেলির বিরুদ্ধে কোজদারী বিচিন করিবেক তাহার উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া যোকদমা করে ইতি।

ই, সি. মরগেন, শরীফ।

SMALL CAUSE COURT NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Court of Burrisal will hold his Small Cause Court sittings during the last four working days of each of the 2nd and 4th weeks of every month from January 1879.

NUPFER CHANDRA BHATTA, *Offg. Judge.*

BURRISAL SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 19th December 1878.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Munshiganj will sit again in the latter Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Monday, the 6th January 1879.	Thursday, the 9th January 1879.
Tuesday, the 7th " "	Friday, the 10th " "
Wednesday, the 8th " "	Saturday, the 11th " "

AMRITO LAL CHATTERJEE, *Judge, Small Cause Court.*

MUNSHIGANJ SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 18th December 1878.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

Department of Public Works Half-yearly Examination.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for promotion and employment in the Public Works Department will be held at the Presidency College at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 3rd February 1879, and the following days. Applications, with fees for admission to the examination, are required to be filed before the 15th of January 1879. Candidates for the grade of Accountant, who are not in Government service, should be under 25 years of age, and must prove to the satisfaction of the Principal that they are under that age.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the

December 1878.

CHARLES H. TAWNEY,
Principal, Presidency College.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE BOARD OF REVENUE.

No. 1462B.

BEHAR.	Chests.	Chests.
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	20,263	
Supply from 1877-78...	9,747	30,000
BENARES.		
Reserve of 1876-77 ...	28,229	
Supply from 1877-78...	1,771	30,000
Total ...		60,000

NOTICE is hereby given that the Provision Opium to be brought forward for sale by public auction in the year 1879 will consist of 30,000 chests of Behar and 30,000 chests of Benares Opium, being of the two seasons 1876-77 and 1877-78, in the proportions marginally noted. The sales will be held on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstance render it expedient to do so:—

DATES.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 6th Jan. 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Feb. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th Mar. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th Aug. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th Sept. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd Nov. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd Dec. "	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total ...	30,000	30,000	60,000

The following are the conditions of sale:—

1.—The Opium will be sold for exportation by sea only, and no certificate will be granted except to cover such export.

2.—The Opium will be ordinarily offered for sale at an upset price of Rs. 800 per chest and sold to the highest bidder above that price, except under the circumstances for which provision is made by Clause 12 of these Conditions of Sale. The bids must advance by Rs. 5 at a time.

3.—The sale shall commence at the hour of 11 A.M. of the day fixed by previous notification, and shall not be continued after the hour of 5 P.M.; but if at that hour any of the lots advertised for sale shall remain unsold, the sale may, at the discretion of the Board of Revenue, be resumed on the next day following (not being Sunday or a public holiday), at the hour of 11 A.M., and so on until the whole of the remaining lots are disposed of; or, if the whole quantity advertised shall not be sold on the day appointed, the Board of Revenue may dispose of the lots which remain on hand at a future sale.

4.—Each lot shall contain five chests.

5.—A Promissory Note for a sum, calculated according to the scale noted in the margin, shall be taken as a deposit on each lot from the purchaser in the sale-room, and before the lot is registered in the sale book, and all such Promissory Notes shall be redeemed on the part of the purchasers at this Office by Bank of Bengal Receipts, or by substitution of other public securities of the Government of India, on or before 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the fifth day after the sale; or, on the other hand, failing such redemption by the time aforesaid, then the lot or lots for which no Bank of Bengal Receipts, or deposit of other public securities as aforesaid shall have been delivered in, shall be

DEPOSIT.
When the amount bid is less than Rs. 1,200 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,200 and upwards, but less than Rs. 1,600 per chest, Rs. 300 per chest.
On bids of Rs. 1,600 and upwards, but less than Rs. 2,000 per chest, Rs. 400 per chest.
And so on, Rs. 100 being added to the deposit for every bid additional, to the extent of Rs. 600.

re-sold at such time or times and under such conditions of re-sale as the Board of Revenue shall see fit; and all losses and expenses whatsoever attending such re-sale shall be borne and paid by the defaulters, whilst any profit accruing from such re-sale shall be forfeited to Government.

6.—The Promissory Notes taken on the day of sale under the last-mentioned condition, if remaining unredeemed at 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be placed in the hands of the Solicitor to the Government for realization in such manner as to him shall seem fit.

7.—No tender of money, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or public securities, on account of Opium upon which the prescribed deposit may not have been made before 4 o'clock of the fifth day following the day of sale, will be afterwards accepted.

8.—The Opium advertised for sale shall be paid for not later than by 4 o'clock of the fifteenth day from the day of sale; and in case any lots of such Opium shall not be so paid for and adjusted, then the cash deposit made under the 5th Condition, or any public securities that may have been deposited on account of such lots or chests, shall be forfeited, and the Opium shall be disposed of on account of Government at such time and in such manner as the Board of Revenue shall think fit, and the first purchaser shall further be required to make

good any loss or difference of price between that obtained at the re-sale and the amount at which the Opium was first purchased, forfeiting all advantages that may arise from such re-sale.

9.—Purchasers taking out certificates or orders for the delivery of Opium after making full payment as above prescribed shall have the option of naming the number of lots of their purchase, which they may desire to be included in each certificate or order; and it is to be clearly understood that the certificates or orders so taken out shall be considered final, and not afterwards changeable for other certificates or orders authorizing the delivery of single lots, or of a different number of lots or chests, whether more or less, than the number of lots or chests originally required to be included in each certificate or order.

10.—No deposit of public securities under the fifth of the present Conditions will be received in this Office except from the party recorded as the purchaser in the sale book, or his authorized agent. The receipt for deposit of public securities will be granted only in the name of such purchaser, and the securities so deposited will be returned when payment in full has been made by the said purchaser or his order.

11.—The officer superintending the sale on the part of the Government is empowered to reject, at his discretion, the bid of any individual, unless such individual shall, on demand, tender at the time a deposit either in Government of India Notes, Bank of Bengal Receipts, or Government Securities, a sum equal to the amount for which a Promissory Note would otherwise be taken under the fifth of these Conditions.

12.—With a view to prevent fictitious biddings designed to obstruct the sale, it is hereby notified that the officer of Government superintending the sale shall be competent, at any time during the sale, to withdraw any unsold lot, and immediately to put it up again for sale at a maximum upset price, diminishing the same gradually until a bid is obtained, and the first *bond fide* bidder for a lot after it has been offered for sale in the mode here described shall be held and declared to be the purchaser of the said lot, and the officer of Government superintending the sale shall also be competent to dispose, in the same manner, of as many of the subsequent lots as he may think proper, provided always that no lot shall be sold below the minimum price of Rs. 800 specified in the second of these Conditions.

13.—The purchaser of any lot shall have the option of naming and purchasing in immediate succession, at the same price and under the same conditions, any number of lots of the same agency Opium not exceeding altogether twenty-five lots, provided always that there remain a sufficient number of lots of the Opium to complete the said twenty-five.

14.—In the event of any dispute or difference touching or concerning any matter or question arising out of the sale of the Opium included in this notification, or adjustment of the account thereof, the same shall and may be tried and decided in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

15.—The following papers will be exhibited for inspection on the day of sale, or may be seen previously to that date by personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue:—No. 1 certificate of the Opium advertised for sale; No. 2, report of the examination of such Opium.

16.—The public are hereby informed that, in providing the investment of the Behar and Benares Opium for the year 1877-78, the same precautions have been taken as those which have been observed during past years to have the drug procured and sent down in a pure state, to have only the prescribed quantity of leaves used in forming the cakes, and to have the due proportion of Opium put into each cake. An account of the weight of the drug when packed at Behar and Benares, and a statement of the average weight of the chests, indiscriminately taken for the purpose of comparison from the despatches on arrival at Calcutta, may be seen on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

17.—Any further information respecting weight or quality of the Opium advertised for sale that may be desired by parties connected with the trade will, as heretofore, be furnished to them on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue. But, in accordance with established usage, under no circumstances will the Board of Revenue entertain or recognize any claim to compensation for loss from any alleged deficiency of weight, abstraction of Opium, or adulteration of the drug, which may be preferred on reference to chests after the sale and delivery of the Opium for shipment.

18.—It is hereby further notified that under the 6th Article of the Convention between Great Britain and France, dated the 7th March 1815, quoted below, the agents in India of the French Government, or persons duly appointed by them, are entitled to demand that out of the quantities of Behar and Benares Opium declared as above for sale at the twelve sales of the year 1879, there shall be delivered to them, at the average of the particular sale or sales to which the Opium so applied for may belong, a quantity not exceeding in the aggregate 300 chests, and the Agents of the French Government must make requisition specifying the quantity of Opium required by them at any particular sale, within thirty days from the advertisement of such intended sale, provided however that the Agents of the French Government may make such requisition for the whole quantity within thirty days from the publication of this notification. If the Agent of the French Government shall not make the requisition for Opium within the time above mentioned, the entire quantity of about 60,000 chests of

			Chests.
Behar	...	...	30,000
Benares	...	...	30,000
		Total	60,000

Behar and Benares, as above estimated, will be brought to sale in the usual manner; and if they shall make application for a quantity of Opium to be delivered to them out of the quantity advertised for sale at each or any of the twelve sales above mentioned, but shall not pay for it within the prescribed period of payment, the Government of Bengal reserves to itself the right of disposing of the Opium which the French Authorities may so fail to pay for,

either by increasing the quantity reserved at the sale next ensuing after the date fixed for payment, or by selling such Opium, or any portion of it at any subsequent monthly sale in addition to the quantity which in this advertisement is approximately mentioned as the quantity to be sold at such sale; or by selling such Opium at a sale to be held expressly for the purpose.

Article of the Convention above referred to.

Article VI.—"With regard to the trade in Opium, it is agreed between the high contracting parties that at each of the periodical sales of that article there shall be reserved for the French Government, and delivered upon requisition duly made by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty, or by the persons duly appointed by them, the number of chests so applied for, provided that such supply shall not exceed three hundred chests in each year, and the price for the same shall be determined by the average rate at which Opium shall have been sold at every such periodical sale, it being understood that if the quantity of Opium applied for at any one time shall not be taken on account of the French Government by the Agents of His Most Christian Majesty within the usual period of delivery, the quantity so applied for shall nevertheless be considered as so much in reduction of the three hundred chests hereinbefore mentioned. The requisitions for Opium, as aforesaid, are to be addressed to the Governor-General at Calcutta within thirty days after notice of the intended sales shall have been published in the *Government Gazette*."

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 21st November 1878.

No. 1525 B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the First Sale of Opium, the provision of 1876-77, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th January 1879, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 5,000 chests, viz:—

					Chests.
Behar	Opium	...	...	...	2,500
Benares	"	...	...	...	2,500
Total					5,000

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 21st November 1878, and published in the *Government and Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st January 1879 respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 11th January 1879, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 21st January 1879.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Board of Revenue, however, reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 3rd February 1879	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 4th March	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 3rd April	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Thursday, 1st May	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 2nd June	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 2nd July	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 5th August	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 1st September	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Tuesday, 30th ditto	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Monday, 3rd November	2,500	2,500	5,000
On or about Wednesday, 3rd December	2,500	2,500	5,000
Total	27,500	27,500	55,000

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Secretary*.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 3rd December 1878.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 21st June 1878.

- No. 1112.—In supersession of Home Department Notification No. 166, dated the 30th January 1878, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that Government Officers in India, who may desire to solicit Government patronage for literary or other works not published in India, shall apply through the Government of India to the Secretary of State.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 15th June 1878.

- No. 660.—Mr. H. Bell is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service.

The 19th June 1878.

- No. 672.—Mr. W. LeF. Robinson is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service with effect from the 1st May 1878.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 20th June 1878.

- No. 70J.—Under the provisions of Section 3 of Act 11 of 1869, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain E. A. Fraser to be a Justice of the Peace for the whole of British India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 21st June 1878.

- No. 1117.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department :—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 38, Rule 2 (page 17).

Insert after "Financial Department," "or, if such contributions are a provincial asset, then of the Local Government."

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

SUPPLEMENT F.

Section 17, Rule 1 (page 216).

Insert the following as Clause (C1) of this Rule :—

(C1). An officer employed in British Burmah is not required to appear in person before the Surgeon-General.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

Simla, the 21st June 1878.

No. 558.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Sub-Lieutenant Edwin Hart to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th January 1876.

Sub-Lieutenant Charles William Clarke to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th June 1877.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 561.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough to Europe, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

Surgeon-Major Edward Alfred Birch,—for eighteen months; one year and one hundred and sixteen days on private affairs, under Rules IX and XV, and the remaining period on medical certificate under Rule XIV, Clause 2, of the Regulations of 1868.

* * * * *

No. 562.—The following extract from List No. 21, dated the 23rd May 1878, received from the India Office, is published for general information:—

Permitted to return to duty.

Surgeon-Major C. E. W. Bensley, M.D.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Marine Department, is republished for general information:—

Simla, the 21st June 1878.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 33.—Mr. J. M. Fergusson to be 3rd Superintending Engineer, Kidderpore Dock-yard, with effect from date of joining.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS—PUBLIC.

Simla, the 27th June 1878.

No. 1169.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct, under Section 2 of "The Indian Arms Act, 1878," that the said Act shall come into force on the 1st October 1878.

ECCLIASTICAL.

The 28th June 1878.

No. 242.—* * * The Rev F. F. Mazuchelli, Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment, has been permitted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State to retire from the service, * * * from the 28th instant.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—EMIGRATION.

Simla, the 28th June 1878.

No. 95.—Under the provisions of Section 56 of the Indian Emigration Act (VII of 1871), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the substitution of the following for Rules 1 and 7 of Schedule B of the rules relating to emigration from the Port of Calcutta, which were published in the *Gazette of India* of the 22nd February 1873 :—

RULE 1.—*Ventilation of the between-decks :—*

Besides hatches there must be provided air-shafts, cowl-headed funnels or tubes, and one of Thiers' automatic ventilators with 10-inch cylinder, and such other additional means for affording light and ventilation to the space intended for the accommodation of the emigrants as the Protector and Medical Inspector of Emigrants may consider necessary. If there are any stern ports or side scuttles provided between-decks, they must be glazed, well-fitted, about 14 inches apart, and as close to the upper-deck as possible.

RULE 7.—*Ventilation of the hold :—*

Except in vessels fitted with ventilating masts, in which case a proportionate reduction may be allowed, there should be five steam pipes solidly and strongly put together, of stout metal or wood and air-tight, each at least 9 inches in diameter, fitted with cowl-heads, and leading from the hold to the open air on the upper-deck. There must also be a Thiers' automatic ventilator with 10-inch cylinder for the ventilation of the hold, and the automatic ventilator as well as the ventilating masts and steam pipes must be conveniently placed and so arranged as to carry off the steam from the cargo quite clear of the between-decks.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 28th June 1878.

No. 1329P.—With reference to Notification No. 571P., dated 7th March 1878, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Monsieur A. Drouin as in charge of the office of Consul-General for France at Calcutta during the absence of Monsieur Eydin, has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 28th June 1878.

No. 1388.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigeuda to the Codes of the Financial Department :—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 20 (page 8).

Insert the following as Rule 1 under this section :—

1. This section permits the temporary suspension of the second condition of qualifying service which forms the subject of this chapter : it does not authorize any relaxation of the first condition (which is the subject of Chapter IV), or the third condition (which is the subject of Chapter VI), and, in particular, must not be understood to countenance any modification of the rules in Chapter VII, which govern the case of an officer whose services are lent to some financially independent body.

Section 119 (page 65).

Add the following as Rule 2 under this section :—

2. Whenever application is made for a pension or gratuity under this section, a list should be given of the names and ages of the surviving kindred of the deceased officer as follows :—

				Names.	Date of birth by Christian era.
Sons		
Widows		
Daughters		
Father		
Mother		

If the deceased has left no sons, or no widows, or no daughters, or no father, or no mother surviving him, the word "None" or "Dead" should be entered opposite to such relations.

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

The 28th June 1878.

No. 1264.—In modification of the Notifications of the Government of India in this Department, No. 778, dated the 31st January 1872, and No. 2466, dated the 17th April 1874, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that when an officer on a salary of less than Rs. (100) one hundred a month, but in "superior service" as defined in the Civil Pension Code, is provided at the public expense with a passage by sea or in a river steamer, he may, at the discretion of the head of his office, be allowed free passage for one native servant.

SEPARATE REVENUE—POST OFFICE.

The 28th June 1878.

No. 1342.—Referring to the Notification of the 2nd November 1877, No. 4308, respecting the insurance of registered letters and parcels transmitted by inland post, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to authorize the following modification of the rates charged for insurance :—

Rates formerly prescribed.

When the value certified does not exceed	...	Rs.	10	...	1 anna.
Ditto	ditto	...	25	...	2 annas.
Ditto	ditto	...	50	...	4 "
Ditto	ditto	...	75	...	6 "
Ditto	ditto	...	100	...	8 "

and 8 annas for every additional Rs. 100, or fraction thereof.

Rates now prescribed

When the value certified does not exceed	...	Rs.	50	...	2 annas.
Ditto	ditto	...	100	...	4 "

and 4 annas for every additional Rs. 100, or fraction thereof.

The revised rates will have effect in respect of articles posted on or after the 1st August 1878.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

Simla, the 28th June 1878.

No. 576.—*Medical Department.*—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentleman to be a Surgeon in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces in the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the service :—

Surgeon Jantath French Mullen, M.D.,—arrived at Fort William, 25th May 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 17, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India. &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Legislative Department, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd July 1878.

No. 20.—Mr. C. H. Reily took charge of his offices of Officiating Chief Reporter and Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court, Calcutta, in the forenoon of the 1st June 1878.

No. 21.—Mr. C. Piffard received charge of his office of Officiating Reporter for the Indian Law Reports in the High Court Calcutta, from Mr. C. H. Reily, in the forenoon of the 11th June 1878.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 3rd July 1878.

No. 1246.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department:—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 41, page 19).

Add the following as Rule 1 under this section:—

I. The cases of Dockyard and Military artificers not specially provided for in Section 64A are disposed of in accordance with the rules for inferior service.

(Pages 20 and 21.)

II. Cancel the second foot-note on these pages.

Insert the following as Section 64A on page 37:—

III. The Local Government may grant to a Dockyard or Military artificer whose service, excluding breaks and absence from duty of every kind, amounts to not less than twenty-five years, a pension not exceeding three-fourths of the pension to which he would be entitled if his service on pay exceeding ten rupees were reckoned as superior. But such a pension can only be granted under the conditions specified in Sections 52 to 55, Civil Pension Code, for the grant of invalid pensions.

SUPPLEMENT C.

Section 4 (page 106).

Insert the following as a foot-note to this section:—

As soon as a Chaplain, whether English or Scotch, completes his full period of service, a statement should be furnished to the Government of India in the Home Department for transmission to the Secretary of State, showing the date on which the Chaplain completes such service, whether he is in England or in India. It should also be stated whether he is on duty or on leave, and if the latter, for what period.—(Home Department Circular No. 197, dated 30th May 1878.)

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

SUPPLEMENT E.

Section 2 (page 202).

Add the following as Rule 1 under this section:—

Rule 1. No leave other than privilege leave under Section 12 of this Supplement may be granted to Chaplain who has completed twenty-five years' service (*see* Section 4, Supplement C to the Civil Pension Code). Leave other than privilege leave granted to a Chaplain before his completion of twenty-five years' service ceases to have effect on such completion.

SEPARATE REVENUE—OPIMUM.

*The 5th July 1878.*No. 1476.—*Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimate for the year 1878-79.*

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			FOUR YEARS OF BENGAL OPIMUM AND THREE MONTHS' FARM DUTY ON OPIMUM EXPORTED FROM BOMBAY.		
	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal	52,22,000	58,58,100	6,29,100	2,02,10,000	2,27,09,600	17,98,600
Bombay	16,24,000	22,59,400	6,35,400	42,38,000	67,91,550	25,53,550
Total	68,46,000	81,17,500	12,71,500	2,51,54,000	2,95,01,150	43,47,150

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

The 5th July 1878

No. 1465.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 35 of the court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to fix at the following amounts the court fee payable under Schedule II, number 1 (b) of the said Act for a petition of objection under the Northern India License Act, 1878:—

	Court fee.
When the petitioner has been charged under the second class	... 4 annas.
When the petitioner has been charged under the third class	... 1 anna.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

Simla, the 5th July 1878.

No. 604.—VOLUNTEER CORPS—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Mr. Tomyns Reginald Browne, } To be second Lieutenants to complete the estab-
 „ Samuel Carrington, } lishment.
 „ William Harry Scriven, }

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 607.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough to Europe, with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

* * * * *

Surgeon-Major John Cardy Shaw,—private affairs, for two years, under Rules IX and XV of the Regulations of 1868.

No. 610.—The undermentioned officers of the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps are granted extensions of leave:—

Rev. J. Welland, B.A., Honorary Chaplain to the 31st December 1878.

Lieutenant S. J. Tucker, to the 15th October 1878.

No. 612.—REPORTS OF ARRIVAL—

In G. G. O. No. 1100 of 1877, notifying the return to duty of Major T. H. Lewin, Bengal Staff Corps, for “25th” November 1877, read “24th” November 1877.

PENSIONS.

No. 615.—First class Apothecary H. C. Connolly, having been declared by a medical committee to be unfit for further active service, is, under the provisions of the G. G. O. No. 550 of 1868, transferred to the Invalid Pension Establishment on a pension of Rs. 100 per mensem, payable in India.

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

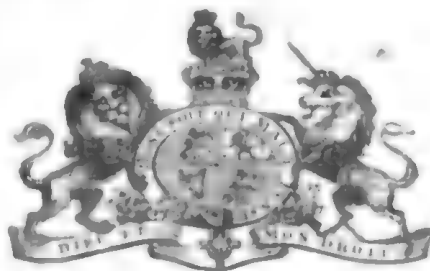
No. 622.—The services of Surgeon J. Moorhead, M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

Simla, the 5th July 1878.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 88.—Mr. E. G. Wells, Officiating Superintendent of the Government Dockyard at Kidderpore, is granted furlough to Europe, on medical certificate, for two years, with the necessary subsidiary leave, under Sections 12 and 24 of the Civil Leave Code.

HONOUR A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 11th July 1878.

No. 734.—Sir Stuart Colvin Bayley, K.C.S.I., received charge of the office of Chief Commissioner of Assam from Colonel R. H. Keatinge, V.C., C.S.I., on the afternoon of the 22nd ultimo.

No. 736.—*Appointments.*—Mr. H. Luttman-Johnson, C.S., Supernumerary Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade, to be Deputy Commissioner of the Third Grade, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell.

The 12th July 1878.

No. 746.—The services of Mr. D. J. A. Campbell, of the Bengal Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of British Burma in place of those of Mr. R. H. Anderson, whose transfer was announced in Home Department Notification No. 650, dated the 8th ultimo.

MEDICAL.

The 11th July 1878.

No. 363.—Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Mohim Chuander Roy is permitted to resign the service of Government.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION—PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 12th July 1878.

No. 1543.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department :—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 48 (page 23).

Substitute the following for Note 2 under this section :—

(NOTE 2.—If an order dismissing an officer is reversed on revision or appeal, the authority who is competent to reverse the order of dismissal may declare that, as regards service qualifying for pension, such dismissal is in effect suspension followed by reinstatement).

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

Section 7 (page 119).

Insert the following as Rule 8 under this section :—

8. If an order dismissing an officer is reversed on revision or appeal, the authority who is competent to reverse the order of dismissal may declare that, as regards service qualifying for leave, such dismissal is in effect suspension followed by reinstatement.

APPENDIX A (page 161).

Insert the following as Instruction (10) :—

(10.) No entries in regard to arrears of Indian pay and allowances due to an officer proceeding on leave or on retirement to Europe should be made in the certificate. Such allowances are not paid at the Home Treasury of the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

Simla, the 12th July 1878.

No. 638.—REPORTS OF ARRIVAL—

* * * * *

Major W. S. Samuells, Bengal Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, Bengal,—Bombay, 27th June 1878.

Surgeon-Major C. E. W. Bensley, M.D.,—Bombay, 25th June 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 13th July 1878.

No. 749.—The services of Mr. W. R. Green, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Dacca, in Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, with effect from the 12th May last.

No. 752.—The services of Mr. C. A. Soppitt, Officiating Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Backergunge, in Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam, with effect from the 14th May last.

EDUCATION.

The 18th July 1878.

No. 184.—The subjoined Circular, issued by the "Lords of the Committee of Council on Education" in England, contains much that may be useful to Inspectors and Managers of Schools in India; and it is accordingly republished for general information:—

CIRCULAR TO HER MAJESTY'S INSPECTORS,

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, WHITEHALL,

The 16th January 1878.

SIR,—As it has now become evident that, by the operation of recent legislation, the great majority of the labouring classes will be virtually compelled to send their children to public elementary schools, which are aided, and therefore to a large extent regulated, by the State, a heavy additional responsibility is imposed upon the Government with respect to the character of the schools in which these children will be obliged to spend all their school life.

It becomes, therefore, more than ever the duty of the Education Department to do all in their power to secure both that the most suitable and useful instruction, and such as is mostly desired by their parents, is furnished for the children, and that their moral training is fully provided for during the years which they will be compelled to spend in public elementary schools. To enable the Department to fulfil this duty, the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education must principally rely upon the action and influence of Her Majesty's Inspectors in their respective districts; and from their knowledge of the zeal and public spirit of their officers, they feel that they may rely with confidence upon their cordial co-operation. Considering, however, the great increase in the staff of Inspectors since 1870, and the large number of recent appointments,* and looking also to the increased responsibility now cast upon the Inspectors by the important changes in the educational system which have been made in the last three years both by legislation and by the Codes, further directions appear to be desirable.

In conveying to you the following instructions from their Lordships, I am desirous to inform you that, in arriving at the conclusions which are herein embodied, they have carefully considered the reports of the most experienced Inspectors during the last four

* The staff of Inspectors has risen from 73 in 1870 to 120 in 1877.

years, as well as the many representations made to them during that period by Managers of Schools, and by other persons of knowledge and experience in educational matters.

Education Act.—With regard to your action respecting the recent Education Acts, detailed directions are not needed, as their Lordships have no cause for doubting that you will, as heretofore, do all in your power to promote their successful working, being careful to maintain an entire impartiality between schools under different kinds of management, and to avoid even the appearance of using your influence in favour of either voluntary or board schools, or of taking a part in local differences on these matters.

There are, however, some general instructions with regard to these Acts to which I am desired to call your attention.

While their Lordships are most anxious that you should afford to any local authorities that may apply to you the benefit of such advice on matters covered by your instructions as may assist them in bringing into full and satisfactory operation the important powers with which they have been entrusted, it is necessary that you should bear in mind, in the case of school attendance committees appointed by boards of guardians, that they are mainly responsible to the Local Government Board and are assisted and advised in the discharge of their duties by the Inspectors of that Board. You will, therefore, be very careful in your communications with such committees to shew that you have no authority to dictate to them, or, unless specially directed to do so by this Department under section 27 or 43 of the Act of 1876, to ask for an account of any of their proceedings.

I should inform you, at the same time, that during the present year you will probably be specially directed, under the Act of 1876, to report to their Lordships any part of your district in which the local authorities are not thoroughly fulfilling the duties imposed upon them by those Acts, in respect of the education, the school attendance, and the employment of the children of their districts.

Conscience Clause.—If any cases are brought before you or come to your knowledge, of an infraction of the seventh section of the Act of 1870, i.e., the Time Table Conscience Clause, you will not fail, acting in the spirit of the Act of 1876 (section 7), forthwith to communicate with their Lordships on the subject; and you will take special care to point out to school managers and teachers the importance of the strictest adherence, in letter and spirit, to the provisions of that Conscience Clause, and to remind them, where necessary, of the total forfeiture of grant which their Lordships would at once inflict, should those provisions be persistently evaded or neglected. It should never be forgotten that a child withdrawn from the whole or part of the religious teaching or observances of a school, should in no way be subjected to disparaging treatment on account of his parent having thought fit to avail himself of his statutory right in this matter. But, on the other hand, in your communications respecting the arrangements of the time-tables, you will remember that you have no right to interfere in any way with the liberty allowed by statute to managers of providing for religious teaching and observances at the beginning and end of the two daily school meetings. In your allusions to this subject and to the Conscience Clause you will be most careful not to lead managers or teachers to suppose that the complete provision which has now been made by the Legislature for protecting the rights of conscience, as an essential part of a system of compulsory attendance, and the limitation of the necessary examination by Her Majesty's Inspectors to secular subjects, imply that that the State is indifferent to the moral character of the schools, or in any way unfriendly to religious teaching.

Character of Schools and Teachers.—In connection with this subject, as affected by the Code, and your own action as a representative of the Department, I have to direct your attention to their Lordships' views respecting the moral character of the schools, and the character and condition of the teachers.

My Lords are anxious that you should lose no suitable opportunity of impressing upon both managers and teachers the great responsibility which rests upon them, over and above the intellectual teaching, in regard to the moral training of the children committed to their charge. You will express your special approbation of all schools where, from knowledge which you have gained by repeated visits, you observe that a high moral tone is maintained; you will not fail to enlarge upon the Article (19A*) in the Code respecting discipline as showing the interest taken by Parliament and by their Lordships in this all-important subject; and, where it is not satisfactorily attended to, you will not hesitate to recommend a reduction of the grant. You will, in the spirit of that Article, urge the managers to do all in their power to secure that the teachers maintain a high standard of honesty, truth, and honour in their schools, and that they not only inculcate upon the children the general duty of consideration and respect for others, but also the special duty of obedience to, and reverence for, their parents.

Personal oversight of the Schools by Managers.—Their Lordships have observed with great regret the large number of cases of falsification by teachers of the registers of attendance which have been brought to their notice. They have felt it their duty to visit in the severest manner all cases of deliberate fraud, as it is obvious that persons who are guilty of

* * The Inspector will bear in mind, in reporting on the organisation and discipline, the results of any visits without notice (Article 19) made in the course of the school year; and will not interfere with any method of organisation adopted in a training college under inspection if it is satisfactorily carried out in the school. To meet the requirements respecting discipline, the managers and teachers will be expected to satisfy the Inspector that all reasonable care is taken, in the ordinary management of the school, to bring up the children in habits of punctuality, of good manners and language, of cleanliness and neatness, and also to impress upon the children the importance of cheerful obedience to duty, of consideration and respect for others, and of honour and truthfulness in word and act.

such fraudulent acts are unfit for the care of children. You will therefore be careful to remind teachers at proper times of the very serious nature of such offences. The reduction of the grant which is made in many of these cases will, it is hoped, lead managers to see that it is their interest, as well as their duty, to give close attention to the details of the daily working of the schools under their control. The experience of many years has shown that the best schools have generally been those where the managers exercise a personal supervision over them, and are in constant friendly intercourse with the teachers and the children. My Lords have been sorry to find that many of the largest schools have in the last few years been deficient in this great element of usefulness, and that accordingly a much lower tone has prevailed amongst teachers and children in these cases. My Lords trust that you will lose no opportunity of endeavouring to secure for all the children of your district the advantage of this supervision, by informing the managers of the importance which their Lordships attach to their personal influence over the schools for which they have accepted the responsibility, as a most valuable part of the educational system of the country; and you will do all in your power to support the authority of the managers over their schools. The friendly interest and supervision of the managers is particularly needed in the case of young teachers of both sexes in large towns, who being often strangers to the place, and living alone in lodgings, without friends or relations, should be the object of their special care. You will therefore inquire from time to time whether the managers take a personal interest in the conduct, comfort, and well-being of these young persons, as my Lords consider this matter to be of great importance, not only to the teachers themselves, but to the children who are entrusted to their care, and who must be much affected by the characters and example of their instructors.

Pupil Teachers.—It is needless to remind you that the condition of the pupil-teachers of your district should receive your very careful consideration. My Lords have reason to fear that sufficient care has not been bestowed upon them in many cases, either by managers or teachers. You will do well, therefore, to bespeak the special attention of the managers to this important subject. You will oppose the appointment of sickly precocious children as pupil-teachers, and you will insist upon good health as an essential qualification for those who aspire to the teacher's office. You should warn the managers and teachers against allowing teachers of this tender age to be overworked, and should point out to them that under the revised Memorandum of Agreement, arrangements can be made, with great general advantage to the school, by which the pupil-teachers may be allowed a portion of the school hours for their own instruction or preparation of lessons, provided that the time so employed is devoted exclusively, like their five hours of special instruction, to the subjects prescribed by the Code. You should discourage the habit of sacrificing to the preparation of their lessons the times allotted for meals, and you should specially warn teachers of the serious effect upon the health of the female pupil-teachers—girls of 14 to 18 years of age—of being kept standing all day at work in their schools. You should endeavour to secure that the pupil-teachers receive a regular course of systematic instruction from their teachers, instead of a mere "cram" preparation for examination, and you should do all you can to maintain in the teachers and managers a sense of responsibility for the formation of the character as well as the attainments of their pupil-teachers.

Code.—I pass on to call your attention to the large changes made in the Code during the last two years, to the objects their Lordships had in view by those changes, and to the manner in which they desire you to work them. You will probably have observed that their Lordships' object throughout has been, over and above the acquisition by every child of the bare ordinary rudiments of education, to promote the development of the general intelligence of the scholars rather than to seek to burden their memories with subjects which, considering the early age at which the majority of children leave school, would not be likely to be of use to them; and also to encourage such training in school, in matters affecting their daily life, as may help to improve and raise the character of their homes. With respect to the ordinary rudiments, you will urge the teachers, as far as they are concerned, not to be satisfied with just enabling the children to pass the standard examinations which set them free from compulsory attendance, but to endeavour to provide that all children before they leave school shall at least have acquired the power of writing with facility, of using the simple rules of arithmetic without difficulty, and of reading without exertion and with pleasure to themselves. As regards history and geography, you will encourage, as far as you can, such teaching as is likely to awaken the sympathies of the children. Their attention should be specially directed to the interesting stories of history, to the lives of noble characters, and to incidents which tend to create a patriotic feeling of regard for their country and its position in the world; and while they should be made acquainted with the leading historical incidents that have taken place in their own neighbourhood, and with its special geographical features, an interest should be excited in the Colonial and Foreign Possessions of the British Crown.

Books.—Though their Lordships always decline to interfere respecting the choice of the books used in the schools, it will be well that you should point out the great value of using, in the reading lessons, interesting books on such subjects as natural history, the wonders of creation, or the like, which do not form part of the ordinary school course; and with regard to the poetry which the children are required in the higher standards to learn by heart, while you will discourage foolish and trifling songs, and pieces above their comprehension, you will call attention to the value of learning by heart generally, as a means of storing the children's memories with noble and elevated sentiments. Though

their Lordships have found it necessary to reduce the number of songs to be learned from 12 to 8, they desire to give every encouragement to singing in schools, as a most valuable element in the education of children.

You will not fail to inform the managers and teachers of the importance which their Lordships attach to good instruction in needlework, in domestic economy, as described in the New Code,* and in the knowledge of "common things," and to such teaching as is likely to promote habits of thrift. You will encourage any well-considered schemes, such as are being adopted in various parts of the country, for teaching practical cookery to the elder girls; while, on proper occasions, you will call attention to the facilities which now exist for the establishment of school penny savings' banks, and to the great success which has attended their introduction in many schools in the poorest districts.

Subjects of Instruction.—You will bear in mind, and will urge upon managers and teachers, that though certain subjects only are paid for under the Code, and certain subjects only are obligatory, it is in their power to give instruction to children in any other useful and suitable branches of knowledge for which the parents show a liking, or which the character and habits of the population seem specially to require. It cannot be too strongly impressed upon you, that uniformity in the school course, as far as the non-essential subjects are concerned, is not the object their Lordships have in view in their administration, but that, on the contrary, they consider it advantageous to the country generally that there should be a variety in the teaching of the schools, so as to meet the varying and very different requirements of different localities and conditions of life. It is with this view that a great variety of optional subjects, both in elementary science and literature, has recently been added by their Lordships to the Code. From no good school, however, or conscientious teacher will you ever hear the plea urged that only "paying" subjects can be attended to. The schools which pass best in such subjects are not those which confine themselves solely to the work of the standards, which are necessarily fixed with an eye to the capacities of ordinary children, or even to the others enumerated in the Code. Regularity of attendance which is increasing daily, under the action of recent legislation, will probably give ample time for the more advanced instruction of the better scholars, and of those who remain at school longer than the early age at which compulsion ceases, while the honour certificates of the Act of 1876, which are in fact exhibitions for the best scholars, will, it is to be hoped, judging from the value which already appears to be attached to them, work in the same direction.

Night Schools.—Some changes made in the Code, with a view to encourage night schools, will not have escaped your notice. Experience has shown their usefulness, both in the manufacturing and rural districts, in supplementing the work of day schools. The early age of leaving school, and the large number of young men who have either received no instruction at all, or have forgotten what they have learned, will, at any rate for the present, make these schools of much value. As they call for considerable personal sacrifices on the part both of teachers and scholars, they are likely to be maintained only where a genuine and meritorious zeal for education exists on both sides. Owing, however, to the small numbers of which, in most cases, these schools must necessarily consist, they can hardly be carried on without encouragement and support from this Department. My Lords, therefore, desire you to give every encouragement in your power to local efforts for the establishment of night schools, under circumstances which promise that they will be judiciously conducted, and actively maintained.

I have now to convey to you some directions respecting the examination of schools, and your inspection generally.

Examination.—The changes in the Code have been so considerable, and the requirements of it have been so largely raised, that my Lords think it most desirable that, in your examinations, the New Code should be worked very gradually and cautiously, so as not to discourage either the teacher or the children, by expecting too much from them at first under a change of system. These remarks will of course be particularly applicable to new schools, and to those where many rough and untaught children have been recently introduced by means of compulsion. My Lords wish it to be understood that they do not approve of the examination being taken on paper under Article 19 C of the Code,† except in special cases, respecting which, of course, you must use your own discretion. It has long been the practice of the most experienced Inspectors, in consideration of the obligation upon girls to learn needlework, while boys have no corresponding obligatory claim upon their school hours, not to apply to girls, in the examination in arithmetic, exactly the same standard of proficiency as to boys. My Lords are of opinion that this practice should be adopted by Her Majesty's Inspectors generally.

Visit without notice.—Their Lordships further direct me to say that they attach great importance to a second visit (without notice) being made, as far as possible, to every school in the year, with a view to the general encouragement of the teachers and the children, and to enable you to exercise a larger influence upon the general conduct of the school than in

* 1. Food and its preparation. Clothing and materials.—2. The dwelling; warming, cleaning, and ventilation. Washing materials and their use.—3. Rules for health; the management of a sick room. Cottage income, expenditure, and savings.

† 1861. The sum of 4s. per scholar, according to the average number of children, above seven years of age, in attendance throughout the year (Article 26), if the classes from which the children are examined in Standards II—VI., or in specific subjects (Article 214) pass a creditable examination in any two of the following subjects viz., grammar, history, elementary geography, and plain needlework.

‡ The mode of examination (whether oral or on paper) is left to the discretion of the Inspector.

§ Examination on paper will, as a rule, be confined to scholars in Standard VI.

possible where only one visit for the purpose of examination takes place; and they would strongly impress upon you their desire that you should endeavour to make all your visits, as far as lies in your power, an encouragement and assistance to managers and teachers in their difficult work.

You will bear in mind that anything like dictation to teachers, as if they were in any sense officers of the department, or responsible to any one save the managers of their schools, should be very carefully avoided. It is no part of an Inspector's duty either to find fault with or to reprove a teacher. If he thinks it either necessary, or a kindly act, to give advice, or warning, to a teacher, it should not be done in the hearing of the scholars or pupil-teachers.

But, above all, it is incumbent on an Inspector to show by his manner in examining and dealing with the classes and with individual scholars, that the main object of his visit to a school is to elicit what the children know, and not to prove their ignorance. That object is entirely defeated if by a harsh, impatient, or indistinct manner of questioning the scholars, he frightens or confuses them, or if he puzzles them by fanciful and unreasonable questions.

Inspection.—With regard to your assistant, you will not delegate the inspection of a school to him, except in a case of absolute necessity, arising from illness or some such cause. When you have been compelled to do so, you will notify the fact to the department, and will make a point of making a visit yourself to that school in the same year. You will, as far as possible, confine your assistant's action to the individual examination of scholars. You should, however, always take enough of this work yourself to enable you to report from your personal knowledge, upon the efficiency of every department. The main duty of the assistant is to collect for you sufficient facts as to the children's reading, writing, &c., on which you can form a judgment as to the merits of the schools under your inspection; and their Lordships cannot accept any reference to the opinion of an Inspector's assistant, as part of the official report on the school. For everything of the nature of inspection the Inspector alone is responsible; and the interests of schools depend so materially upon the results of the yearly official visit, that it is necessary to insist that more time should be devoted by the Inspector to an examination into the actual work done in every school on his list, than is frequently given to this duty at present. The increase in the staff of many of the districts, and the reduction in the size of others, will remove some of the difficulties which formerly existed in connexion with this part of the Inspector's duties.

In the official reports which you are called upon to make to this Department from time to time respecting the condition of your district, my Lords will be glad that you should generally notice the subjects to which your attention has been directed by this special circular.

My Lords are fully aware that no little tact and judgment are required to fulfil the duties of your office, especially in your relations to the managers of the schools. The standard of duty which they place before you is undoubtedly a high one; but they are of opinion that the object of Parliament and of successive administrations, in maintaining the present large staff of officers of the highest standing, has been, not merely to certify the Department respecting the rudimentary instruction given in the schools, but that Her Majesty's Inspectors should still take a leading part, as so many distinguished members of their body have done, in developing and raising the character of our elementary schools, so that the country might derive the greatest possible benefit from their institution. Their Lordships have therefore felt it their duty, at a period of considerable change in the educational system of the country, to state somewhat fully their views respecting the action and responsibilities of Her Majesty's Inspectors, and also respecting the instruction, training, and management of the schools which are subject to their supervision so as both to assist and encourage their Inspectors, and also to remove doubts which have been expressed by those connected with schools on the various matters which are alluded to in this circular.

While from their knowledge of the past and present work of Her Majesty's Inspectors, my Lords rely with confidence upon having their continued zealous assistance, they as confidently rely upon the friendly and public-spirited co-operation of the local educational authorities, and of the managers and teachers of schools, in carrying on the great work of national education in the manner and with the results which the large sacrifices of the country give it a right to expect.

I have, &c.,

F. R. SANDFORD.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 18th July 1878.

No. 270.—*Appointment.*—The Reverend A. W. R. Quinlan, M.A., Junior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 27th ultimo.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—COMMERCE AND TRADE.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

Simla, the 19th July 1878.

No. 389.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 1 of Act XIII of 1878 (an Act to provide for the recovery in British India of wages due to, and expenses incurred in

respect of, certain seamen and apprentices, &c.,) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to authorize the Shipping Master and the Deputy Shipping Master for the time being at the port of Calcutta to sue for and recover, in manner in the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, Section 213, provided, any wages or expenses recoverable under the said section of the same Act and under Section 16 of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855, in cases where such wages and expenses are under the same sections, a charge upon any ship, or recoverable from any master, owner, or other person, within the jurisdiction of any Court in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 19th July 1878.

No. 101J.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 3 of Act II of 1874 (the Administrator-General's Act), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the dominions of Princes and States in India in alliance with Her Majesty shall, for the purposes of the said Act, be included in the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras and Bombay, respectively, as follows :—

In the Presidency of Bengal.

Cooch Behar.	Kalsia.	Kotah.	Bijawar.
Hill Tipperah.	Kaputhala.	Lawa.	Bijua.
Manipur.	Keonthul.	Shahpura.	Charkhari.
The States in the Jynteah and Cossyah hills.	Kumbharsani.	Tonk, with the exception of Pirawa, Nibhera and Seronjo.	Chhatrapur.
The tributary mehals of Chota Nagpore.	Kunhiar.	Ulwur.	Datia.
The tributary mehals of Cuttack.	Kuthar.	The Merwarra pergunas belonging to Meywar and Marwar.	Dhurwai.
Rampur.	Loharu.	Gwalior.	Garrauli.
Tehri (Garhwál).	Mailog.	The whole State excepting the Sir Subaship of Malwa and certain districts under the Sir Subah of Ishagarh which are included in the Presidency of Bombay.	Gaurihar.
Bághal.	Máler Kotla.	Bundelkhand and Bhagelkand States and Chiefships :—	Jaso.
Baghat.	Mandi.	Ajaigarh.	Jigni.
Bahawalpur.	Mángul.	Alipura.	Kamta Rajaula.
Balsan.	Nábha.	Báoni.	Khannadhana.
Bashahr.	Patandi.	Beraunda.	Kothi.
Bhaji.	Patiala.	Behat.	Lughani.
Bijá.	Sangri.	Beri.	Maihar.
Chamba.	Sirmur (Náhan).	Bhaissunda.	Nágode.
Darkuti.	Suket.		Nayágson.
Dhám.	Tarooh.		Orehia.
Dujáná.	Bhurtpore.		Pahári Banká.
Fardikot.	Bikanir.		Pahra.
Hindúr (Nálágarh).	Boondee.		Paldeo.
Jind.	Dholpur.		Panna.
Jubbal.	Jeypore.		Rewah.
Jummoo and Kashmir.	Jesulmer.		Samthar.
Kahlúr (Biláspur).	Jhaláwar.		Sarila.
	Jodhpore or Marwar.		Soláwal.
	Kerauli.		Tarkon.
	Kishengarh.		Tori Fatehpur.

Holkar's district of Alampur.

In the Presidency of Madras.

Banganspalli.	Puducottah.	Travancore.	The dominions of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad.
Cochin.	Sundur.		

In the Presidency of Bombay.

Baroda.	Partabgarh.	Sarangarh.	Gwalior, districts of—
Cambay.	Sirohi.	Nonpur.	Agar.
Cutch.	The Jhalra Patum districts of Gangvar.	Barwai.	Amjhera.
Janjira.	Gangvar.	Barwani.	Bág.
Jawhar.	Pach Pahar.	Bhopal. The whole State.	Dabhán.
Kolhárpur.	Dag.	Dewás.	Mandsaur.
Khairpur in Sind.	The Tonk districts of—	Dhar.	Neemuch.
Narukote.	Pirawa.	Indore. The whole State excepting the district of Alampur.	Sagor.
Point.	Nibhera.		Shujaulpur.
Sawuntwari.	Seronjo.		Sonkach.
Savanoor.	The feudatory States in the Central Provinces.		Ujjain and Bhilsa.
The Satara jaghira.	Bámra.		
The Southern Mahratta States.	Bastar.		
The States in Khandesh.	Kanker.		
The States in Kattywar.	Karond or Kalahandi.		
The States in the Mahi Kanta.	Kawarda.		
The States in Palunpur.	Khairagarh.		
The States in the Rewa Kanta.	Makrái.		
The States in Surat.	Nandgaon.		
Hanswára.	Patna.		
Dungarpur.	Raigarh Bargarh.		
Coodeypore or Meywar.	Rairakhol.		
	Satki.		

The States under the Goona Agency.

2. The Notification of this Department, No. 91J, dated 26th May 1874, is hereby cancelled.

POLITICAL.

The 15th July 1878.

No. 1436P.—With reference to the Notification of this Department, No. 7D C.P., dated 1st January 1877, it is hereby notified that the order conferring upon Raja Dehya Singh Deb, of Pooree, the title of "Maharaja," as a personal distinction, is cancelled.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th July 1878.

No. 16.—The following notification, which appeared in a Supplement to the *London Gazette* of the 24th May 1878, is republished for general information :—

INDIA OFFICE,
May 25, 1878.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India :—

To be Knights Commanders.

The Hon'ble Ashley Eden, C.S.I., Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
Steuart Colvin Bayley, Esq., C.S.I., Bengal Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial and Political Departments.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATIONS.—MINT AND CURRENCY.

Simla, the 19th July 1878.

No. 1798.—The following Resolution is published for general information :—
Read again—

Notification in this Department, No. 2466, dated 7th December 1877, calling in all silver coins coined and issued by the authority of the Government of India before the 1st September 1835.

RESOLUTION.—The Coinage Act XVII of 1835 though it came into operation only from the first of September 1835, was passed on the 17th August 1835.

Consequently some persons have understood that by the notification above referred to, it was the intention of the Governor-General in Council to call in silver coin coined under the said Act XVII of 1835.

The Governor-General in Council is accordingly pleased to explain that the coins called in by the Notification No. 2466, dated 7th December 1877, were only those coined under Acts passed before Act XVII of 1835, and that coins coined under Act XVII of 1835, or subsequently, have not been called in, and continue to be legal tender in satisfaction of all engagements in the manner and to the extent specified in the said Act.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

Simla, the 19th July 1878.

No. 664.—The following extracts from List No. 25, dated 21st June 1878, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

Granted extensions of leave.

* * * * *
Lieutenant-Colonel W. Gordon, s. c.,—four months, private affairs.
* * * * *

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Marine Department is republished for general information :—

TRANSFER OF OFFICERS.

Simla, the 19th July 1878.

No. 46.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 33 of the 21st June 1878, the services of Mr. J. A. Murray, 1st class Engineer, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[*Reprinted from the Gazette of India.*]

The following Extraordinary issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATION.—SALT.

Simla, the 31st July 1878.

No. 226.—In exercise of the powers conferred by “the Inland Customs Act, 1875” the Governor-General in Council directs that, on and from the first day of August 1878, the following modifications shall be made in the rules published in notification No. 156, dated the 30th June 1876, as amended by notifications No. 255, dated the 28th December 1877, and No. 21, dated the 17th January 1878, that is to say:—

- (a)—For the first paragraph of Rule 4, the following shall be substituted:—“On all salt imported, a duty of Rs. 2-8 per maund of 3,200 tolas, that is, of 82½ lbs avoirdupois, shall be levied.”
- (b)—In Rules 50, 54 and 74, and in Schedules C, E and F, for the words “twelve annas” the words “eight annas” shall be substituted.
- (d)—In Schedule C the words “eight annas” shall be omitted.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATION.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 22nd July 1878.

No. 1498P.—With reference to Notification No. 723P, dated 26th March 1878, the recognition by the Government of India of the appointment of Mr. S. E. Voigt as Acting Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Calcutta has been confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

Simla, the 26th July 1878.

No. 1960.—The following appointments are made in the Financial Department:—

Mr. J. Westland, B.C.S., to be Accountant-General, Bengal, and to officiate as Comptroller General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. Waterfield, B.C.S., or until further orders.

Mr. D. M. Barbour, B.C.S., to be Accountant-General, Punjab, and Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Lahore Circle.

PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

The 26th July 1878.

No. 1958.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department :—

CIVIL PENSION CODE.

Section 108 (page 60).

Substitute the following for this section —

Section 108.—A policeman on pay not exceeding twenty rupees, who re-enlists within one year after discharge or resignation, may, at the discretion of the Inspector-General, count his service before such discharge or resignation subject to the provisions of Chapter XX

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

Section 38.

Insert the following words after the words " Presidency town of Bombay " in Rule 3 on page 143 :—

" or (if he is an officer employed in Sindh or the Punjab) at the town of Kurrachi."

Insert the words " or Kurrachi " after " Bombay " in Rule 6 on page 144.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Simla, the 26th July 1878.

No. 687.—Captain Charles Roberts, 72nd Foot, Adjutant, Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, and Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence for one month, on medical certificate, in extension of privilege leave.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 14, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

Simla, the 30th July 1878.

No. 795.—The services of Messrs. F. St. C. Grimwood and W. C. Macpherson, of the Bengal Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The 31st July 1878.

No. 798.—Mr. F. C. Fowle is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service with effect from the 1st January 1878.

No. 804.—The services of Mr. L. Hare, of the Bengal Civil Service, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The 1st August 1878.

No. 807.—Mr. Alonzo Money, c.b., is permitted to resign Her Majesty's Bengal Civil Service with effect from the 29th April last.

No. 812.—The Hon'ble W. F. McDonell, v.c., a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, availed himself, on the afternoon of the 23rd ultimo, of the privilege leave granted to him in Home Department Notification No. 461, dated the 26th April last.

MEDICAL.

The 30th July 1878.

No. 402.—The services of Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Shosee Bhunsun Sing are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the date of his departure from Madras.

The 1st August 1878.

No. 409.—Surgeon-Major C. Palmer, m.d., Presidency and Marine Surgeon of Calcutta, has obtained privilege leave for two months and 21 days, with effect from the 8th instant, or from any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 2nd August 1878.

No. 2101.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addenda and Corrigenda to the Codes of the Financial Department :—

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

SUPPLEMENT F.

Section 2 (page 211).

For the second sentence of the definition of "average salary" substitute the following :—

But whenever an officer whose appointment is not gazetted takes leave for not more than one month, or whenever such an officer's salary is less than three hundred rupees, his pay (not salary) when he gives up office is to be taken in lieu of "average salary."

PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

The 2nd August 1878.

No. 2103.—*Erratum.*—In notification of this Department, No. 1797, dated the 19th July 1878, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 20th idem, page 441, for "officers whose monthly salaries are less than Rs. 40, but less than Rs. 25," read *officers whose monthly salaries are less than Rs. 40, but not less than Rs. 25*

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

Simla, the 1st August 1878.

No. 697 — VOLUNTEER CORPS—

Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Captain C. Roberts, 72nd Foot, Adjutant, Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, and Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, to be Adjutant.

Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, and Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Captain H. M'L. Hutchison, 1st Battalion, 14th Foot, to be Adjutant, *vice* Captain Roberts, transferred as Adjutant, Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps.

The 2nd August 1878.

No. 700.—The undermentioned officer of the Bengal Staff Corps having completed 26 years' service, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel from the date specified, under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 808, of the 26th September 1866, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

Major John Charles Campbell Daunt, v.c.,—20th July 1878.

HORACE A. COCKERELL,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1878.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India, &c.

[Reprinted from the Gazette of India.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 5th August 1878.

No. 818.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint William Fraser McDonell, Esq., v.c., of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—FORESTS.

Simla, the 9th August 1878.

No. 764F.—Mr. G. W. Strettell, Deputy Conservator of Forests of the 2nd grade in British Burma, is transferred to Bengal as a temporary measure.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information:—

NOTIFICATIONS.—POLITICAL.

Simla, the 5th August 1878.

No. 1596P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 21st May 1878 is published for general information:—

At the Court at Windsor, the 16th day of May 1878.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.
Lord President.
Lord Chamberlain.

Earl of Beaconsfield.
Mr. Secretary Cross.

Whereas by Section 18 of "The Extradition Act, 1870," it is among other things enacted that if by any law made after the passing of the said Act by the Legislature of any British Possession provision is made for carrying into effect within such Possession the surrender of fugitive criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, such British Possession, Her Majesty may, by the Order in Council applying the said Act in the case of any Foreign State, or by any subsequent Order, either—

Suspend the operation within any such British Possession of the said Act, or of any part thereof, so far as it relates to such Foreign State, and so long as such law continues in force there and no longer:

Or direct that such law or ordinance or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession, with or without modifications and alterations, as if it were part of the Act:

And whereas by an Act enacted by the Legislature of Victoria, the short title of which is "The Extradition Act of Victoria, 1877," it is provided that "all powers vested in and acts authorized or required to be done by a Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals in the United Kingdom under 'The Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873,' are thereby vested in and may in the Colony be exercised and

done by any Police Magistrate in relation to the surrender of fugitive criminals under the said Acts :—

And whereas it is further provided by the said Act that the said Act shall not come into operation until Her Majesty shall by Order in Council direct that the said Act shall have effect within the Colony as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870," but that the said Act shall thereafter come into operation as soon as such Order in Council shall have been publicly made known in the Colony.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in pursuance of "The Extradition Act, 1870," and in exercise of the power in that behalf in the said Act contained, doth by this present Order, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council, direct that the said Act shall have effect in the Colony of Victoria, without modification or alteration, as if it were part of "The Extradition Act, 1870."

And the Right Honourable Sir M. E. Hicks-Beach, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. L. PERL.

No. 1957 P.—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 21st May 1878 is published for general information :—

At the Court at Windsor, the 16th day of May 1878.

PRESENT :

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," and also by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-sixth and thirty-seventh years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Extradition Act, 1870," it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any Foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such Foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in, or suspected of being in, the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient :

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, between Her Majesty and the President of the French Republic, for the Mutual Extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following :—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the President of the French Republic, having recognized the insufficiency of the provisions of the Treaty concluded on the 13th of February 1843, between Great Britain and France for the reciprocal extradition of criminals, have resolved, by common accord, to replace it by another and more complete Treaty, and have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries for this purpose, that is to say :—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honourable Richard Bickerton Pemell Lord Lyons, a Peer of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, one of Her Britannic Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and Her said Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Government of the French Republic, &c., &c., &c. ;

And the President of the French Republic, M. le Duc Decazes, Member of the Chamber of Deputies, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Grand Officer of the National Order of the Legion of Honour, &c., &c., &c. ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers (found in good and due form) have agreed upon the following Articles :—

ARTICLE I.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other those persons who are being proceeded against or who have been convicted of a crime committed in the territory of the one Party, and who shall be found within the territory of the other Party, under the circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty.

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande et le Président de la République Française, ayant reconnu l'insuffisance des dispositions de la Convention conclue, le 13 Février, 1843, entre la Grande Bretagne et la France, pour l'extradition réciproque des malfaiteurs, ont résolu, d'un commun accord, de la remplacer par une autre Convention plus complète et ont nommé, à cet effet, pour leurs Plénipotentiaires respectifs :

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, le Très-Honorable Richard Bickerton Pemell Lord Lyons, Pair du Royaume Uni, Chevalier Grand Croix du Très-Honorable Ordre du Bain, Membre du Très-Honorable Conseil Privé de Sa Majesté Britannique, Son Ambassadeur Extraordinaire et Plénipotentiaire près le Gouvernement de la République Française, &c., &c., &c. ;

Et le Président de la République Française, M. le Duc Decazes, Membre de la Chambre des Députés, Ministre des Affaires Étrangères, Grand Officier de l'Ordre National de la Légion d'Honneur, &c., &c., &c. ;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins pouvoirs respectifs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des Articles suivants :

ARTICLE I.

Les Hautes Parties Contractantes s'engagent à se livrer réciproquement les individus poursuivis ou condamnés pour un crime commis sur le territoire de l'autre dans les circonstances et sous les conditions prévues par le présent Traité.

ARTICLE II.

Native-born or naturalized subjects of either country are excepted from extradition. In the case, however of a person who, since the commission of the crime or offence of which he is accused, or for which he has been convicted, has become naturalized in the country whence the surrender is sought, such naturalization shall not prevent the pursuit, arrest and extradition of such person, in conformity with the stipulations of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE III.

The crimes for which the extradition is to be granted are the following : —

1. Counterfeiting or altering money and uttering counterfeit or altered money
2. Forgery, counterfeiting or altering and uttering what is forged, counterfeited or altered.
3. Murder (including assassination, parricide, infanticide, and poisoning), or attempt to murder.
4. Manslaughter.
5. Abortion.
6. Rape.
7. Indecent assault, acts of indecency even without violence upon the person of a girl under 12 years of age.
8. Child-stealing, including abandoning, exposing or unlawfully detaining
9. Abduction.
10. Kidnapping and false imprisonment.
11. Bigamy.
12. Wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm
13. Assaulting a Magistrate, or peace or public officer.
14. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.
15. Perjury or subornation of perjury.
16. Arson.
17. Burglary or house-breaking, robbery with violence.
18. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member, or public officer of any Company made criminal by any Act for the time being in force.
19. Obtaining money, valuable security, or goods by false pretences, including receiving any chattel, money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been unlawfully obtained.
20. Embezzlement or larceny, including receiving any chattel, money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been embezzled or stolen.
21. Crimes against Bankruptcy Law.
22. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger persons in a railway train.
23. Malicious injury to property, if the offence is indictable.

ARTICLE II.

Les nationaux respectifs, soit d'origine, soit par l'effet de la naturalisation, sont exceptés de l'extradition ; toutefois, s'il s'agit d'une personne qui, depuis le crime ou le délit dont elle est accusée ou pour lequel elle a été condamnée, aurait obtenu la naturalisation dans le pays requis, cette circonstance n'empêchera pas la recherche, l'arrestation et l'extradition de cette personne, conformément aux stipulations du présent Traité.

ARTICLE III.

Les crimes et délits pour lesquels il y aura lieu à extradition sont les suivants : —

1. Contrefaçon ou altération de monnaies contrefaites ou altérées.
2. Faux ou usage de pièces fausses ; contrefaçon des sceaux de l'Etat, poinçons, timbres et marques publics, ou usage, des dits sceaux, poinçons, timbres et marques publics contrefaits.
3. Meurtre (assassinat, parricide, infanticide, empoisonnement), ou tentative de meurtre.
4. Coups et blessures volontaires ayant occasionné la mort, sans intention de la donner ; homicide par imprudence, négligence, maladresse, inobservation des règlements.
5. Avortement.
6. Viol.
7. Attentat à la pudeur avec violence ; attentat à la pudeur même sans violence sur la personne d'une fille âgée de moins de 12 ans.
8. Vol, abandon, exposition ou séquestration illégale d'un enfant.
9. Enlèvement d'un mineur au-dessous de 14 ans, ou d'une fille au-dessous de 16 ans.
10. Séquestration ou détention illégale.
11. Bigamie.
12. Actes de violence ou sévices ayant causé des blessures graves.
13. Violences contre les magistrats et officiers publics dans l'exercice de leurs fonctions.
14. Menaces écrites ou verbales faites en vue d'extorquer de l'argent ou des valeurs.
15. Faux témoignage, subornation de témoins d'experts ou d'interprètes.
16. Incendie volontaire.
17. Vols avec violence, effraction, escalade ou au moyen de fausses clefs.
18. Abus de confiance ou détournement par un banquier, commissionnaire, administrateur, tuteur, curateur, liquidateur, syndic, officier ministériel, directeur, membre ou employé d'une société, ou par toute autre personne.
19. Escroquerie ou recel frauduleux d'argent, valeurs ou objets mobiliers provenant d'une escroquerie. Publications faites de mauvaise foi, comptes rendus écrits ou imprimés mensongers faits dans le but de tromper les actionnaires d'une société, de provoquer des souscriptions ou de déterminer des tiers à prêter de l'argent à la société.
20. Détournement frauduleux, vol ou recel frauduleux de tout objet, argent ou valeur, provenant de vol ou de détournement.
21. Banqueroute frauduleuse.
22. Tout acte commis avec intention de mettre en danger la vie de personnes se trouvant dans un train de chemin de fer.
23. Destruction ou dégradation de toute propriété mobilière ou immobilière, punies des peines criminelles ou correctionnelles.

24. Crimes committed at sea :—

(a) Any act of depredation or violence by the crew of a British or French vessel, against another British or French vessel, or by the crew of a foreign vessel not provided with a regular commission, against British or French vessels, their crew or their cargoes.

(b) The fact by any person being or not one of the crew of a vessel of giving her over to pirates.

(c) The fact by any person being or not one of the crew of a vessel of taking possession of such vessel by fraud or violence.

(d) Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.

(e) Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.

25. Dealing in slaves in such manner as to constitute an offence against the laws of both countries.

The extradition is also to take place for participation, either as principals or accessories, in any of the aforesaid crimes, provided such participation be punishable by the laws of both the Contracting Parties.

ARTICLE IV.

The present Treaty shall apply to crimes and offences committed prior to the signature of the Treaty; but a person surrendered shall not be tried for any crime or offence committed in the other country before the extradition, other than the crime for which his surrender has been granted.

ARTICLE V.

No accused or convicted person shall be surrendered if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded shall be deemed by the Party upon which it is made to be a political offence, or to be an act connected with (connerce à) such an offence, or he prove to the satisfaction of the police magistrate or of the Court before which he is brought on *habeas corpus*, or of the Secretary of State, that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try or punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VI.

On the part of the French Government, the extradition shall take place in the following manner in France :—

The ambassador or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty in France shall send to the Minister for Foreign Affairs, in support of each demand for extradition, an authenticated and duly legalized copy either of a certificate of conviction, or of a warrant of arrest against a person accused, clearly setting forth the nature of the crime or offence on account of which the fugitive is being proceeded against. The judicial document thus produced shall be accompanied by a description of the person claimed, and by any other information which may serve to identify him.

These documents shall be communicated by the Minister for Foreign Affairs to the Keeper of the Seals, Minister of Justice, who, after examining the claim for surrender, and the documents in support thereof, shall report thereon immediately

24. Crimes commis en mer :—

(a) Tout acte de déprédation ou de violence commis par l'équipage d'un navire Britannique ou Français contre un autre navire Britannique ou Français, ou par l'équipage d'un navire étranger non pourvu de commission régulière, contre des navires Britanniques ou Français, leurs équipages ou leurs chargements.

(b) Le fait par tout individu, faisant ou non partie de l'équipage d'un bâtiment de mer, de le livrer aux pirates.

(c) Le fait par tout individu, faisant partie ou non de l'équipage d'un navire ou bâtiment de mer, de s'emparer du dit bâtiment par fraude ou violence.

(d) Destruction, submersion, échouement ou perte d'un navire, dans une intention coupable.

(e) Révolte par deux ou plusieurs personnes, à bord d'un navire en mer, contre l'autorité du capitaine ou du patron.

25. Traite des esclaves, telle qu'elle est définie et punie par les lois des deux pays.

Sont comprises dans les qualifications des actes donnant lieu à extradition, la complicité des faits ci-dessus mentionnés, lorsqu'elles sont punies par la législation des deux pays.

ARTICLE IV.

Le présent Traité s'applique aux crimes et délits antérieurs à sa signature; mais la personne qui aura été livrée ne sera poursuivie pour aucun délit commis dans l'autre pays avant l'extradition, autre que celui pour lequel sa remise a été accordée.

ARTICLE V.

Aucune personne accusée ou condamnée ne sera livrée si le délit pour lequel l'extradition est demandée est considéré par la partie requise comme un délit politique ou un fait connexe à un semblable délit, ou si la personne prouve, à la satisfaction du magistrat de police ou de la cour devant laquelle elle est amenée par l'*habeas corpus*, ou du Secrétaire d'Etat, que la demande d'extradition a été faite en réalité dans le but de la poursuivre ou de la punir pour un délit d'un caractère politique.

ARTICLE VI.

De la part du Gouvernement Français, l'extradition aura lieu ainsi qu'il suit, en France :—

L'Ambassadeur ou autre Agent Diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique en France enverra au Ministre des Affaires Étrangères, à l'appui de chaque demandé d'extradition, l'expédition authentique et dûment légalisée, soit d'un certificat de condamnation, soit d'un mandat d'arrêt contre une personne inculpée ou accusée, faisant clairement connaître la nature du crime ou du délit à raison duquel le fugitif est poursuivi. Le document judiciaire ainsi produit sera accompagné du signalement et des autres renseignements pouvant servir à constater l'identité de l'individu réclamé.

Ces documents seront communiqués par le Ministre des Affaires Étrangères ou Garde des Sceaux, Ministre de la Justice, qui, après examen de la demande et des pièces à l'appui, en fera un rapport au Président de la République; et s'il

to the President of the Republic; and, if there is reason for it, a Decree of the President will grant the extradition of the person claimed, and will order him to be arrested and delivered to the British authorities.

In consequence of this Decree, the Minister of the Interior shall give orders that search be made for the fugitive criminal, and in case of his arrest, that he be conducted to the French frontier, to be delivered to the person authorized by Her Britannic Majesty's Government to receive him.

Should it so happen that the documents furnished by the British Government, with the view of establishing the identity of the fugitive criminal, and that the particulars collected by the agents of the French Police with the same view be considered insufficient, notice shall be immediately given to the Ambassador or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty in France, and the fugitive person, if he has been arrested, shall remain in custody until the British Government has been able to furnish further evidence in order to establish his identity or to throw light on other difficulties in the examination.

ARTICLE VII.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

(A) In the case of a person accused—The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Ambassador or other Diplomatic Agent of the President of the French Republic, accompanied by a warrant of arrest or other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in France, together with duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him. The said Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would in the opinion of the Magistrate justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the fugitive shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in England, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of

State, y a lieu, un Décret Présidentiel accordera l'extradition de l'individu réclamé et ordonnera qu'il soit arrêté et livré aux Autorités Britanniques.

En conséquence de ce Décret, le Ministre de l'Intérieur donnera des ordres pour que l'individu poursuivi soit recherché et, en cas d'arrestation, conduit jusqu'à la frontière de France pour être livré à la personne chargée de le recevoir de la part du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté Britannique.

S'il arrivait que les documents produits par le Gouvernement Britannique pour constater l'identité, et les renseignements recueillis par les Agents de la Police Française pour le même objet, fussent reconnus insuffisants, avis en serait donné immédiatement à l'Ambassadeur ou autre Agent Diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique en France, et l'individu poursuivi, s'il a été arrêté, continuerait à être détenu en attendant que le Gouvernement Britannique ait pu produire de nouveaux éléments de preuve pour constater l'identité ou éclaircir d'autres difficultés d'examen.

ARTICLE VII.

Dans les Etats de Sa Majesté Britannique autres que les Colonies ou possessions étrangères il sera procédé ainsi qu'il suit:—

(A) S'il s'agit d'une personne accusée:—La demande sera adressée au Premier Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique pour les Affaires Etrangères, par l'Ambassadeur ou autre Agent Diplomatique du Président de la République Française. A cette demande seront joints un mandat d'arrêt ou autre document judiciaire équivalent, délivré par un Juge ou Magistrat dûment autorisé à prendre connaissance des actes imputés à l'inculpé en France, ainsi que les dépositions authentiques ou les déclarations faites sous serment devant ce Juge ou Magistrat, énonçant clairement les dits actes et contenant, outre le signalement de la personne réclamée, toutes les particularités qui pourraient servir à établir son identité. Le dit Secrétaire d'Etat transmettra ces documents au Premier Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique pour le Département des Affaires Intérieures, qui, par un ordre de sa main et muni de son sceau, signifiera à un Magistrat de Police de Londres que la demande d'extradition a été faite, et le requerra, s'il y a lieu, de délivrer un mandat pour l'arrestation du fugitif.

A la réception de cet ordre et sur la production de telle preuve qui, dans son opinion, justifierait l'émission du mandat, si le fait avait été commis dans le Royaume Uni, le Magistrat délivrera le mandat requis.

Lorsque le fugitif aura été arrêté, on l'amènera devant le Magistrat de Police de qui sera émané le mandat, ou devant un autre Magistrat de Police de Londres. Si la preuve produite est de nature à justifier, selon la loi Anglaise, la mise en jugement du prisonnier dans le cas ou le fait dont il est accusé aurait été commis en Angleterre, le Magistrat de Police l'enverra en prison pour attendre le mandat du Secrétaire d'Etat nécessaire à l'extradition, et il adressera immédiatement à ce

State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of President of the French Republic.

(B) In the case of a person convicted—The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Ambassador or other Diplomatic Agent in support of his requisition shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

(C) Persons convicted by judgment in default or *arrêt de contumace*, shall be in the matter of extradition considered as persons accused, and, as such, be surrendered.

(D) After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*; if he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him, without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

ARTICLE VIII.

Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the facts of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken, provided such warrants, depositions, statements, copies, certificates, and judicial documents are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice or some other Minister of State.

ARTICLE IX.

A fugitive criminal may be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the person issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant, if the crime had been committed or the prisoner convicted in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which the Magistrate exercises jurisdiction: provided, however, that in the United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London. He shall be discharged,

dernier une attestation de l'emprisonnement avec un rapport sur l'affaire.

Après l'expiration d'un certain temps qui ne pourra jamais être moindre de quinze jours depuis l'emprisonnement de l'accusé, le Secrétaire d'Etat, par un ordre de sa main et muni de son sceau, ordonnera que le fugitif soit livré à telle personne qui sera dûment autorisée, à le recevoir au nom du Président de la République Française.

(B) S'il s'agit d'une personne condamnée :— La marche de la procédure sera la même que dans le cas d'une personne accusée, sauf que le mandat à transmettre par l'Ambassadeur ou autre Agent Diplomatique Français à l'appui de la demande d'extradition, énoncera clairement le fait pour lequel la personne réclamée aura été condamnée et mentionnera la lieu et la date du jugement. La preuve à produire devant le Magistrat de police sera telle que, d'après la loi Anglaise, elle établirait que le prisonnier a été condamné pour l'infraction dont on l'accuse.

(C) Les condamnés par jugement par défaut ou arrêt de contumace sont, au point de vue de la demande d'extradition, réputés accusés, et livrés comme tels.

(D) Après que le Magistrat de police aura envoyé en prison la personne accusée ou condamnée pour attendre l'ordre d'extradition du Secrétaire d'Etat, cette personne aura le droit de réclamer une ordonnance d'*habeas corpus*; l'extradition devra alors être différée jusqu'après la décision de la Cour sur le renvoi de l'ordonnance, et elle ne pourra avoir lieu que si la décision est contraire au demandeur. Dans ce dernier cas, la Cour pourra immédiatement ordonner la remise de celui-ci à la personne autorisée à le recevoir, sans qu'il soit besoin d'attendre l'ordre d'extradition du Secrétaire d'Etat ou bien l'envoyer en prison pour attendre cet ordre.

ARTICLE VIII.

Les mandats, les dépositions, les déclarations sous serment, délivrés ou recueillis dans les Etats de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes, les copies de ces pièces, ainsi que les certificats ou les documents judiciaires établissant le fait de la condamnation, seront reçus comme preuves dans la procédure des Etats de l'autre partie, s'ils sont revêtus de la signature ou accompagnés de l'attestation d'un juge, d'un magistrat ou d'un fonctionnaire du pays où ils ont été délivrés ou recueillis, pourvu que ces mandats, dépositions, déclarations, copies, certificats et documents judiciaires soient rendus authentiques par le serment d'un témoin ou par le sceau officiel du Ministre de la Justice ou d'un autre Ministre d'Etat.

ARTICLE IX.

Le fugitif pourra être arrêté sur mandat délivré par tout Magistrat de police, juge de paix ou autre autorité compétente dans chaque pays, à la suite d'un avis, d'une plainte, d'une preuve ou de tout autre acte de procédure qui, dans l'opinion de celui qui aura délivré le mandat, justifierait ce mandat, si le crime avait été commis ou la personne condamnée dans la partie des Etats des deux Contractants, où ce Magistrat exerce sa juridiction; pourvu cependant, s'il s'agit du Royaume Uni, que l'accusé soit, dans un pareil cas, envoyé aussi promptement que possible devant un Magistrat de police de Londres. Il sera relâché, tant dans le Royaume Uni qu'en France, si, dans les quatorze

as well in the United Kingdom as in France, if within fourteen days a requisition shall not have been made for his surrender by the Diplomatic Agent of his country in the manner directed by Articles II and IV of this Treaty.

The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes specified in this Treaty committed on the high seas on board any vessel of either country which may come into a port of the other.

ARTICLE X.

If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal, or within two months after the decision of the Court upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom, he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

ARTICLE XI.

The claim for extradition shall not be complied with if the individual claimed has been already tried for the same offence in the country whence the extradition is demanded, or if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation or the conviction, exemption from prosecution, or punishment, has been acquired by lapse of time according to the laws of that country.

ARTICLE XII.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers, on account of other crimes committed upon their respective territories, his surrender shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date; unless any other arrangement should be made between the Governments which have claimed him, either on account of the gravity of the crimes committed, or for any other reasons.

ARTICLE XIII.

If the individual claimed should be under prosecution, or condemned for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case he should be proceeded against, or detained in such country on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his surrender shall nevertheless take place.

ARTICLE XIV.

Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest shall, if the competent authority so decide, be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the surrender shall be made. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to every thing that may serve as a proof of the crime, and shall take place even when the surrender, after having been ordered, shall be prevented from taking place by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

The rights of third parties with regard to the said property or articles are nevertheless reserved.

jours, une demande d'extradition n'a pas été faite par l'Agent Diplomatique de son pays, suivant le mode indiqué par les Articles II et IV de ce Traité.

La même règle s'appliquera aux cas de personnes accusées ou condamnées du chef de l'un des faits spécifiés dans ce Traité et commis en pleine mer, à bord d'un navire de l'un des deux pays et qui viendrait dans un port de l'autre.

ARTICLE X.

Si le fugitif qui a été arrêté n'a pas été livré et emmené dans les deux mois après son arrestation, ou dans les deux mois après la décision de la Cour sur le renvoi d'une ordonnance d'*habeas corpus* dans le Royaume Uni, il sera mis en liberté, à moins qu'il n'y ait d'autre motif de le retenir en prison.

ARTICLE XI.

Il ne sera pas donné suite à la demande d'extradition, si l'individu réclamé a été jugé pour le même fait dans le pays requis, ou si, depuis les faits imputés, les poursuites ou la condamnation, la prescription de l'action ou de la peine est acquise d'après les lois de ce même pays.

ARTICLE XII.

Si l'individu réclamé par l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes, en exécution du présent Traité, est aussi réclamé par une ou plusieurs autres Puissances, du chef d'autres infractions commises sur leurs territoires respectifs, son extradition sera accordée à l'Etat dont la demande est la plus ancienne en date; à moins qu'il n'existe entre les Gouvernements qui l'ont réclamé, un arrangement qui déciderait de la préférence, soit à raison de la gravité des crimes commis, soit pour tout autre motif.

ARTICLE XIII.

Si l'individu réclamé est poursuivi ou condamné pour un crime ou un délit commis dans le pays où il s'est réfugié, son extradition pourra être différée jusqu'à ce qu'il ait été mis en liberté conformément à la loi.

Dans le cas où il serait poursuivi ou détenu dans le même pays, à raison d'obligations par lui contractées envers des particuliers, son extradition n'en aura pas moins lieu.

ARTICLE XIV.

Tout objet trouvé en la possession de l'individu réclamé au moment de son arrestation sera, si l'autorité compétente en a ainsi ordonné, saisi pour être livré avec sa personne lorsque l'extradition aura lieu. Cette remise ne sera pas limitée aux objets acquis par vol ou banqueroute frauduleuse; elle s'étendra à toute chose qui pourrait servir de pièce de conviction et s'effectuera même si l'extradition, après avoir été accordée, ne peut s'accomplir par suite de l'évasion ou de la mort de l'individu réclamé.

Sont toutefois réservées les droits des tiers sur les objets sus-mentionnés.

ARTICLE XV.

Each of the High Contracting Parties shall defray the expenses occasioned by the arrest within its territories, the detention, and the conveyance to its frontier, of the persons whom it may have consented to surrender in pursuance of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XVI.

In the Colonies and foreign Possessions of the two High Contracting Parties the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in a Colony or foreign Possession of either Party shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or Possession by the chief Consular Officer of the other in such Colony or Possession; or, if the fugitive has escaped from a Colony or foreign Possession of the Party on whose behalf the requisition is made, by the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or Possession.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the respective Governors or chief authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender or to refer the matter to their Government.

The foregoing stipulations shall not in any way affect the arrangements established in the East Indian Possessions of the two countries by the IXth Article of the Treaty of the 7th March, 1815.

ARTICLE XVII.

The present Treaty shall be ratified and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Paris as soon as possible.

It shall come into operation ten days after its publication, in conformity with the laws of the respective countries.

Either Party may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Paris, this fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Paris on the eighth day of April last:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the thirty-first day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, the said Acts shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the President of the French Republic.

C. L. PEEL.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

PENSIONS, GRATUITIES, &c.

Simla, the 9th August 1878.

No. 2168.—The Governor-General in Council directs the publication of the following Addendum and Corrigendum to the Codes of the Financial Department:—

CIVIL LEAVE CODE.

SUPPLEMENT F.

Section 12, Rule 2 (page 214).

After "leave" in this rule insert the following:—
"without losing his lien on such appointment."

ARTICLE XV.

Chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes supportera les frais occasionnés par l'arrestation sur son territoire, la détention et le transport à la frontière des personnes qu'elle aura consenti à extraditer, en exécution du présent Traité.

ARTICLE XVI.

Dans les Colonies et autres Possessions étrangères des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, il sera procédé de la manière suivante:—

La demande d'extradition du malfaiteur qui s'est réfugié dans une Colonie ou Possession étrangère de l'une des Parties, sera faite au Gouverneur ou fonctionnaire principal de cette Colonie ou Possession par le principal Agent Consulaire de l'autre dans cette Colonie ou Possession; ou si le fugitif s'est échappé d'une Colonie ou Possession étrangère de la Partie au nom de laquelle l'extradition est demandée, par le Gouverneur ou le fonctionnaire principal de cette Colonie ou Possession.

Ces demandes seront faites ou accueillies, en suivant toujours aussi exactement que possible les stipulations de ce Traité par les Gouverneurs ou premiers fonctionnaires, qui, cependant, auront la faculté ou d'accorder l'extradition ou d'en référer à leur Gouvernement.

Les stipulations qui précèdent ne modifient en rien les arrangements établis dans les possessions des Indes Orientales des deux Etats par l'Article IX du Traité du 7 Mars, 1815.

ARTICLE XVII.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications seront échangées, à Paris, aussitôt que faire se pourra.

Il entrera en vigueur dix jours après sa publication dans les formes prescrites par la législation des pays respectifs.

Chacune des Parties Contractantes pourra, en tout temps, mettre fin au Traité, en donnant à l'autre, six mois à l'avance, avis de son intention.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé ce même Traité et y ont apposé le sceau de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris, le 14 Août 1876.

(L. S.)

LYONS.

(L. S.)

DECAZES.